nature portfolio

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Reporting Summary

Nature Portfolio wishes to improve the reproducibility of the work that we publish. This form provides structure for consistency and transparency in reporting. For further information on Nature Portfolio policies, see our <u>Editorial Policies</u> and the <u>Editorial Policy Checklist</u>.

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| For | all statistical analyses, confirm that the following items are present in the figure legend, table legend, main text, or Methods section. |
|-------------|--|
| n/a | Confirmed |
| | \square The exact sample size (n) for each experimental group/condition, given as a discrete number and unit of measurement |
| | A statement on whether measurements were taken from distinct samples or whether the same sample was measured repeatedly |
| \boxtimes | The statistical test(s) used AND whether they are one- or two-sided Only common tests should be described solely by name; describe more complex techniques in the Methods section. |
| | A description of all covariates tested |
| | A description of any assumptions or corrections, such as tests of normality and adjustment for multiple comparisons |
| | A full description of the statistical parameters including central tendency (e.g. means) or other basic estimates (e.g. regression coefficient) AND variation (e.g. standard deviation) or associated estimates of uncertainty (e.g. confidence intervals) |
| \boxtimes | For null hypothesis testing, the test statistic (e.g. <i>F</i> , <i>t</i> , <i>r</i>) with confidence intervals, effect sizes, degrees of freedom and <i>P</i> value noted <i>Give P values as exact values whenever suitable.</i> |
| | For Bayesian analysis, information on the choice of priors and Markov chain Monte Carlo settings |
| \boxtimes | For hierarchical and complex designs, identification of the appropriate level for tests and full reporting of outcomes |
| | Estimates of effect sizes (e.g. Cohen's <i>d</i> , Pearson's <i>r</i>), indicating how they were calculated |
| | Our web collection on <u>statistics for biologists</u> contains articles on many of the points above. |
| | |

Software and code

Policy information about availability of computer code

Data collection

No primary data collection was carried out for this analysis. Secondary data was collected through systematic reviews that are described in detail in the manuscript. No software for data collection was used.

Data analysis

All code used for these analyses is publicly available online (https://github.com/ihmeuw-msca/burden-of-proof/).

For manuscripts utilizing custom algorithms or software that are central to the research but not yet described in published literature, software must be made available to editors and reviewers. We strongly encourage code deposition in a community repository (e.g. GitHub). See the Nature Portfolio guidelines for submitting code & software for further information.

Data

Policy information about availability of data

All manuscripts must include a data availability statement. This statement should provide the following information, where applicable:

- Accession codes, unique identifiers, or web links for publicly available datasets
- A description of any restrictions on data availability
- For clinical datasets or third party data, please ensure that the statement adheres to our policy

The findings from this study are supported by data extracted from published literature. We cite all studies included in our analyses in our manuscript. Studies' characteristics are presented in Supplementary Table S3 and data points included in each analysis are available in Supplementary Tables S4-S12. Details on data sources can also be found on the Burden of Proof visualization tool (https://vizhub.healthdata.org/burden-of-proof/).

| Human rese | arch parti | cipants | | | |
|------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Policy information | about <u>studies i</u> | nvolving human research participants and Sex and Gender in Research. | | | |
| Reporting on sex | and gender | N/A | | | |
| Population chara | cteristics | N/A | | | |
| Recruitment | | N/A | | | |
| Ethics oversight | | N/A | | | |
| Note that full informa | ation on the appr | oval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript. | | | |
| Field and | oific ro | norting | | | |
| Field-spe | | . 9 | | | |
| Life sciences | | s the best fit for your research. If you are not sure, read the appropriate sections before making your selection. ehavioural & social sciences Ecological, evolutionary & environmental sciences | | | |
| _ | | all sections, see nature.com/documents/nr-reporting-summary-flat.pdf | | | |
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| Life scier | nces stu | udy design | | | |
| All studies must dis | close on these | points even when the disclosure is negative. | | | |
| Sample size | screening, and | studies included was determined through a systematic literature review that included title/abstract screening, full-text citation searching to identify relevant articles and extract data points used as input to models No statistical method was used e sample size. We included all 410 studies across our nine meta-analyses that met our inclusion criteria. | | | |
| Data exclusions | 1970, cross-sec convenience sa measured in a c | In Supplementary Information Section 1.2, studies were excluded based on the following exclusion criteria: publication date < rectional, ecological, case series or case studies, studies conducted in highly specific populations or subgroups identified only by ampling, studies that report solely on exposure to SHS in public places, studies where the exposure to secondhand smoke is continuous manner (e.g., in number of cigarettes or number of days), and studies missing essential data, that is, those that do ect sizes and uncertainty information (confidence intervals, sample sizes) or the data needed to impute an effect size with formation. | | | |
| Replication | | s is a meta-analysis of existing studies with many years of cohort and other data. The code and data used are publicly available, and the alyses can therefore be replicated. | | | |
| Randomization | This analysis is | alysis is a meta-analysis of existing studies and thus, there were no experimental groups. | | | |
| Blinding | Blinding was no | linding was not relevant to this study, as it was a meta-analysis using existing data. | | | |
| We require information | on from authors ted is relevant to perimental s | pecific materials, systems and methods about some types of materials, experimental systems and methods used in many studies. Here, indicate whether each material, your study. If you are not sure if a list item applies to your research, read the appropriate section before selecting a response. Methods | | | |
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| | Palaeontology and archaeology MRI-based neuroimaging Animals and other organisms | | | | |
| Clinical data | | | | | |
| Dual use re | esearch of concer | n | | | |