

## **Supplementary Information**

### **Developmental self-reactivity determines pathogenic Tc17 differentiation potential of naive CD8<sup>+</sup> T cells under inflammatory conditions**

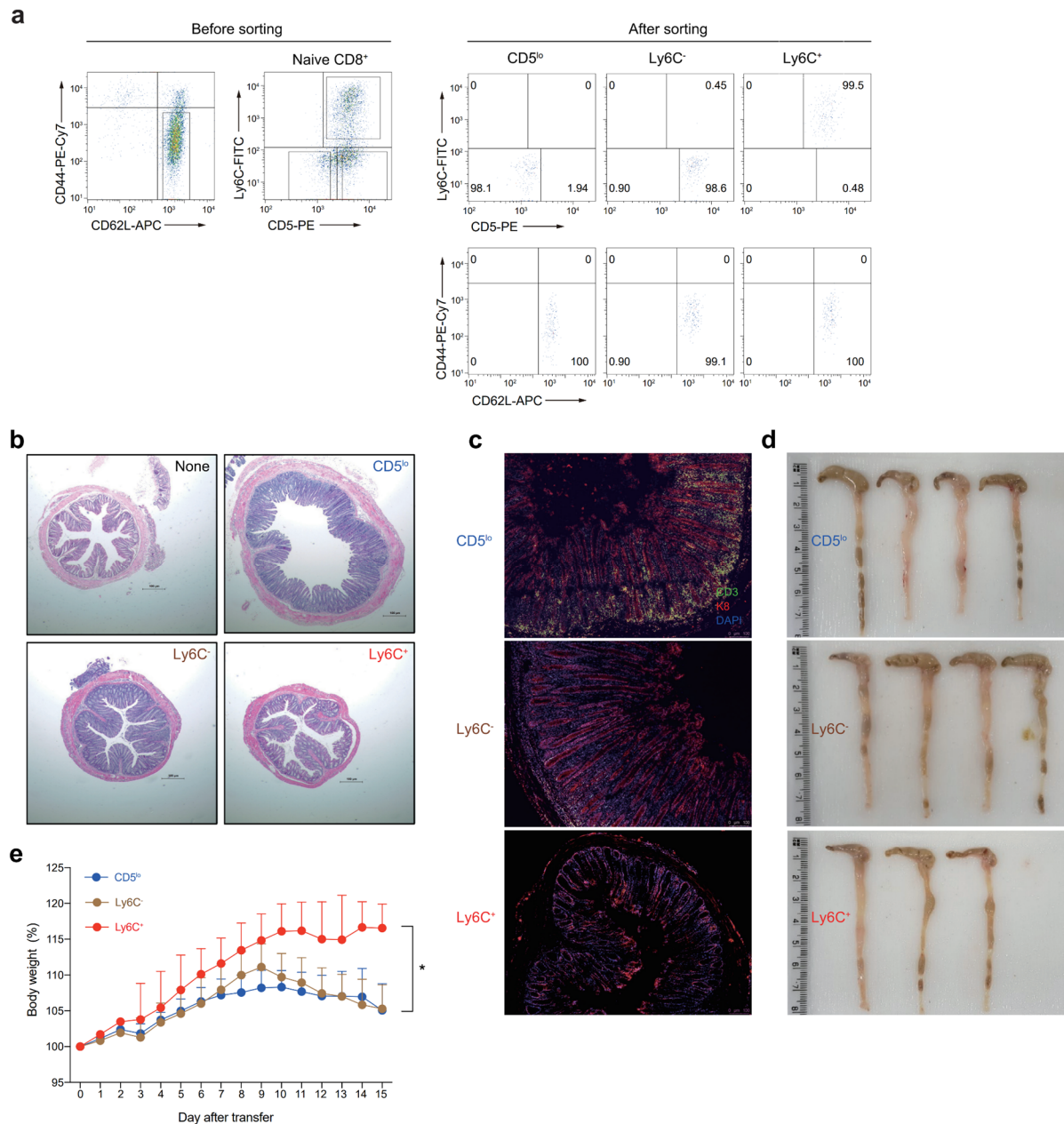
Gil-Woo Lee, Young Ju Kim, Sung-Woo Lee, Hee-Ok Kim, Daeun Kim, Jiyoung Kim, You-Me Kim, Keunsoo Kang, Joon Haeng Rhee, Ik Joo Chung, Woo Kyun Bae, In-Jae Oh, Deok Hwan Yang, and Jae-Ho Cho

#### **Supplementary information includes:**

Supplementary Figures 1–7

Supplementary Figure legends 1–7

Supplementary Tables 1 and 2

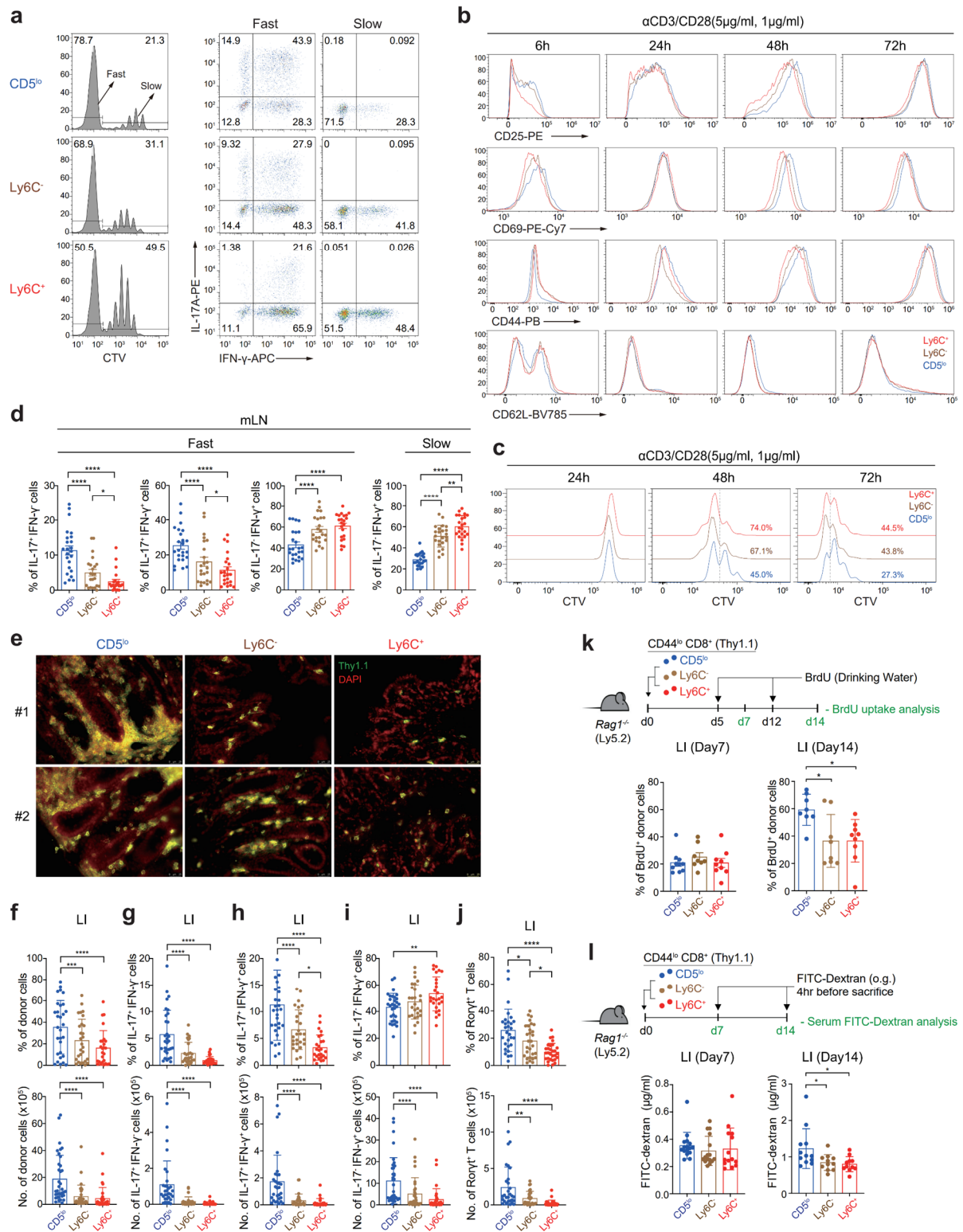


## Supplementary Fig. 1

### Pathologic symptoms induced by different CD8<sup>+</sup> T<sub>N</sub> subsets in *Rag1*<sup>-/-</sup> mice.

**a**, Sorting purity of naive CD8<sup>+</sup> T cells subsets. **b**, Representative H & E staining images (magnification, 40×). **c**, Representative immunofluorescence images (magnification, 200×). **d**, Representative photo images for day 14 LI. **e**, Body weight changes of *Rag1*<sup>-/-</sup> recipients after adoptive transfer with CD8<sup>+</sup> T<sub>N</sub> subsets (n=6). Data is representative of three independent

experiments and presented as the mean  $\pm$  SD (**d**). Statistical significance by Mann-Whitney test. \*,  $P < 0.05$ ; \*\*,  $P < 0.01$ ; \*\*\*,  $P < 0.001$ ; \*\*\*\*,  $P < 0.0001$ . Source data and exact  $P$  value are provided as a Source Data file.

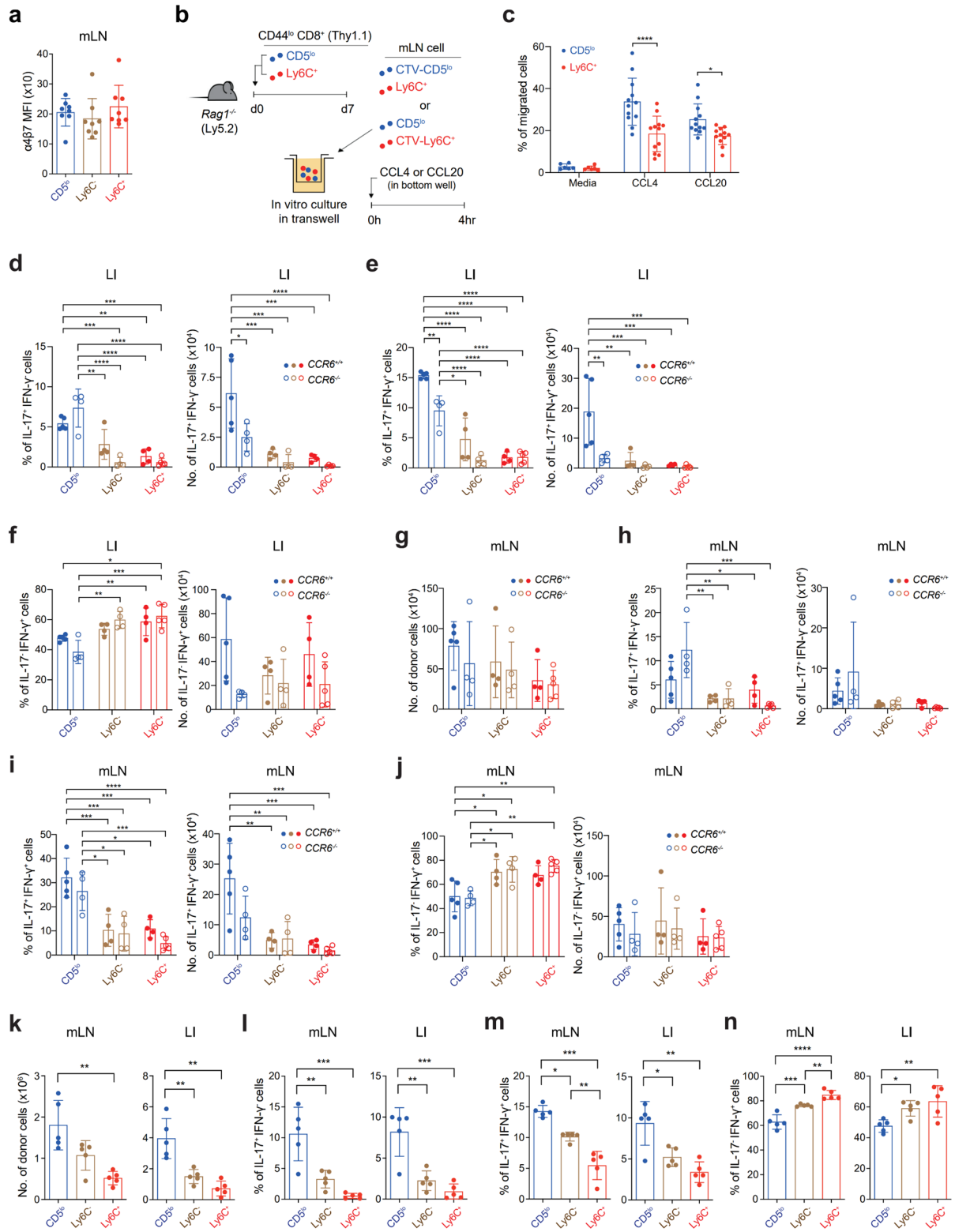


Supplementary Fig. 2

Proliferation, colonic infiltration, and IL-17/IFN- $\gamma$  production of adoptively transferred CD8<sup>+</sup> T<sub>N</sub> subsets in *Rag1*<sup>-/-</sup> mice.



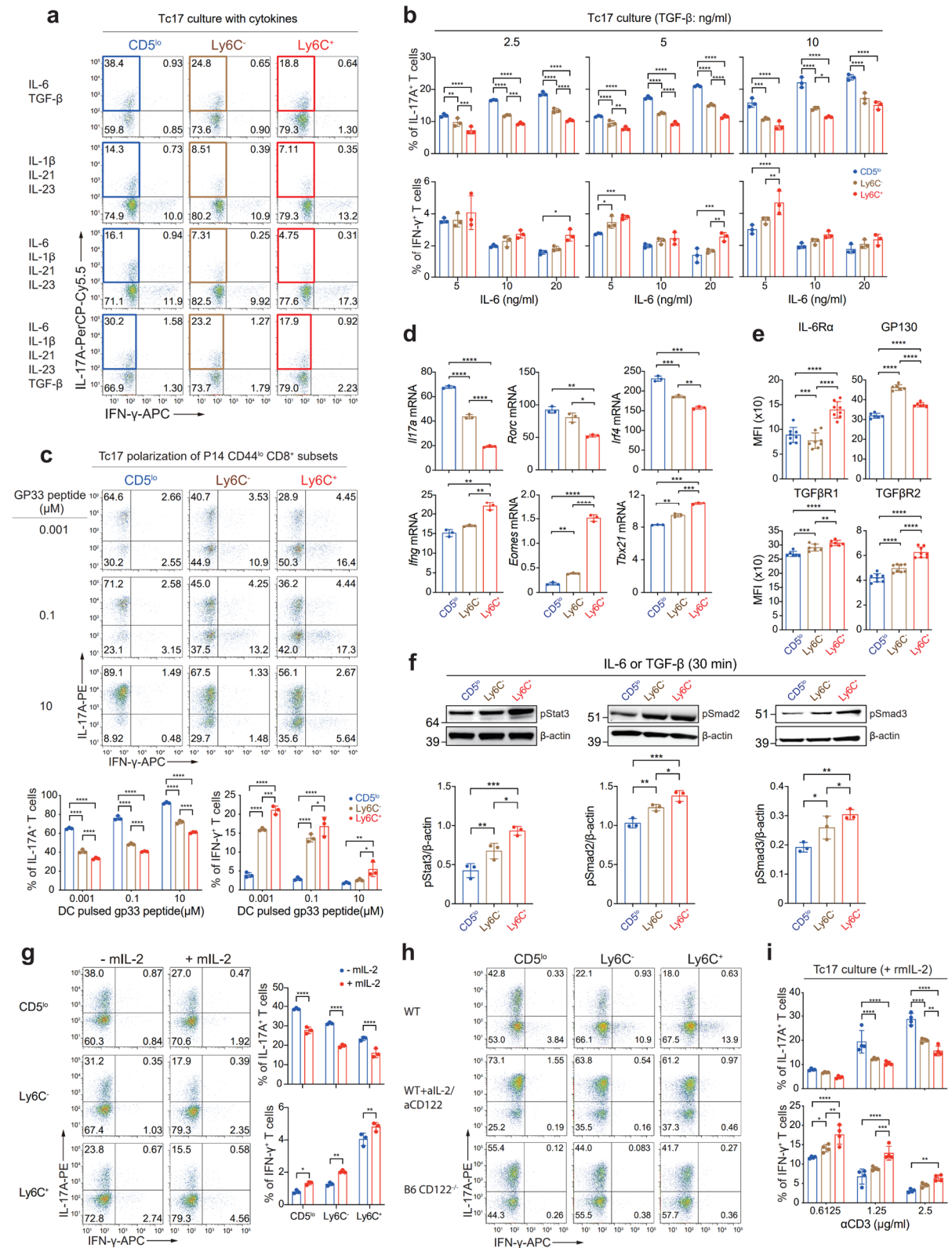
**a**, CTV-labeled CD5<sup>lo</sup>, Ly6C<sup>-</sup>, and Ly6C<sup>+</sup> CD8<sup>+</sup> T<sub>N</sub> subsets were adoptively transferred into *Rag1*<sup>-/-</sup> recipients and the proliferation of donor cells were analyzed at day 7 by measuring CTV dilution. Representative histograms (left) and FACS plots (right) show CTV dilution and IL-17A/IFN- $\gamma$  production, respectively, for fast and slow proliferative donor cells. **b**, CD5<sup>lo</sup>, Ly6C<sup>-</sup>, and Ly6C<sup>+</sup> CD8<sup>+</sup> T<sub>N</sub> subsets were stimulated with plate-bound anti-CD3 and anti-CD28, and analyzed for expression patterns of various activation markers (CD25, CD69, CD44, and CD62L) at different time points. **c**, T<sub>N</sub> subsets were labeled with CTV and then cultured on plates coated with anti-CD3 and anti-CD28. Cell proliferation was analyzed by flow cytometry at 24, 48, and 72 h after TCR stimulation. **d**, Percentage of IL-17A<sup>+</sup>IFN- $\gamma$ <sup>-</sup>, IL-17A<sup>+</sup>IFN- $\gamma$ <sup>+</sup>, and IL-17A<sup>-</sup>IFN- $\gamma$ <sup>+</sup> cells for fast (left) and slow (right) proliferative donor subsets in day 7 mLN (CD5<sup>lo</sup> n=24, Ly6C<sup>-</sup> n=23 and Ly6C<sup>+</sup> n=22). **e–j**, Immunofluorescence images for Thy1.1<sup>+</sup> donor cells (**e**; scale bar, 25  $\mu$ m), the percentage and number of total donor (**f**, CD5<sup>lo</sup> n=30, Ly6C<sup>-</sup> n=28 and Ly6C<sup>+</sup> n=26), IL-17A<sup>+</sup>IFN- $\gamma$ <sup>-</sup> (**g**, CD5<sup>lo</sup> n=30, Ly6C<sup>-</sup> n=28 and Ly6C<sup>+</sup> n=26), IL-17A<sup>+</sup>IFN- $\gamma$ <sup>+</sup> (**h**, CD5<sup>lo</sup> n=30, Ly6C<sup>-</sup> n=28 and Ly6C<sup>+</sup> n=26) IL-17A<sup>-</sup>IFN- $\gamma$ <sup>+</sup> (**i**, CD5<sup>lo</sup> n=30, Ly6C<sup>-</sup> n=28 and Ly6C<sup>+</sup> n=26), and Rorgt<sup>+</sup> (**j**, n=29) cells from day 14 LI. **k**. Percentage of BrdU<sup>+</sup> cells in donor cells from LI (left; CD5<sup>lo</sup> n=10, Ly6C<sup>-</sup> n=8 and Ly6C<sup>+</sup> n=9, right; CD5<sup>lo</sup> n=8, Ly6C<sup>-</sup> n=8 and Ly6C<sup>+</sup> n=9). **l**. *In vivo* gut permeability assay from mice receiving individual CD8<sup>+</sup> T<sub>N</sub> subsets (left; CD5<sup>lo</sup> n=16, Ly6C<sup>-</sup> n=16 and Ly6C<sup>+</sup> n=14, right; CD5<sup>lo</sup> n=12, Ly6C<sup>-</sup> n=11 and Ly6C<sup>+</sup> n=11). Data are pooled from three (**d**), two independent (**k,l**), and four (**f–i,j**) independent experiments and presented as the mean  $\pm$  SEM (**d–j**). Statistical significance by two-way ANOVA Multiple comparisons. \*,  $P < 0.05$ ; \*\*,  $P < 0.01$ ; \*\*\*,  $P < 0.001$ ; \*\*\*\*,  $P < 0.0001$ . Source data and exact  $P$  value are provided as a Source Data file.



**Supplementary Fig. 3**

The impact of CCR6 deficiency on IL-17/IFN- $\gamma$  production of adoptively transferred CD8<sup>+</sup> T<sub>N</sub> subsets in Rag1<sup>-/-</sup> mice.

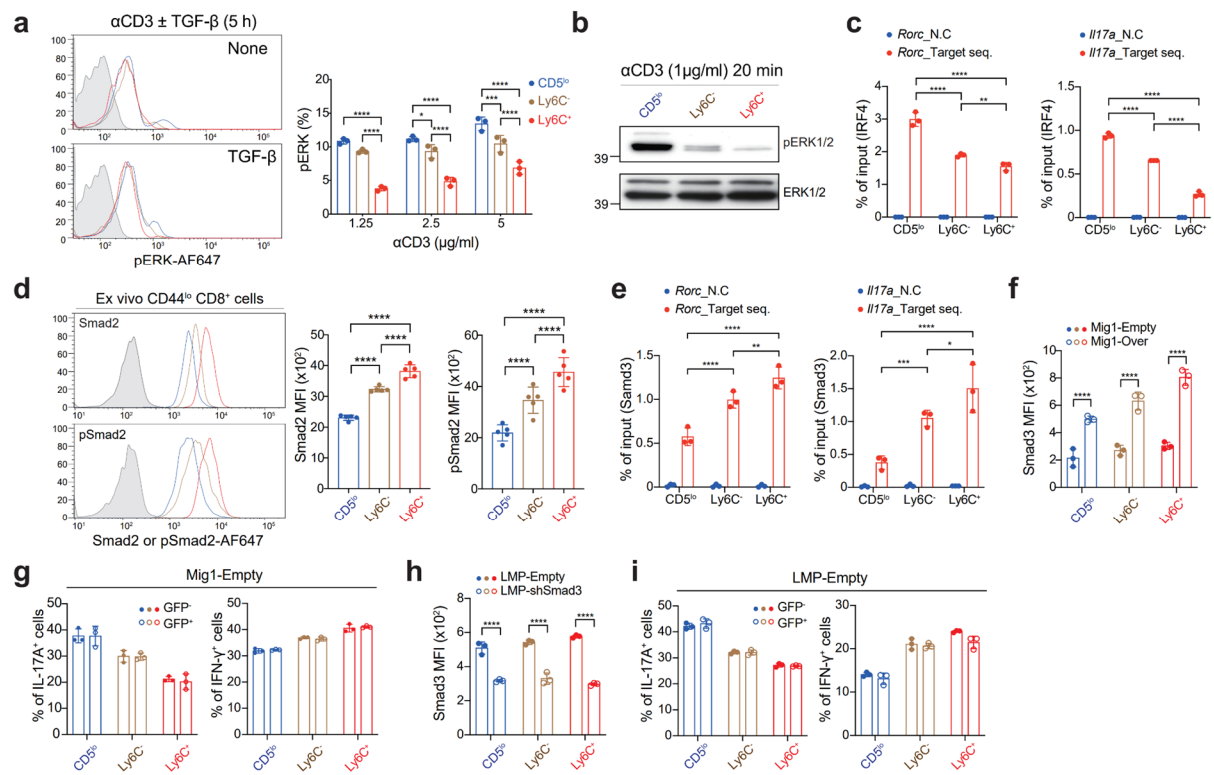
**a**, Expression levels (as the mean fluorescence intensity, MFI) of  $\alpha 4\beta 7$  of transferred donor subsets from day 7 mLN (n=8). **b**, Experimental design for **c**. **c**, Chemotactic migration was analyzed for transferred CD5<sup>lo</sup> and Ly6C<sup>+</sup> cells collected from day 7 mLN of *Rag1*<sup>-/-</sup> recipients (Media; n=6, CCL4 and CCL20; n=12). Data were pooled from two independent experiments (**c**, n=3–6 mice/experiment). **d–j**, Percentage and number of IL-17A<sup>+</sup>IFN- $\gamma$ <sup>-</sup> (**d,h**), IL-17A<sup>+</sup>IFN- $\gamma$ <sup>+</sup> (**e,i**), and IL-17A<sup>-</sup>IFN- $\gamma$ <sup>+</sup> (**f,j**) cells, were analyzed at day 14 after adoptive transfer with either *Ccr6*<sup>+/+</sup> or *Ccr6*<sup>-/-</sup> CD8<sup>+</sup> T<sub>N</sub> subsets. **k–n**, Number of donor cells (**k**) and the percentage of IL-17A<sup>+</sup>IFN- $\gamma$ <sup>-</sup> (**l**), IL-17A<sup>+</sup>IFN- $\gamma$ <sup>+</sup> (**m**), and IL-17A<sup>-</sup>IFN- $\gamma$ <sup>+</sup> (**n**) cells analyzed in mLN and LI at day 21 after transfer with *Ccr6*<sup>-/-</sup> CD8<sup>+</sup> T<sub>N</sub> subsets (**d–j**, n=4–5; **k–n**, n=5). Data are representative of two independent experiments and presented as the mean  $\pm$  SD (**a–l**). Statistical significance by two-way ANOVA Multiple comparisons. \*,  $P < 0.05$ ; \*\*,  $P < 0.01$ ; \*\*\*,  $P < 0.001$ ; \*\*\*\*,  $P < 0.0001$ . Source data and exact  $P$  value are provided as a Source Data file.



**Supplementary Fig. 4**

**Differential Tc17-skewing potential of CD8<sup>+</sup> T<sub>N</sub> subsets under various Tc17-polarizing conditions *in vitro*.**

**a**, Representative FACS plots for IL-17A/IFN- $\gamma$  production after *in vitro* culture with B6 CD8<sup>+</sup> T<sub>N</sub> subsets under various Tc17-polarizing conditions. **b**, Percentage of IL-17A<sup>+</sup> and IFN- $\gamma$ <sup>+</sup> cells after Tc17-polarizing culture with B6 CD8<sup>+</sup> T<sub>N</sub> subsets in the presence of various concentrations of IL-6 and TGF- $\beta$  (n=3 per experiment). **c**, Representative FACS plots for IL-17A/IFN- $\gamma$  production from P14 CD8<sup>+</sup> T<sub>N</sub> subsets stimulated with GP33 peptide-pulsed dendritic cells under Tc17-polarizing condition. **d**, qRT-PCR data for *Il17a*, *Rorc*, *Irf4*, *Ifng*, *Eomes*, and *Tbx21* after Tc17-polarizing culture with B6 CD8<sup>+</sup> T<sub>N</sub> subsets (n=3 per experiment). **e**, Expression levels of IL-6R $\alpha$ , GP130, TGF $\beta$ RI, and TGF $\beta$ RII on B6 CD8<sup>+</sup> T<sub>N</sub> subsets (n=6–8 mice/group). **f**, Levels of p-STAT3, p-SMAD2, and p-SMAD3 (shown in representative blot images, top, and intensity relative to  $\beta$ -actin, bottom) (n=3 per experiment). **g**, Representative FACS plots for IL-17A/IFN- $\gamma$  production (left) and the percentage of IL-17A<sup>+</sup> and IFN- $\gamma$ <sup>+</sup> cells (right) after Tc17-polarizing culture with B6 CD8<sup>+</sup> T<sub>N</sub> subsets in the presence or absence of rmIL-2 (n=3 per experiment). **h**, Representative FACS plots for IL-17A/IFN- $\gamma$  production after Tc17-polarizing culture with B6 CD8<sup>+</sup> T<sub>N</sub> subsets in the presence (middle) or absence of anti-IL-2/CD122 (top) or with *Cd122*<sup>-/-</sup> CD8<sup>+</sup> T<sub>N</sub> subsets (bottom). **i**, Percentage of IL-17A<sup>+</sup> and IFN- $\gamma$ <sup>+</sup> cells after Tc17-polarizing culture of B6 CD8<sup>+</sup> T<sub>N</sub> subsets with various concentrations of anti-CD3 and rmIL-2 (n=3 per experiment). Data is representative of two (**a–d,e**) to three independent experiments (**f,g,i**) and presented as the mean  $\pm$  SD (**b–g,i**). Statistical significance by two-way ANOVA Multiple comparisons. \*,  $P < 0.05$ ; \*\*,  $P < 0.01$ ; \*\*\*,  $P < 0.001$ ; \*\*\*\*,  $P < 0.0001$ . Source data and exact  $P$  value are provided as a Source Data file.



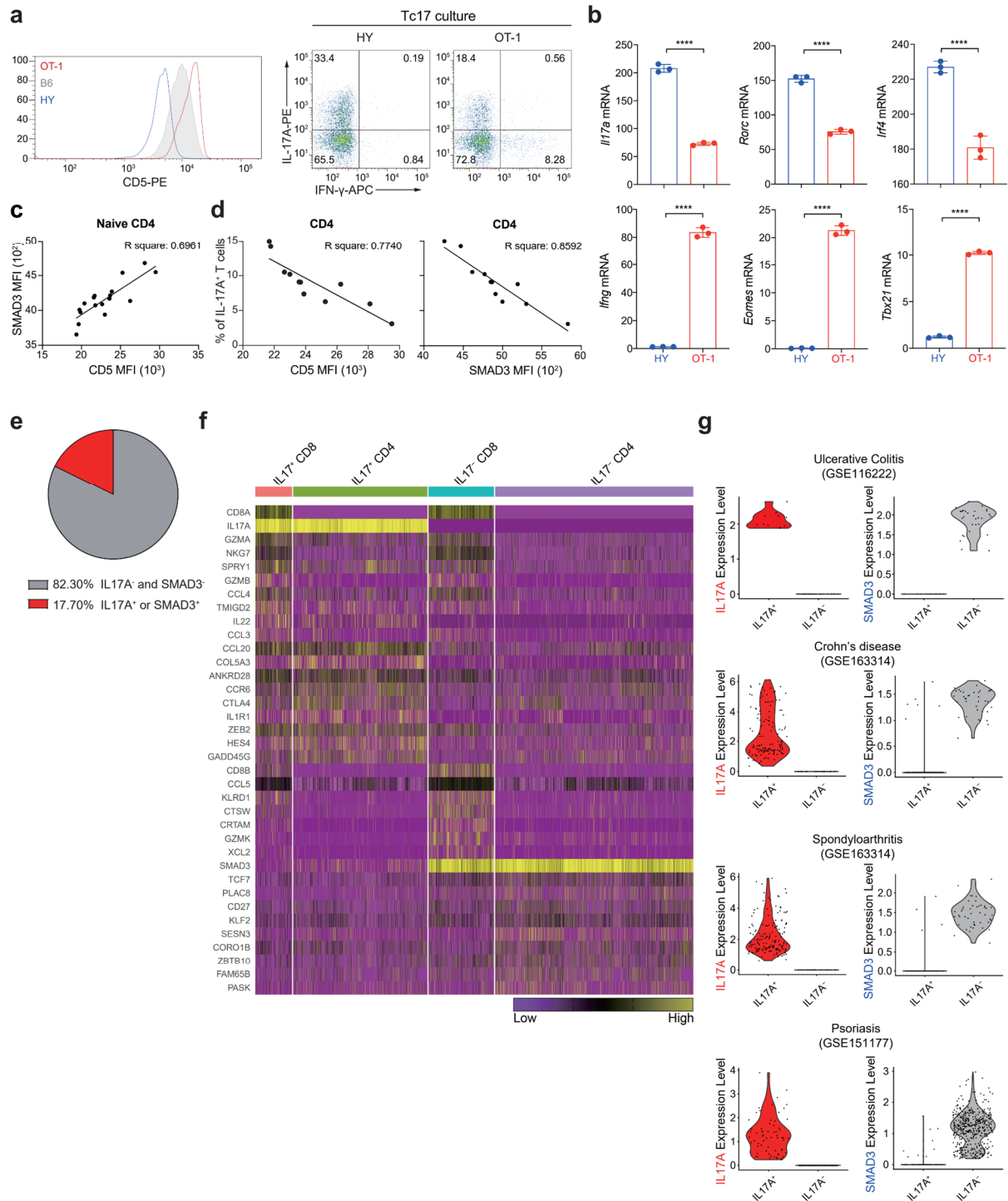
**Supplementary Fig. 5**

### Differential levels of TCR-induced ERK activation and endogenous SMAD2 expression in CD8<sup>+</sup> T<sub>N</sub> subsets.

**a**, Histograms (left) and percentages (right) for p-ERK expression among CD8<sup>+</sup> T<sub>N</sub> subsets stimulated with either anti-CD3 in the presence or absence of TGF- $\beta$  (left) or with various concentrations of anti-CD3 (right) (n=3 per experiment). **b**, Representative blot images of p-ERK after 20 min stimulation with anti-CD3. **c**, B6 CD8<sup>+</sup> T<sub>N</sub> subsets were activated under Tc17-polarizing conditions for 72 h and subjected to ChIP using IRF4 antibody. Eluted DNA was analyzed by qPCR (n=3 per experiment). **d**, Endogenous levels of SMAD2 and p-SMAD2 in *ex vivo* B6 CD8<sup>+</sup> T<sub>N</sub> subsets shown in histogram (left) and MFI (right) (n=5 mice/group). **e**, B6 CD8<sup>+</sup> T<sub>N</sub> subsets were activated under Tc17-polarizing conditions for 72 h and subjected to ChIP using SMAD3 antibody. Eluted DNA was analyzed by qPCR (n=3 per experiment). **f**, Expression levels of SMAD3 from Tc17-polarized CD8<sup>+</sup> T<sub>N</sub> subsets transduced with either MigR-1 control (empty) or MigR-1 encoding *SMAD3* (over) (n=3 per experiment). **g**,

Percentage of IL-17A<sup>+</sup> and IFN- $\gamma$ <sup>+</sup> cells in GFP<sup>-</sup> and GFP<sup>+</sup> cells transduced with MigR-1 empty vector control (n=3 per experiment). **h**, Expression levels of SMAD3 for Tc17-polarized CD8<sup>+</sup> T<sub>N</sub> subsets transduced with LMP empty vector control or LMP vector containing *SMAD3* shRNA. **I** (n=3 per experiment), Percentage of IL-17A<sup>+</sup> and IFN- $\gamma$ <sup>+</sup> cells in GFP<sup>-</sup> or GFP<sup>+</sup> cells transduced with LMP empty vector control. Data are representative of two (**b**) to three independent experiments (**a**, **c-i**) and presented as the mean  $\pm$  SD (**a,c-i**). Statistical significance by two-way ANOVA Multiple comparisons. \*,  $P < 0.05$ ; \*\*,  $P < 0.01$ ; \*\*\*,  $P < 0.001$ ; \*\*\*\*,  $P < 0.0001$ . Source data and exact  $P$  value are provided as a Source Data file.





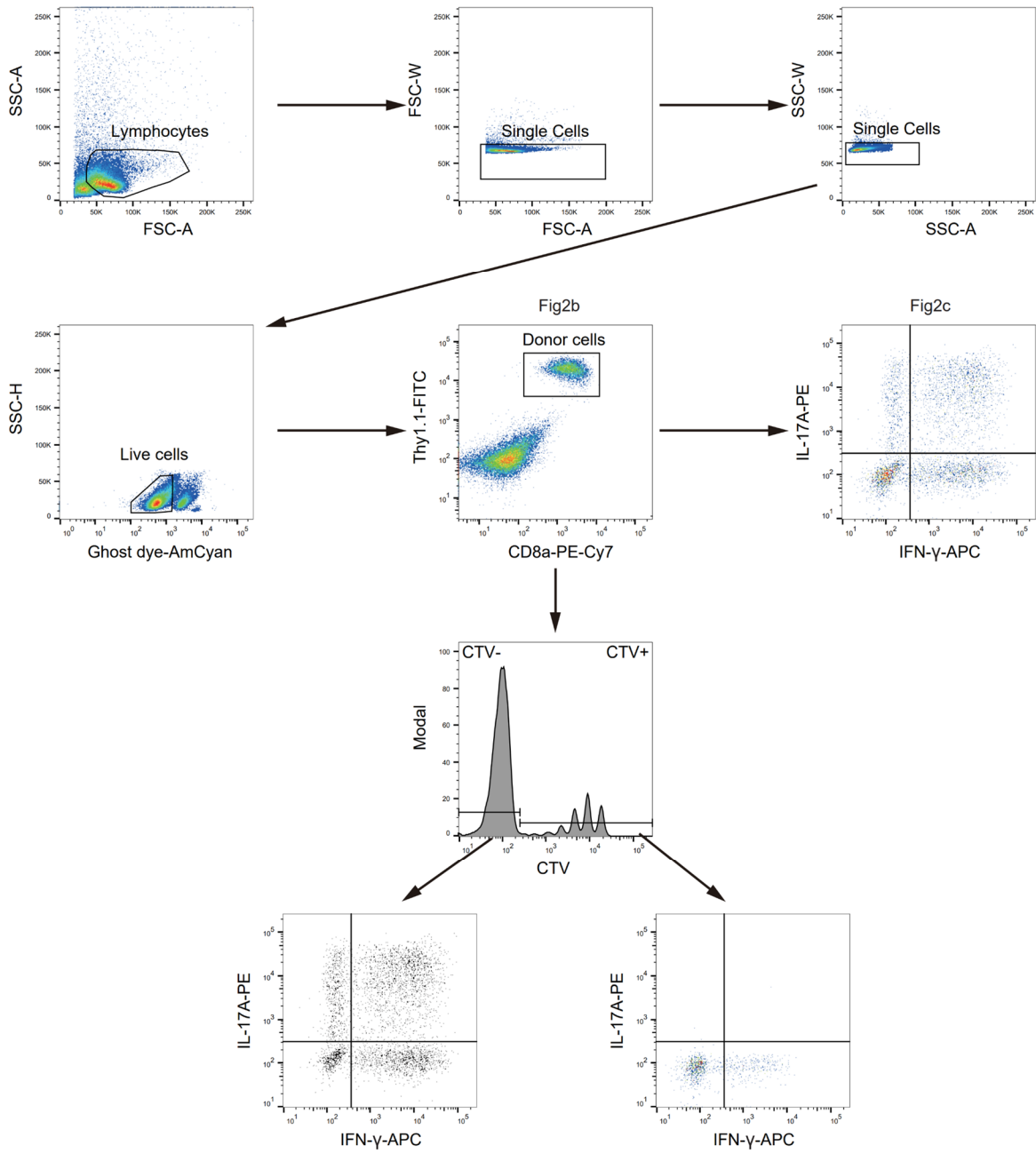
**Supplementary Fig. 6**

**Inverse relationship between CD5 and SMAD3 expression and Tc17 differentiation potential in mice and humans.**

**a**, Expression levels of CD5 shown in histogram for HY and OT-1 *ex vivo* (left), and representative FACS plots for IL-17A/IFN- $\gamma$  production (right) after Tc17-polarizing culture.

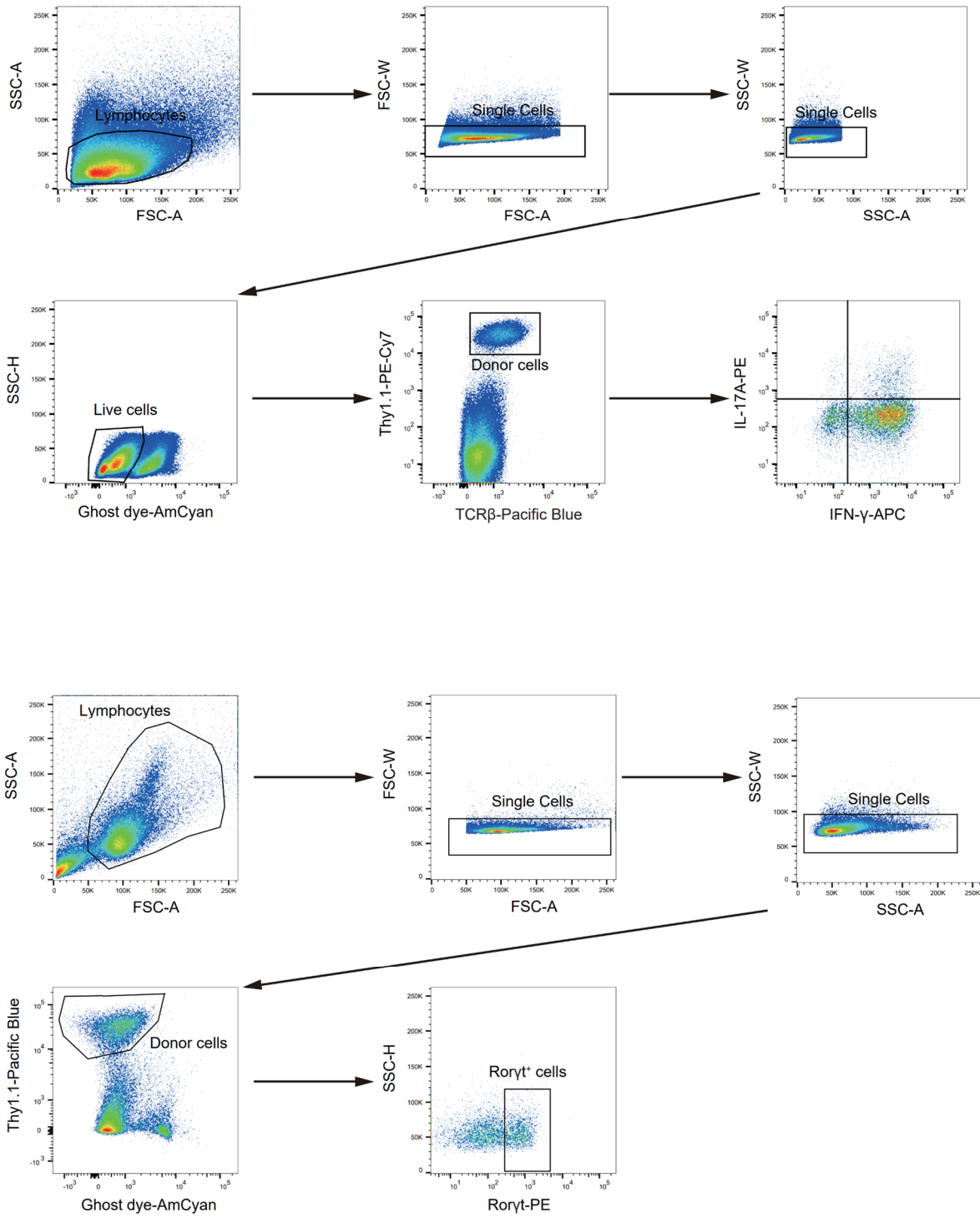
**b**, qRT-PCR data for *Il17a*, *Rorc*, *Irf4*, *Ifng*, *Eomes*, and *Tbx21* analyzed for Tc17-polarized HY and OT-1 CD8<sup>+</sup> T<sub>N</sub> cells (n=3 per experiment). **c**, Relationship between CD5 and SMAD3 levels *ex vivo* in CD4<sup>+</sup> T<sub>N</sub> populations from healthy human bloods (n=17). **d**, Relationship between CD5 (left) or SMAD3 (right) levels *ex vivo* and the percentages of IL-17A<sup>+</sup> cells after Tc17-polarizing cultures with human CD4<sup>+</sup> T<sub>N</sub> populations (n=11). **e,f**, *IL17A* and *SMAD3* expression profiles in CD3<sup>+</sup> cells (**e**) and heatmap of differentially expressed genes of *IL17<sup>+</sup>CD8<sup>+</sup>*, *IL17<sup>+</sup>CD4<sup>+</sup>*, *IL-17<sup>-</sup>CD8<sup>+</sup>*, and *IL17<sup>-</sup>CD4<sup>+</sup>* T cells (**f**) in public scRNA-seq dataset performed with inflamed tissues from UC patients (GSE162335). **g**, *IL17A* and *SMAD3* expression of CD3<sup>+</sup> cells that are either *IL17A<sup>+</sup>* or *SMAD3<sup>+</sup>* in public scRNA-seq datasets performed with tissues from patients with Ulcerative Colitis (GSE116222), Crohn's disease (GSE163314), Spondyloarthritis (GSE163314), and Psoriasis (GSE151177), respectively. Data are representative of (**a,b**) or pooled (**c,d**) from two independent experiments and presented as the mean ± SEM (**b–d**). Statistical significance by simple linear regression two-way ANOVA Multiple comparisons. \*, *P* < 0.05; \*\*, *P* < 0.01; \*\*\*, *P* < 0.001; \*\*\*\*, *P* < 0.0001. Source data and exact *P* value are provided as a Source Data file.

**a**

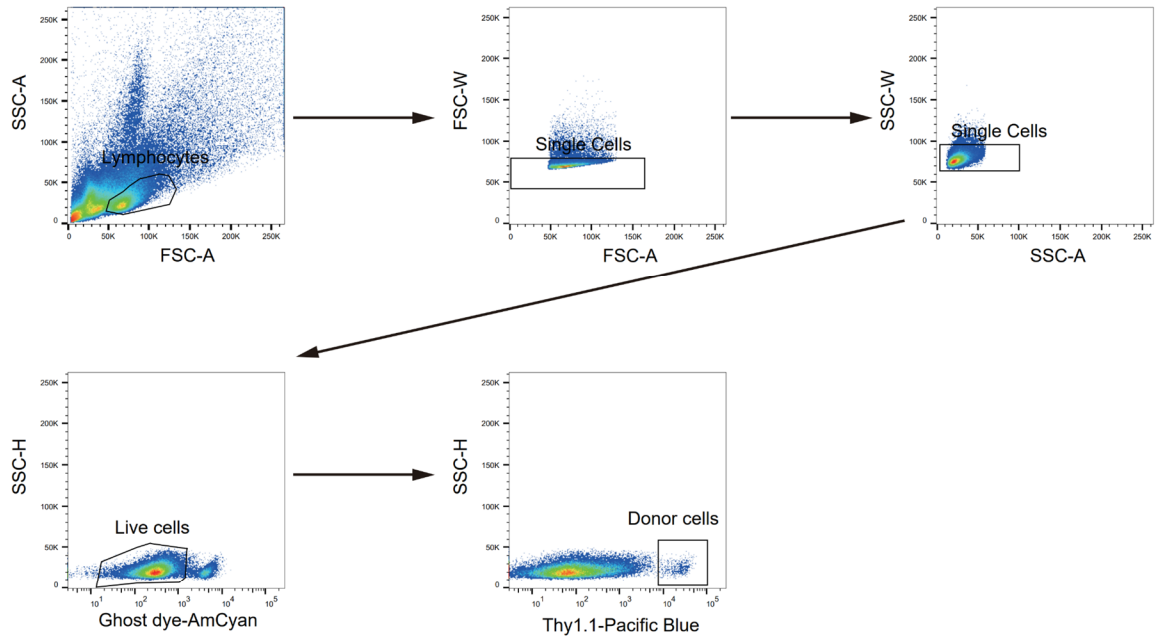
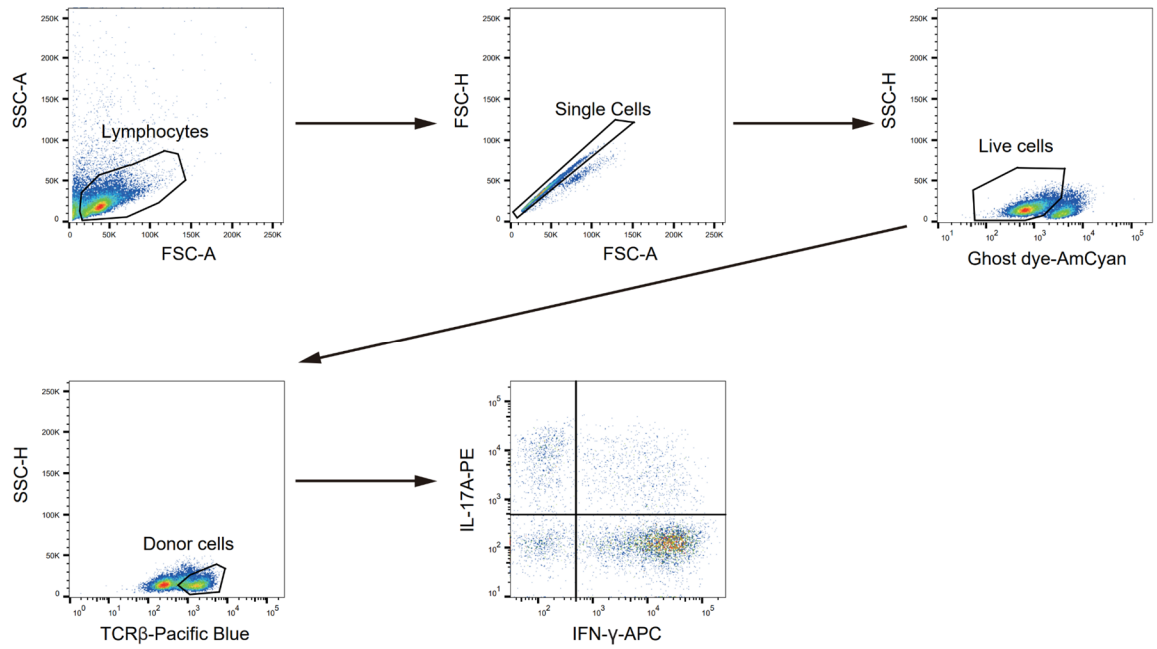


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**b**

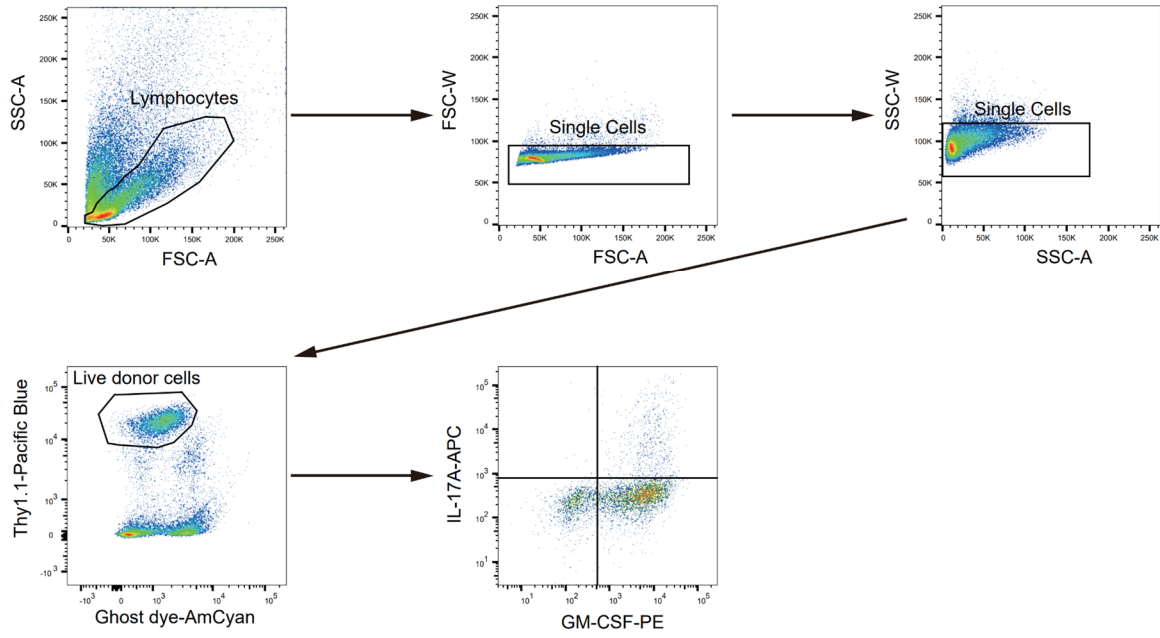


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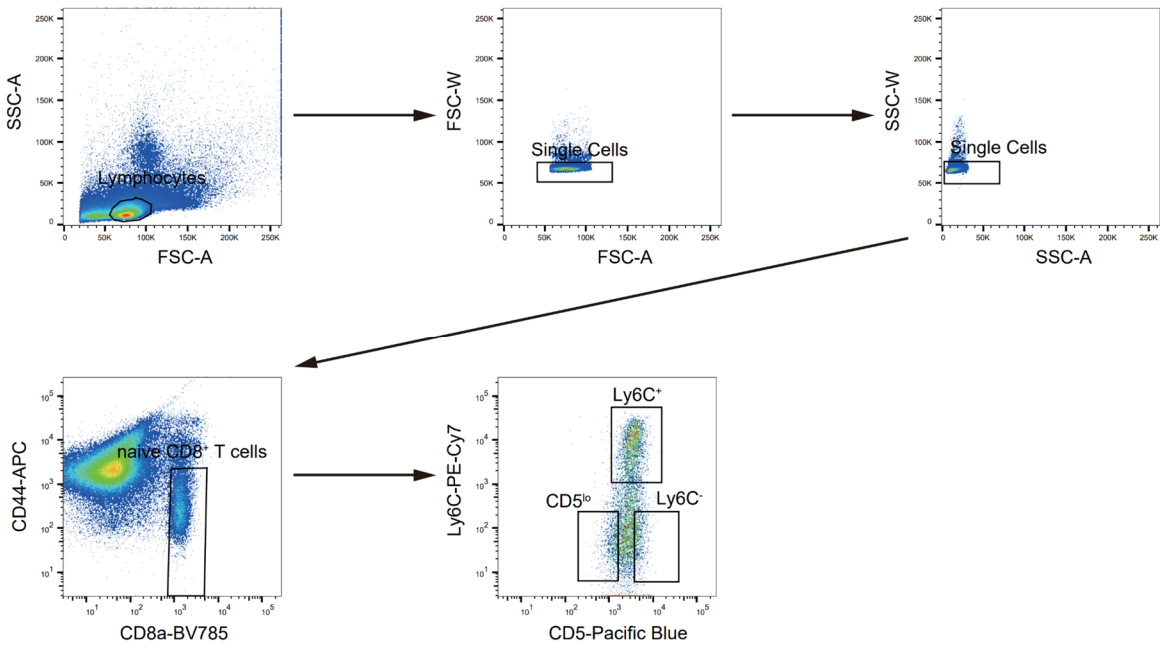
**c****d**

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**e**

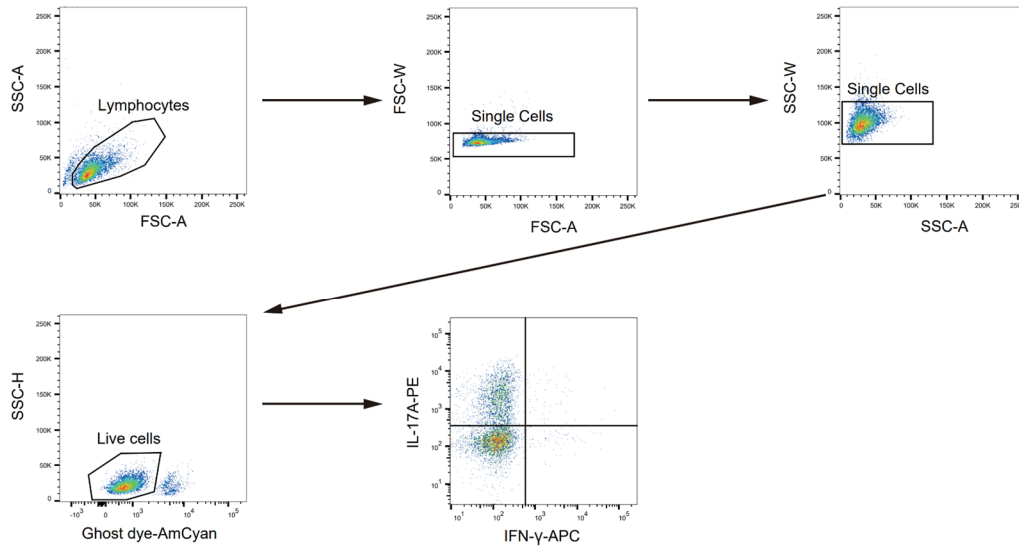


**f**

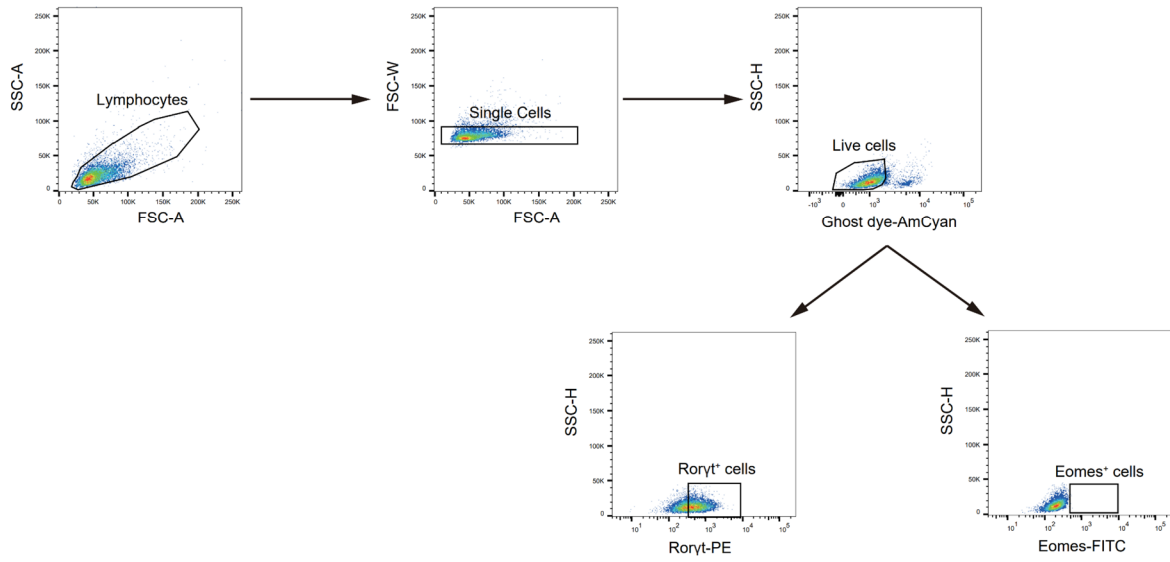


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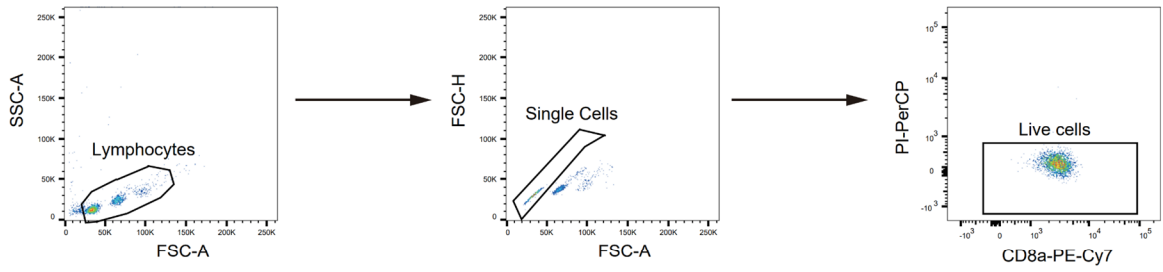
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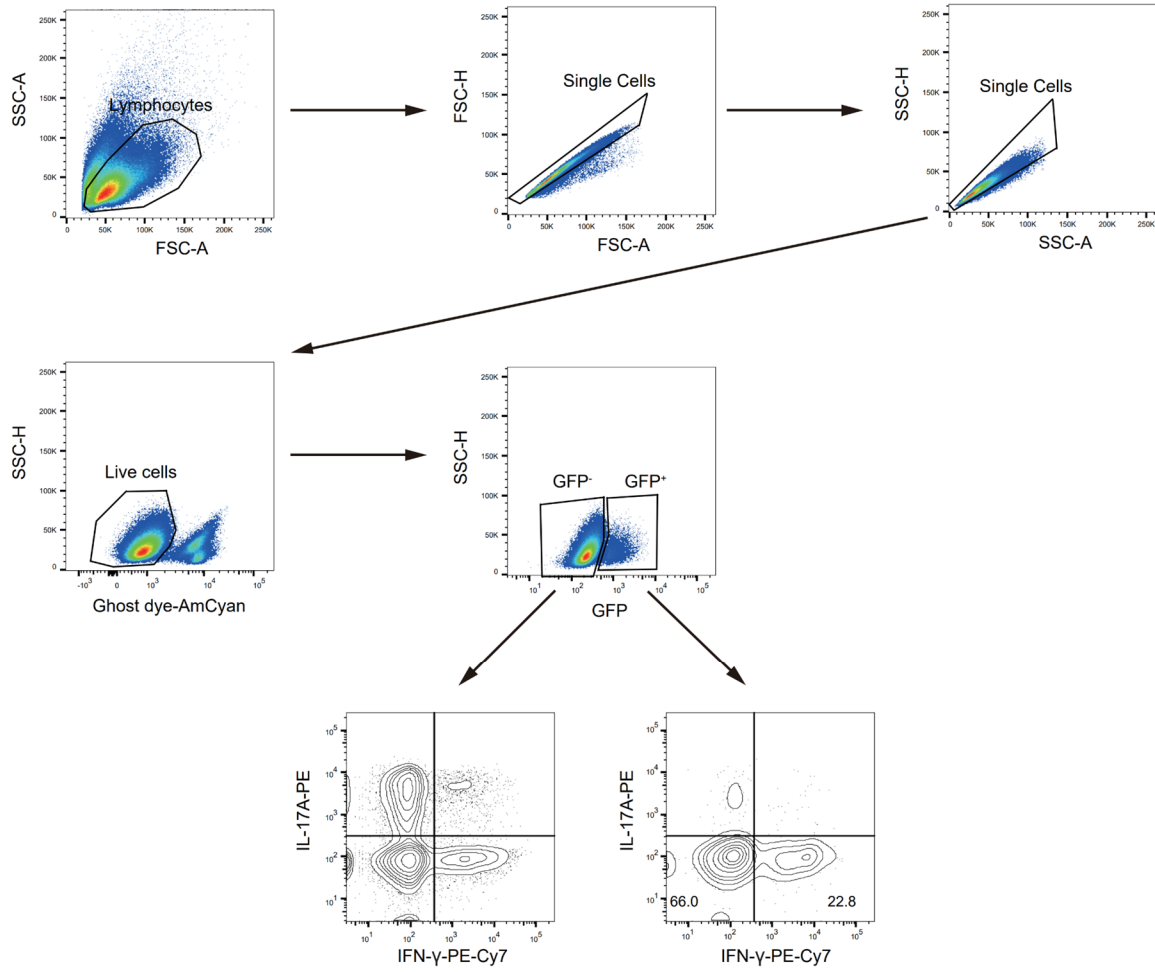
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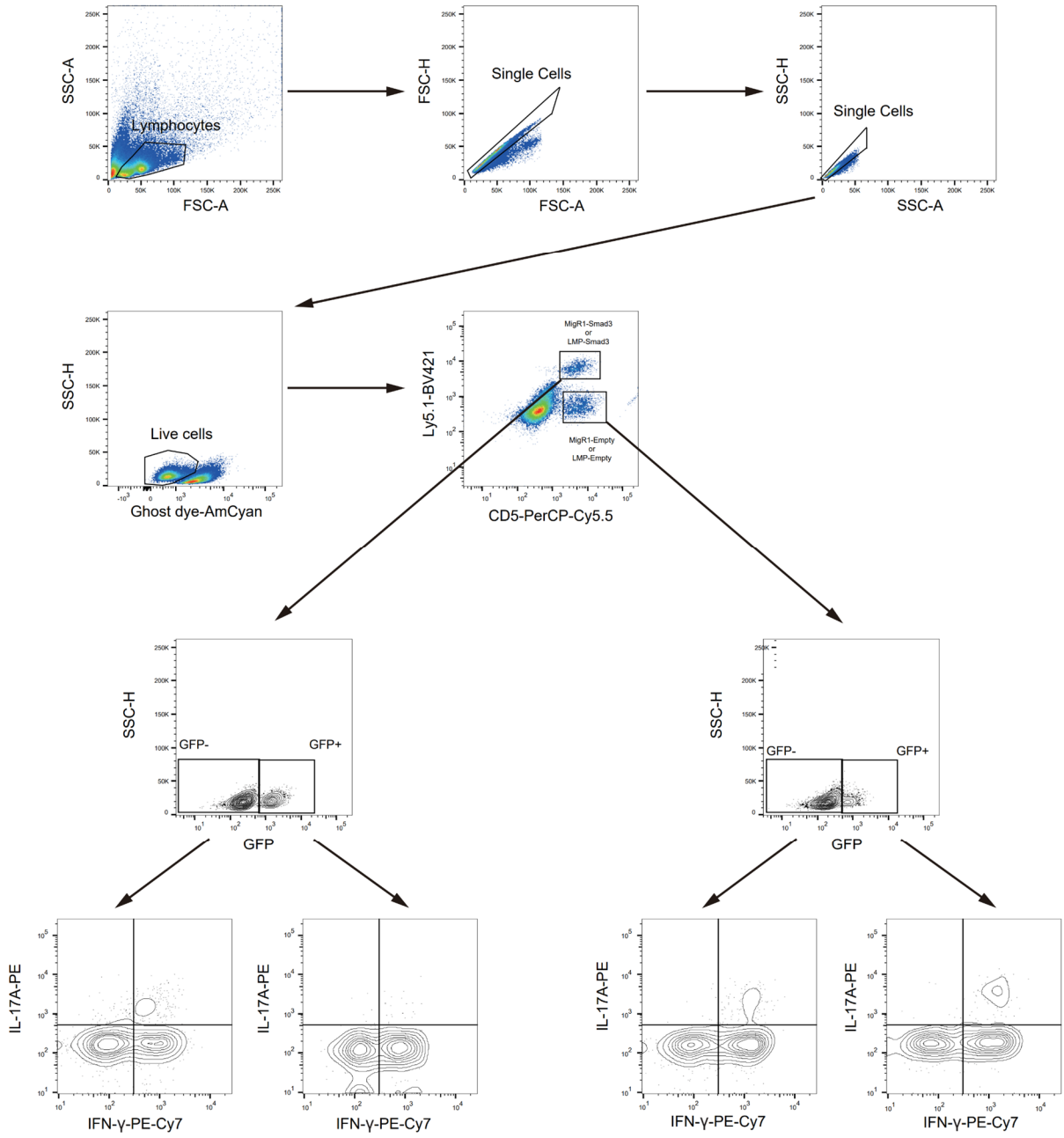


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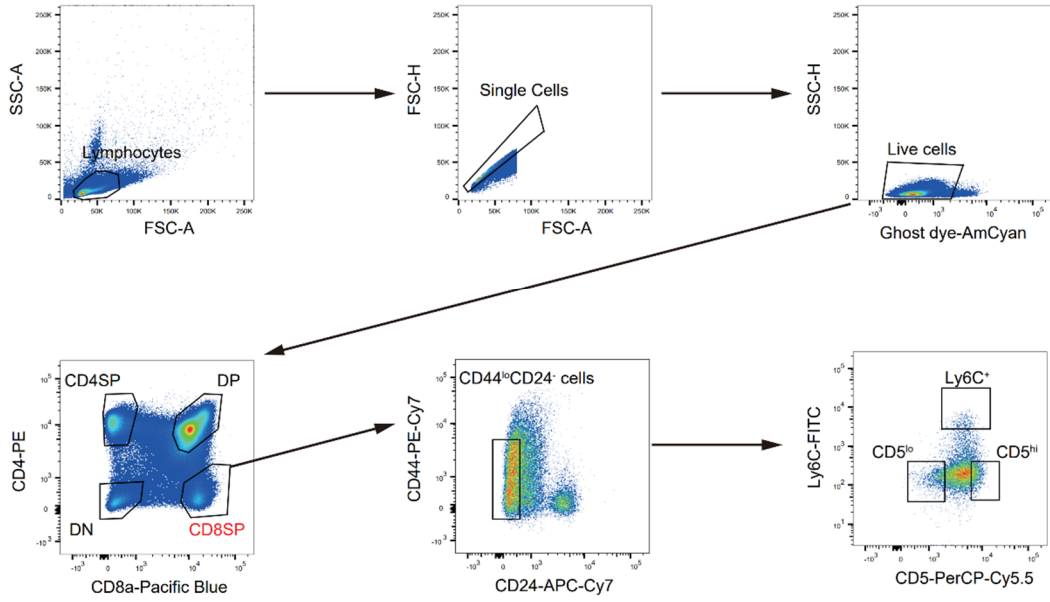


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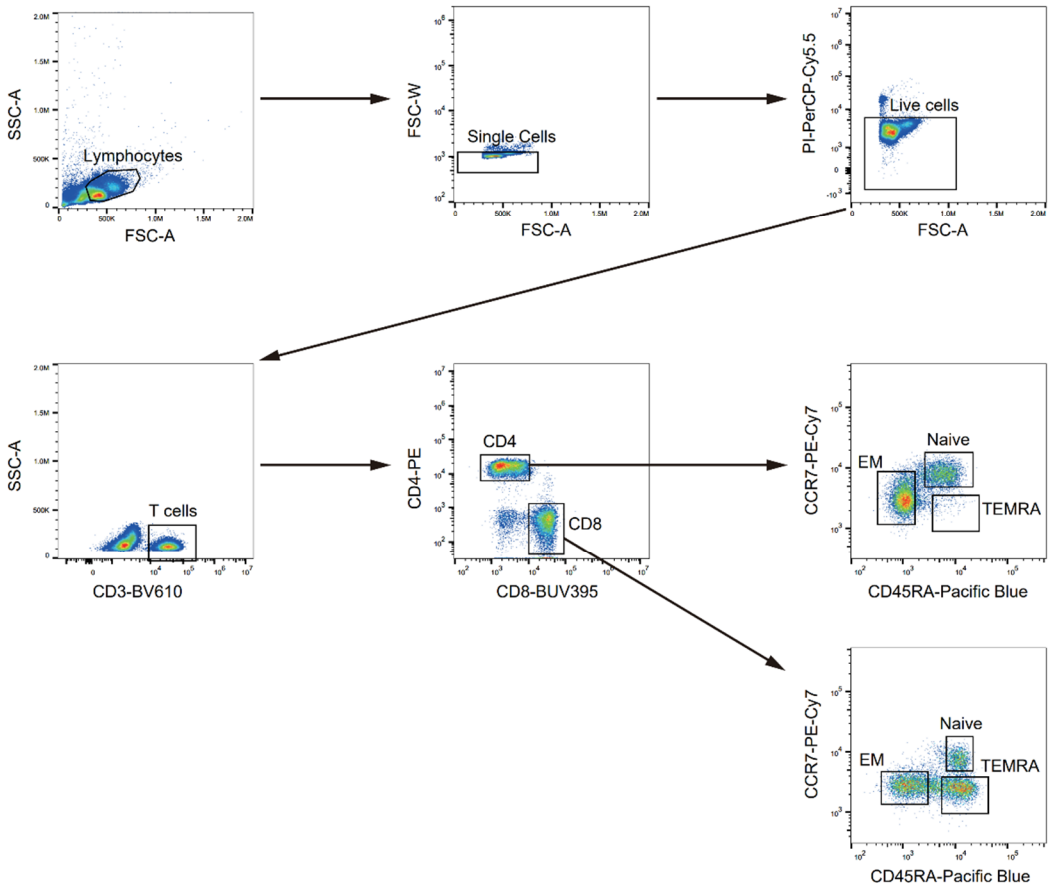
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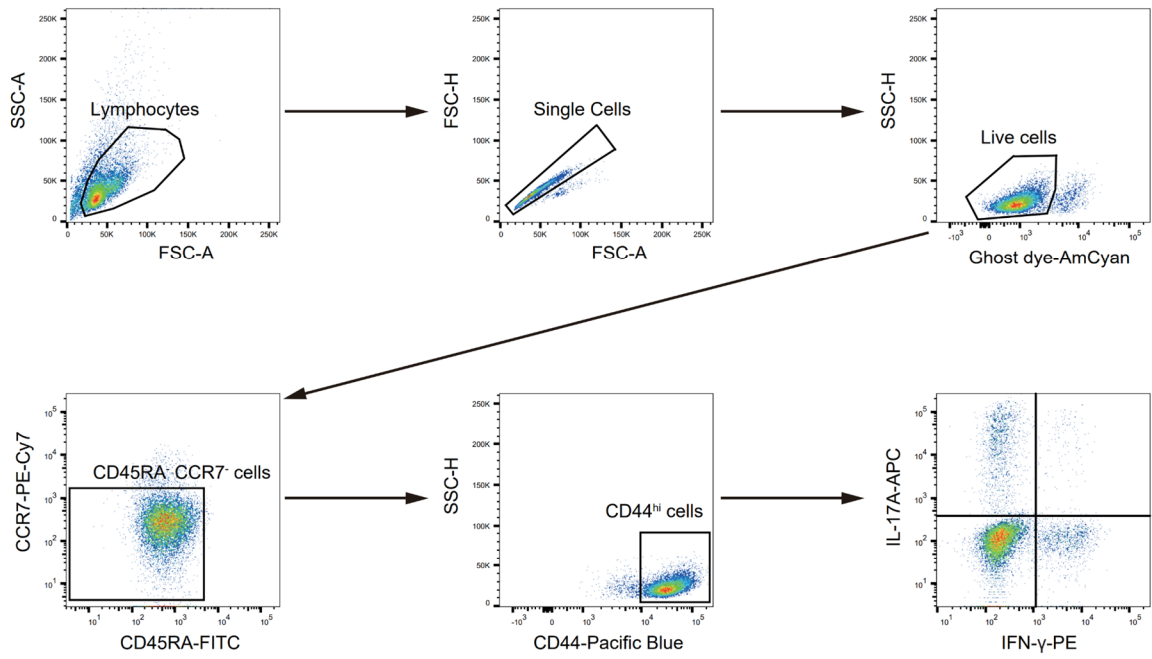


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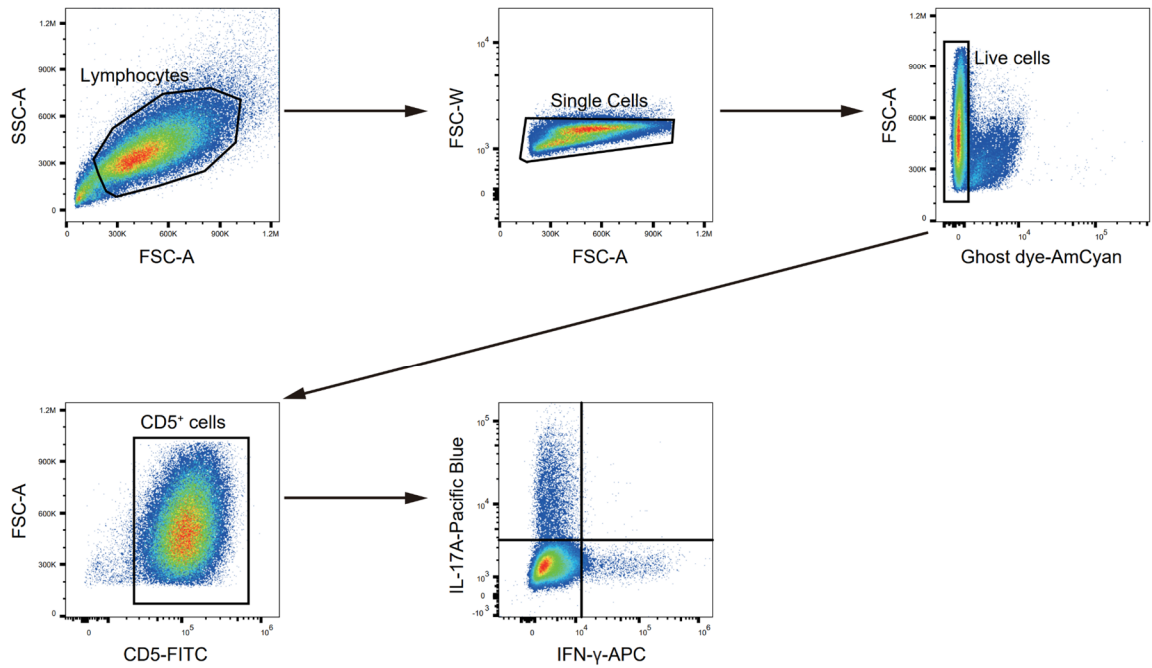


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Supplementary Fig. 7

Gating strategies for flow cytometry data.

**a**, Gating strategy for Fig. 2b,c, and Supplementary Fig. 2a,b. **b**, Gating strategy for Fig. 2e,g,h,i, and Supplementary Fig. 2d–f,g. **c**, Gating strategy for Fig. 3a, and Supplementary Fig. 3a. **d**, Gating strategy for Fig. 3e,g,h, and Supplementary Fig. 3b–l. **e**, Gating strategy for Fig. 4e–h. **f**, Gating strategy for Supplementary Fig4. e. **g**, Gating strategy for Fig. 5b,c,e,g,h,j, Fig. 7c,d, and Supplementary Fig. 4a–c,g–i. **h**, Gating strategy for Fig. 5d. **i**, Gating strategy for Fig. 6a,c, and Supplementary Fig. 5a,d. **j**, Gating strategy for Fig. 6e,f, and Supplementary Fig. 5f–i. **k**, Gating strategy for Fig6. g–j. **l**, Gating strategy for Fig. 7a. **m**, Gating strategy for Fig. 7h, and Supplementary Fig. 6c. **n**, Gating strategy for Fig. 7i, and Supplementary Fig. 6d. **o**, Gating strategy for Fig. 7j.

Antibodies	Manufacturer	Catalog #	Applications	Dilution
anti-CD16/32	ebioscience	14-0161-82	Flow cytometry	1:300
anti-CD3 $\epsilon$ (PB); clone 145-2C11	Biolegend	100334	Flow cytometry	1:300
anti-CD5 (PE); clone 53-7.3	Invitrogen	12-0051-83	Flow cytometry	1:300
anti-CD44 (eF450); clone IM7	Invitrogen	48-0441-82	Flow cytometry	1:300
anti-CD62L (PE); clone MEL-14	Biolegend	104408	Flow cytometry	1:300
anti-CD45.1 (BUV395); clone A20	BD Bioscience	565212	Flow cytometry	1:300
anti-CD45.2 (PB); clone 104	Biolegend	109820	Flow cytometry	1:300
anti-CD90.1 (FITC); clone HIS51	Invitrogen	11-0900-85	Flow cytometry	1:300
anti-CD90.2 (PE) (53-2.1)	ebioscience	15298609	Flow cytometry	1:300
anti-Ly6C (PE-cy7) (HK1.4)	ebioscience	15518606	Flow cytometry	1:300
anti-CD8 $\alpha$ (APC) (53-6.7)	Tonbo	20-0081-U100	Flow cytometry	1:300
anti-CD126 (APC) (D7715A7)	Biolegend	115812	Flow cytometry	1:300
anti-GP130 (APC); clone KGP130	ThermoFisher	17-1302-82	Flow cytometry	1:300
anti-TGFBRI (APC); clone 141231	R&D biosystems	FAB5871A	Flow cytometry	1:300
anti-TGFBRII (PE); polyclonal	R&D biosystems	FAB532P	Flow cytometry	1:300
anti- $\alpha$ 4 $\beta$ 7 (APC); clone DATK32	ThermoFisher	17-5887-82	Flow cytometry	1:300
anti-CD195 (PE); clone HM-CCR5	ebioscience	12-1951-81	Flow cytometry	1:300
anti-CD196 (PE); clone 29-2L17	Biolegend	129804	Flow cytometry	1:300
anti-IFN- $\gamma$ (APC); clone XMG1.2	Invitrogen	17-7311-82	Flow cytometry	1:200
anti-IL-17A (PE-Cy7); clone TC11-18H10.1	Biolegend	506922	Flow cytometry	1:200
anti-IL-17A (PE); clone eBio17B7	Invitrogen	12-7177-81	Flow cytometry	1:200
anti-Eomes (APC)	ebioscience	50-4875-82	Flow cytometry	1:200
anti-Ror $\gamma$ t (PE); clone B2D	Invitrogen	12-6981-82	Flow cytometry	1:200
anti-Ror $\gamma$ t (PE-eF610); clone B2D	Invitrogen	61-6981-82	Flow cytometry	1:200
anti-IRF4 (APC); clone IRF4.3E4	Biolegend	646408	Flow cytometry	1:200
anti-GM-CSF (PE); clone MP1-22E9	Invitrogen	12-7331-82	Flow cytometry	1:200
anti-pERK (PE); clone py204	BD Bioscience	612566	Flow cytometry	1:200
anti-hCD3 (APC-cy7); clone HIT3a	Biolegend	300318	Flow cytometry	1:100
anti-hCD4 (APC); clone A161A1	Biolegend	357408	Flow cytometry	1:100
anti-hCD5 (PE); clone L17F12	Biolegend	364014	Flow cytometry	1:100
anti-hCD8 (FITC); clone SK1	Biolegend	344704	Flow cytometry	1:100
anti-hCD45RA (PB); clone HI100	Biolegend	304123	Flow cytometry	1:100
anti-hCCR7 (PE-cy7); clone G043H7	Biolegend	353225	Flow cytometry	1:100
anti-hIFN- $\gamma$ (APC); clone B27	Biolegend	506510	Flow cytometry	1:100
anti-hIL-17A (BV421); clone BL168	Biolegend	512322	Flow cytometry	1:100
anti-hIL-17A (PE); clone BL168	Biolegend	512306	Flow cytometry	1:100
anti-pSMAD2; clone 138D4	Cell Signaling Technology	3108	Flow cytometry and Western blot	1:500
anti-pSMAD3; clone C25A9	Cell Signaling Technology	9520	Flow cytometry and Western blot	1:500
anti-IRF4; clone D9P5H	Cell Signaling Technology	15106	Chip assay	1:100
anti-pSTAT3; clone D3A7	Cell Signaling Technology	9145	Western blot	1:1000
anti-Smad2; clone D43B4	Cell Signaling Technology	5339	Flow cytometry	1:500
anti-Smad3; clone C67H9	Cell Signaling Technology	9523	Flow cytometry	1:500
anti- $\beta$ -actin; clone AC-15	Sigma-Aldrich	A1978	Western blot	1:5000
goat anti-rabbit IgG (AF647)	Invitrogen	A21245	Flow cytometry	1:300
m-IgG $\kappa$ BP-HRP	Santa Cruz Biotechnology	sc-516102	Western blot	1:1000
goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP	Santa Cruz Biotechnology	sc-2004	Western blot	1:1000
anti-CD3 $\epsilon$ (Purified); clone 145-2C11	ebioscience	16-0031-86	In vitro cell culture	
anti-CD28 (Purified); clone 37.51	ebioscience	16-0281-86	In vitro cell culture	
anti-IFN- $\gamma$ (Purified); clone XMG1.2	ebioscience	16-7311-85	In vitro cell culture	
anti-IL-4 (Purified); clone 11B11	ebioscience	16-7041-85	In vitro cell culture	
anti-hIFN- $\gamma$ (Purified); clone B27	Biolegend	506501	In vitro cell culture	
anti-hIL-4 (Purified); clone MP4-25D2	Biolegend	500802	In vitro cell culture	

**Supplementary Table. 1**

**Antibodies.**



Primers	Manufacturer	Catalog #
TaqMan probe <i>Rorc</i>	Applied Biosystems	Mm01261022_m1
TaqMan probe <i>I17a</i>	Applied Biosystems	Mm00439618_m1
TaqMan probe <i>Irf4</i>	Applied Biosystems	Mm00516431_m1
TaqMan probe <i>Ifny</i>	Applied Biosystems	Mm01168134_m1
TaqMan probe <i>Tbx21</i>	Applied Biosystems	Mm00450960_m1
TaqMan probe <i>Eomes</i>	Applied Biosystems	Mm01351984_m1
TaqMan probe <i>Rn18sRn45s</i>	Applied Biosystems	Mm03928990_g1

Rorc region (IRF4)	Sense primer	Antisense primer
N.C. _-1576 ~ -1737	TGAGCACACTATCACTCTCTTCAG	TGACCCTTGGGTAGGAGAGA
Target_ +10747 ~ +10824	GGGCCCTGAGATGGTAAGTT	GGGTGCTGAGTAATCACAGGA

<i>I17a</i> region (IRF4)	Sense primer	Antisense primer
N.C. _-3387 ~ -3523	CTCCCATGTGGTCATTATTGC	GTGTCCTTAGGTCCTAAATGTAGG
Target_ -1592~-1815	AATCCATGGAGCTGGAGAGA	TTTTTATACAACATAGGTCTTCATGG

<i>Rorc</i> region (Smad3)	Sense primer	Antisense primer
N.C. _-727 ~ -881	GGTTGTTGGGTAAGCAGGAA	CACGACCCCGTAATTCTGTT
Target_ -862 ~ -1181	CAACGGTGGAGAATGGAATG	TCCTGCTTACCCAACAACC

<i>I17a</i> region (Smad3)	Sense primer	Antisense primer
N.C. _-1211 ~ -984	CAGGGATAATGCCAAGGGTA	AGCATGAGGTGGACCGATAG
Target_ -11~ -185	AACTTCTGCCCTTCCCATCT	GCTCCTTCTCTCTTTTATACGG

#### Smad3 overexpression

Forward	GACTCGAGATGTCGTCCATCCTGCCC
Reverse	GAGAATTCCTAAGACACACTTTAACAGCG

shRNA sequence for Smad3	TGCTGTTGACAGTGAGCGAACGCAGAACGTGAACACCAAGTAG TGAAGCCACAGATGTACTTGGTGTTACGTTCTGCGTGTGCCTAC
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## Supplementary Table. 2

### Primers.