Supporting Information

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Fig. S1. Influenza A virus-induced *TLR10* expression. (*A*) The absolute number of *TLR10* cDNA copies in primary human macrophages infected by influenza A virus of hemagglutinin (H) and neuraminidase (N) subtypes, H1N1 or H5N1 (MOI of 2), at 6 h after infection determined using RT-PCR. Uninfected (mock) cells were included for comparison. Expression of *TLR10* was normalized to β -actin expression. Data shown are representative of biological replicates performed in at least three independent experiments and error bars indicate SD of technical triplicates. (*B*) Expression of *TLR10* in alveolar epithelial cells (A549) infected by H1N1 or H5N1 influenza A viruses at (*B*) MOI of 2 or (*C*) MOI of 0.001 compared with mock infection at different postinfection time assessed by RT-PCR. Data shown are representative of two independent experiments and error bars indicate SD of technical triplicates.



Fig. S2. Western blot analysis of TLR10. Confirmation of specificity of TLR10 antibody using WT and TLR10-overexpressed (OE) THP-1 cell lysate.



Fig. S3. Kinetics of influenza viral replication in human macrophages. Cells were infected with H1N1 and H5N1 virus at (A) MOI of 2 or (B) MOI of 0.001. Culture supernatants were collected at the indicated time, and the viral M gene of the progeny viruses were determined using RT-PCR. Data shown are representative of biological replicates performed in two experiments.

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Fig. S4. Cytokines induced by H5N1 virus regulate via TLR10. (*A*) The knockdown efficiencies of *TLR10* siRNAs (TLR10 KD) in human monocytic cells assessed by RT-PCR. Expression of H5N1 induced (*B*) *IL-8*, (*C*) *IL-6*, (*D*) *IFN-\beta*, and (*E*) *IL-29* in *TLR10* siRNA knockdown cells compared with control at 6 h after infection. Data shown are representative of three independent experiments and error bars indicate SD of technical triplicates. (**P* < 0.05).



Fig. S5. Progeny virus production in TLR10 shRNA knockdown THP-1 cells. TLR10 shRNA knockdown (TLR10 KD) and control cells were infected with H1N1 virus at MOI of 2. The culture supernatants were collected at the indicated time, and the viral titers were determined using TCID₅₀ assay. Results shown are average of two independent measurements and error bars indicate SD of duplicate measurements.

Table S1. Primers used for real-time PCR		
Gene	Forward (5'–3')	Reverse (5'-3')
TLR1	TCCACGTTCCTAAAGACCTATCC	GGTTCACAGTAGGGTGGCAA
TLR2	ATCCTCCAATCAGGCTTCTCT	ACACCTCTGTAGGTCACTGTTG
TLR3	TTGCCTTGTATCTACTTTTGGGG	TCAACACTGTTATGTTTGTGGGT
TLR4	TACAAAATCCCCGACAACCTCC	GCTGCCTAAATGCCTCAGGG
TLR5	GCCGGTCCTGTGTTTGGAAT	AGGTTGGGCAGGTTTCTGAAG
TLR6	CATGTTCCAAAAGACCTACCGC	ACTCACAATAGGATGGCAGGATA
TLR7	TGTTTCCAATGTGGACACTGAA	TGTTCGTGGGAATACCTCCAG
TLR8	ATGTTCCTTCAGTCGTCAATGC	TTGCTGCACTCTGCAATAACT
TLR9	CTGCCACATGACCATCGAG	TGTAGCTCAGGTTTAGCTCTTCC
TLR10	CTCCCAACTTTGTCCAGAAT	TGGTGGGAATGCAATAGAAT
RIG-I	CCTACCTACATCCTGAGCTACAT	TCTAGGGCATCCAAAAAGCCA
IL-8	ACTGAGAGTGATTGAGAGTGGAC	AACCCTCTGCACCCAGTTTTC
IL-6	AAATTCGGTACATCCTCGACGG	GGAAGGTTCAGGTTGTTTTCTGC
IFN-β	ATGACCAACAAGTGTCTCCTCC	GCTCATGGAAAGAGCTGTAGTG
IL-29	CACATTGGCAGGTTCAAATCTCT	CCAGCGGACTCCTTTTTGG
TNF-α	ATGAGCACTGAAAGCATGATCC	GAGGGCTGATTAGAGAGAGGTC
β-Actin	CATGTACGTTGCTATCCAGGC	CTCCTTAATGTCACGCACGAT

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