

SI GUIDE

Title of file for HTML: Supplementary Information

Description: Supplementary Figures.

Supplementary Data

Title of file for HTML: Supplementary Data 1

Description: Sample counts by SLE status

Title of file for HTML: Supplementary Data 2

Description: Complete list of associations by ancestry and tier (nonHLA).

Title of file for HTML: Supplementary Data 3

Description: Posterior probabilities for HLA imputation

Title of file for HTML: Supplementary Data 4

Description: Classical HLA associations.

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Description: HLA stepwise model results

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Description: SNP associations, post-adjustment for HLA alleles.

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Description: SLE risk for DRB1 homozygotes and heterozygotes

Title of file for HTML: Supplementary Data 8

Description: Secondary top meta-analysis and transancestral-mapping Regions.

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Description: Meta-analysis regions with p-value_{FDR} <0.001.

Title of file for HTML: Supplementary Data 10
Description: Deviations in average risk-allele admixture.

Title of file for HTML: Supplementary Data 11
Description: Binomial test of CEU vs YRI admixture deviations.

Title of file for HTML: Supplementary Data 12
Description: cisEQTLs for regions in Tier 1 and Tier 2

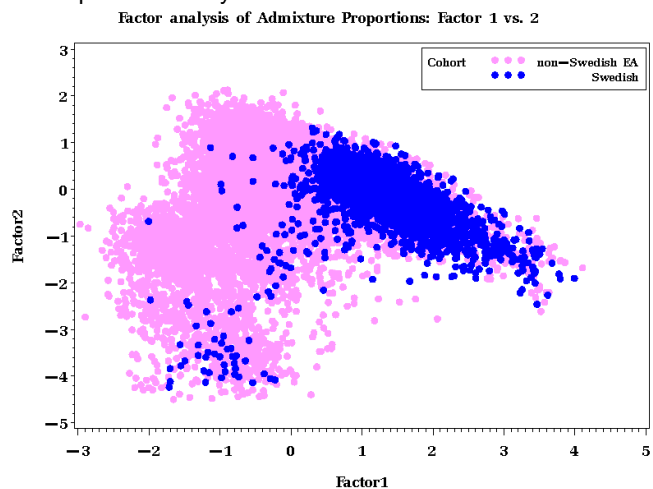
Title of file for HTML: Supplementary Data 13
Description: Most likely functional SNPs based on RegulomeDB scores

Title of file for HTML: Supplementary Data 14
Description: Prioritized SLE risk genes.

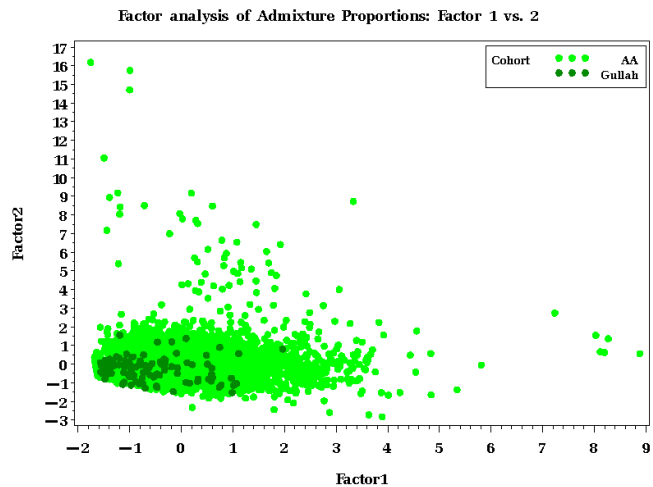
Title of file for HTML: Peer Review File
Description:

Supplementary Figure 1. Admixture by ancestry.

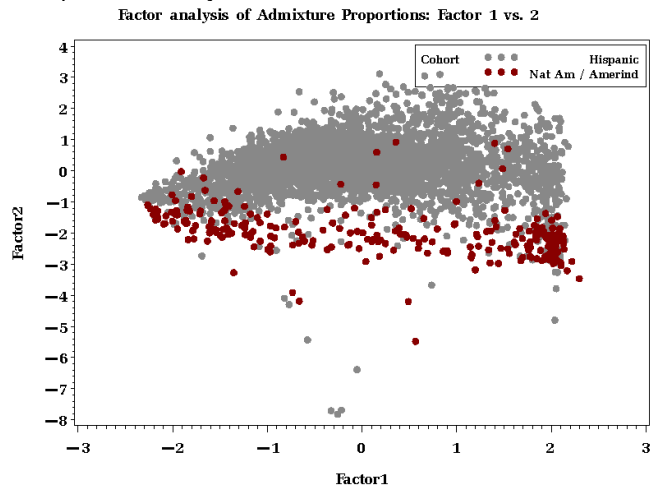
a. European Ancestry



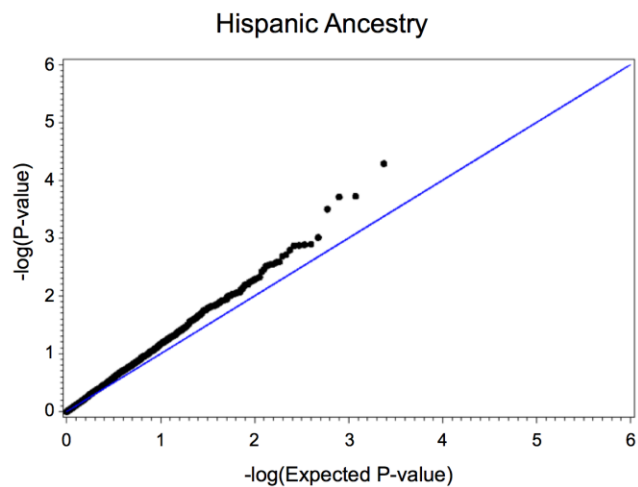
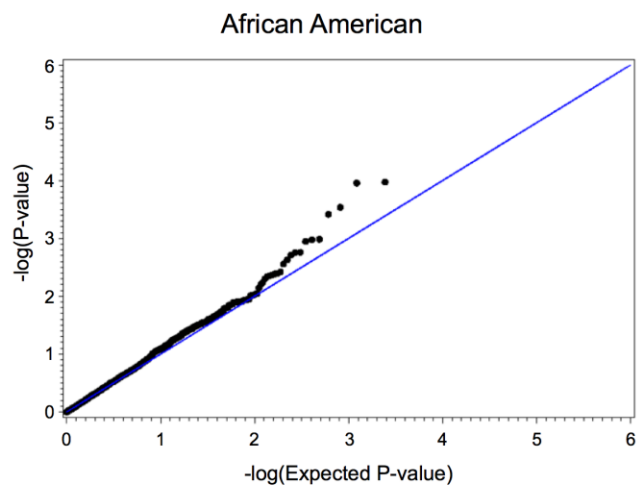
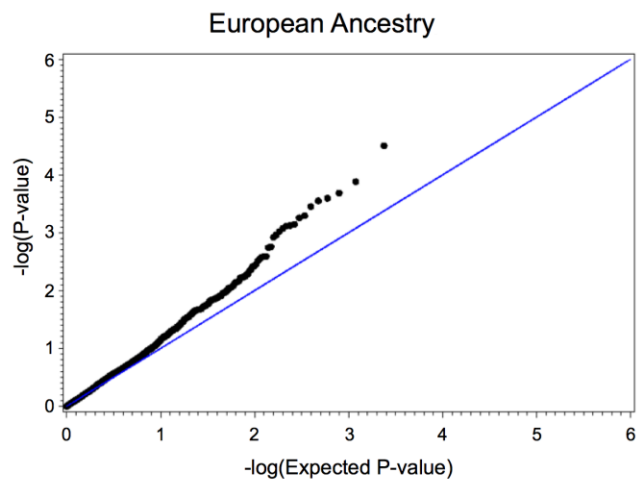
b. African American



c. Hispanic Ancestry

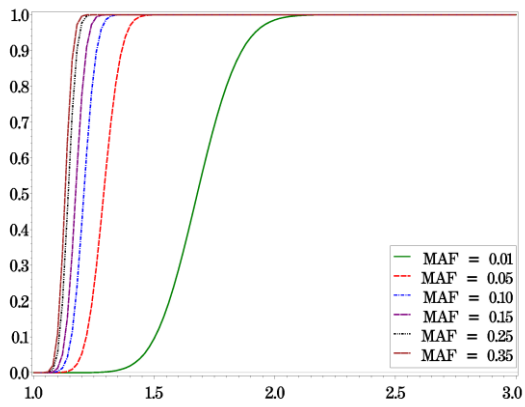


Supplementary Figure 2. PP-plot by ancestry.

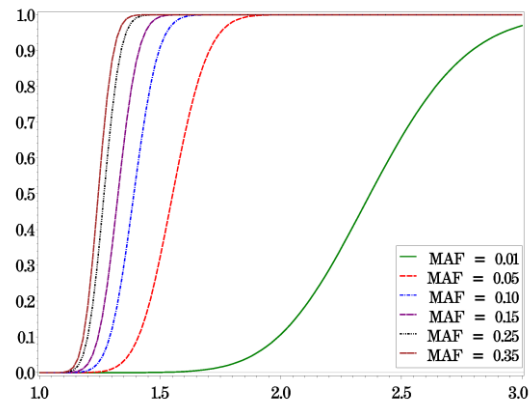


Supplementary Figure 3. Power by ancestry ($\alpha=5 \times 10^{-8}$).

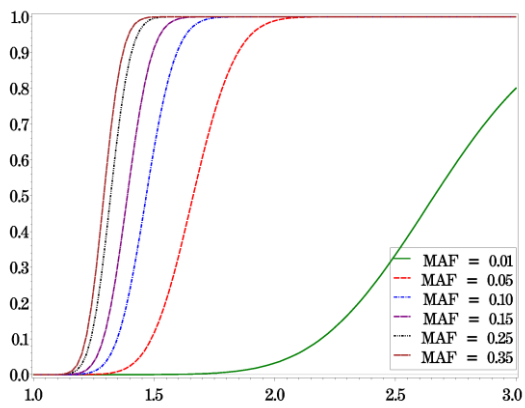
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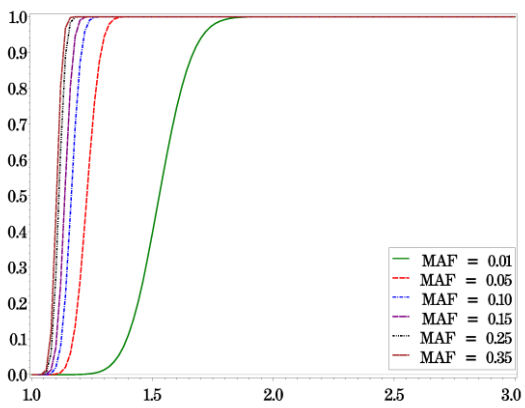
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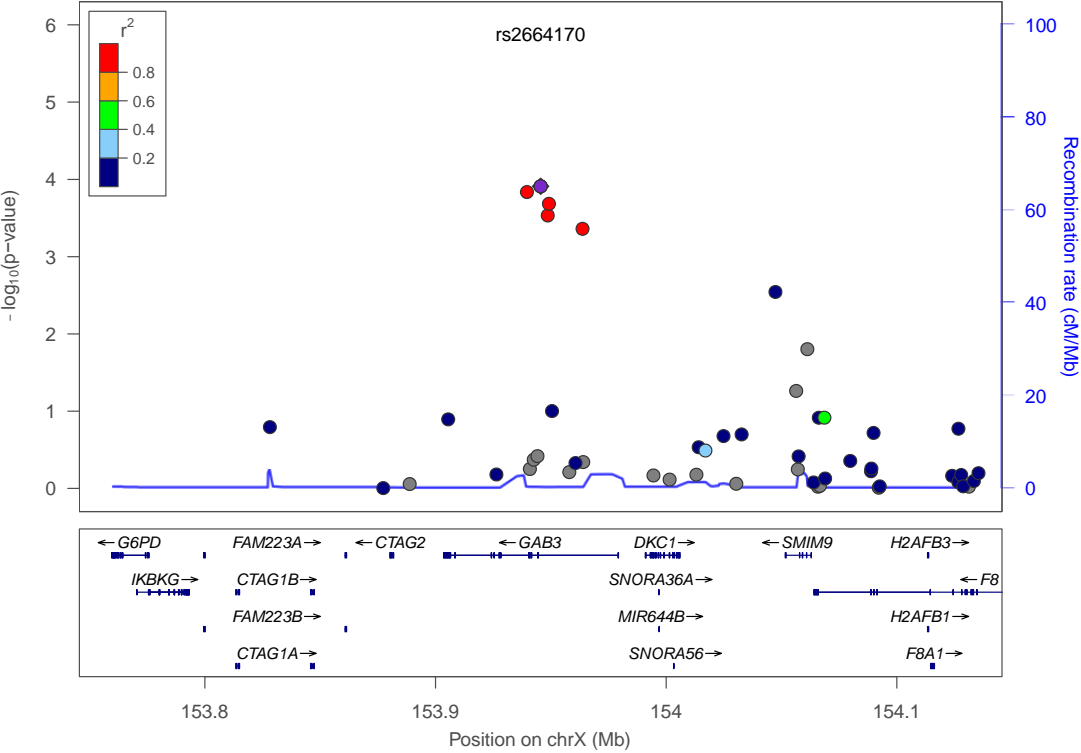
c. Hispanic Ancestry



d. Meta-analysis

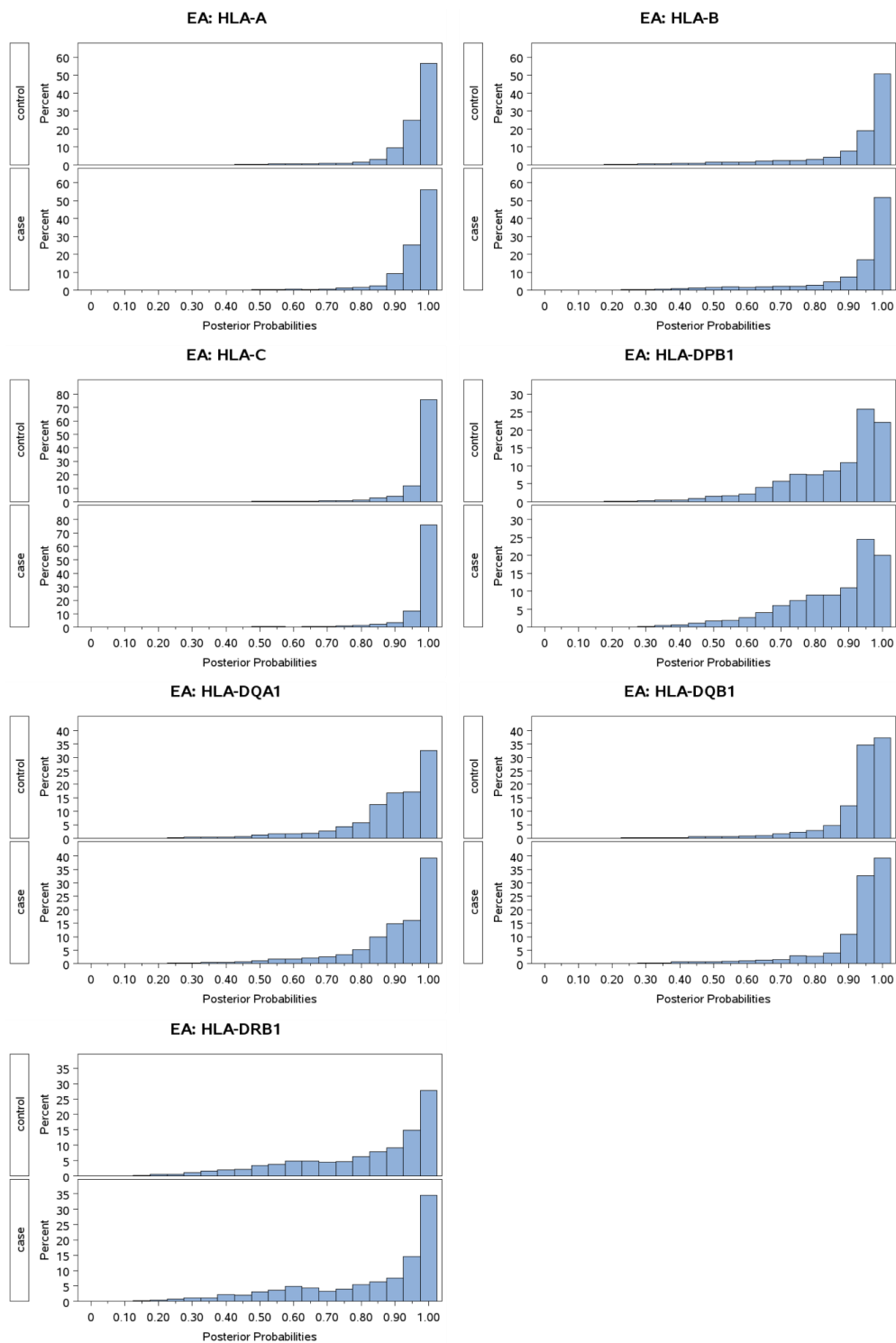


Supplementary Figure 4. Meta-analysis of chromosome X region of association (female only).

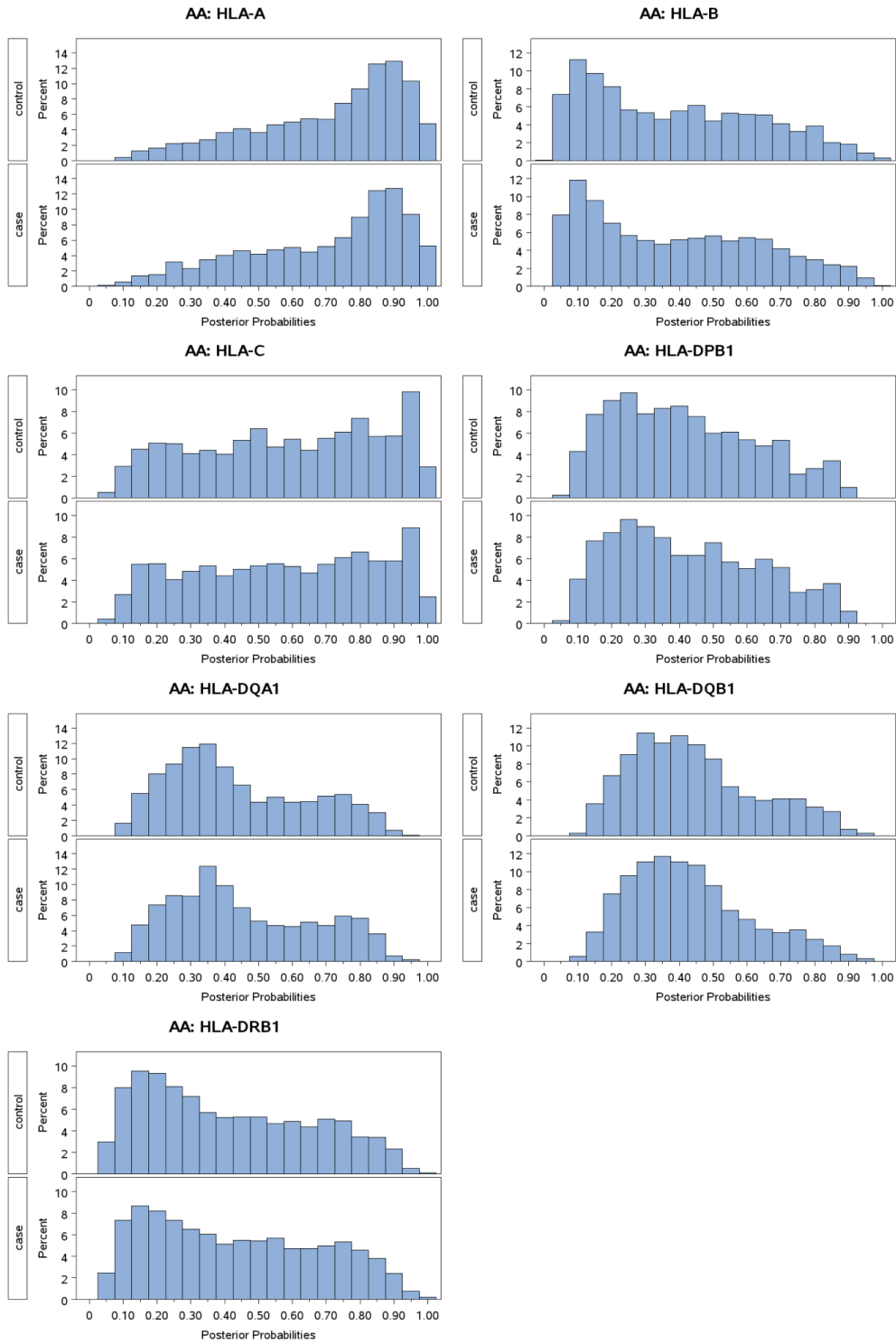


Supplementary Figure 5. Posterior probability distributions for best guess HLA imputed alleles.

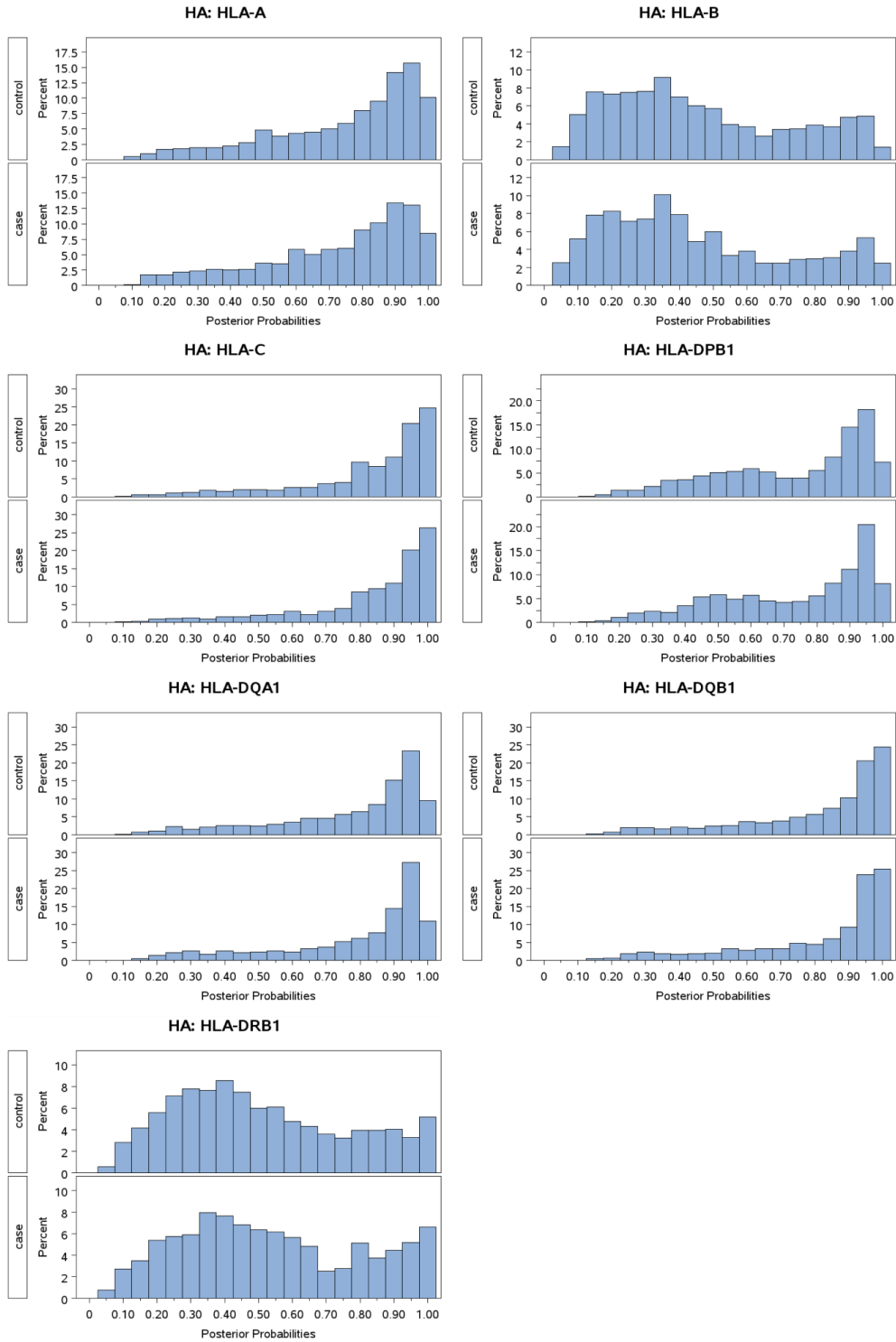
a. European Ancestry



b. African American

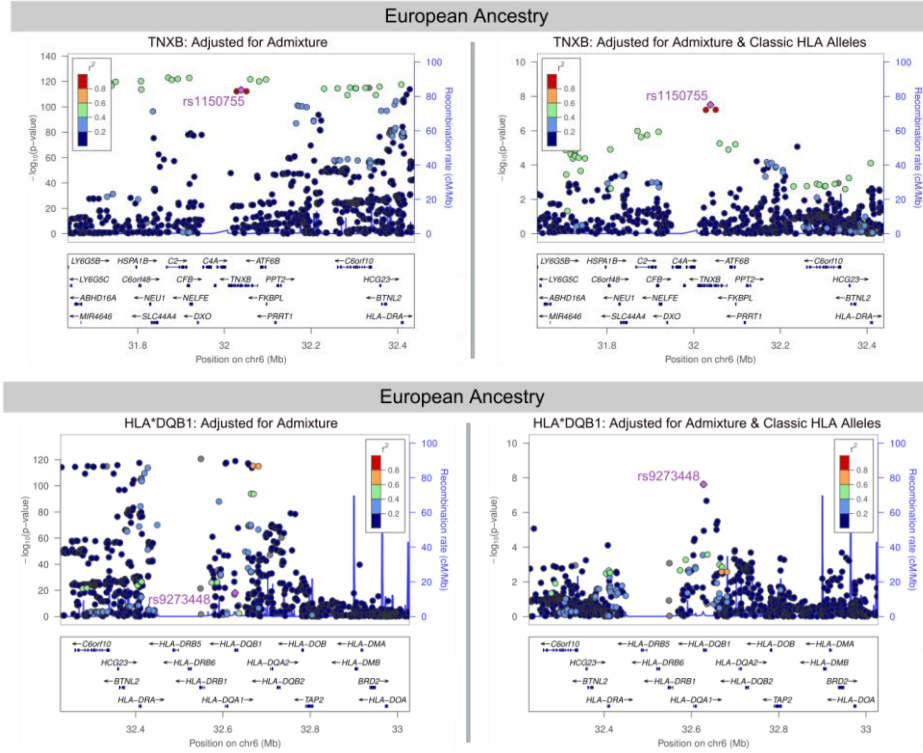


c. Hispanic Ancestry

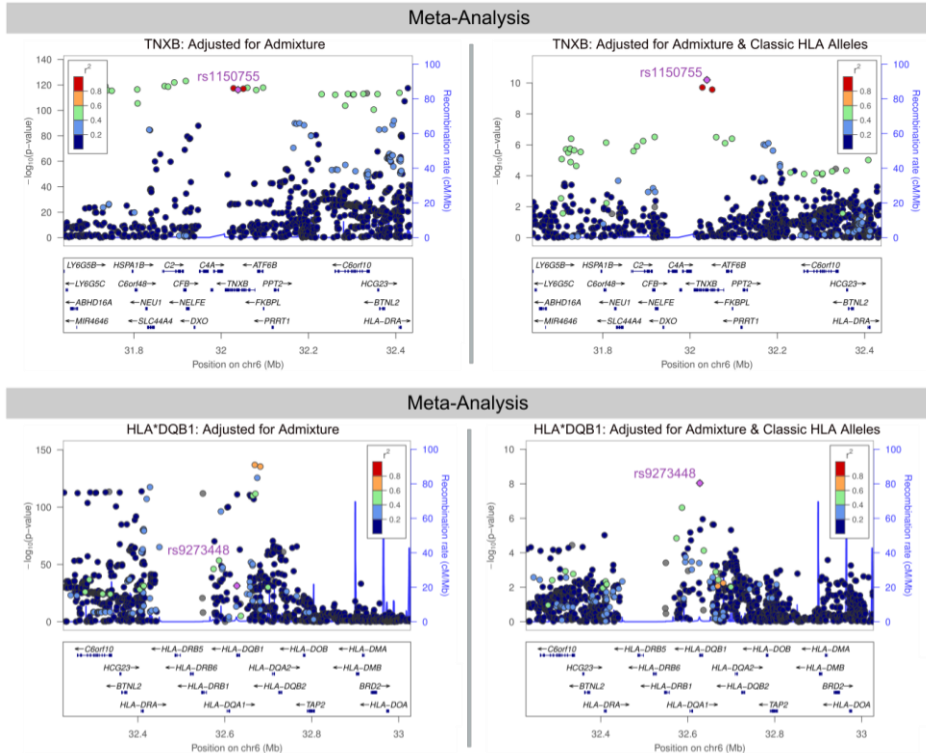


Supplementary Figure 6. Plots of SNP associations meeting genome-wide significance, post-adjustment for Classical HLA alleles.

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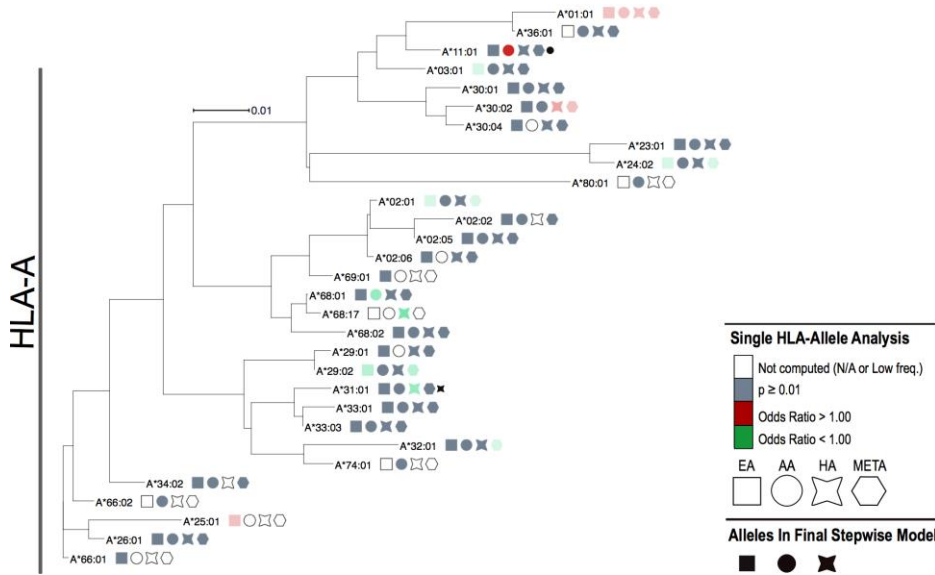


b. Meta Analysis

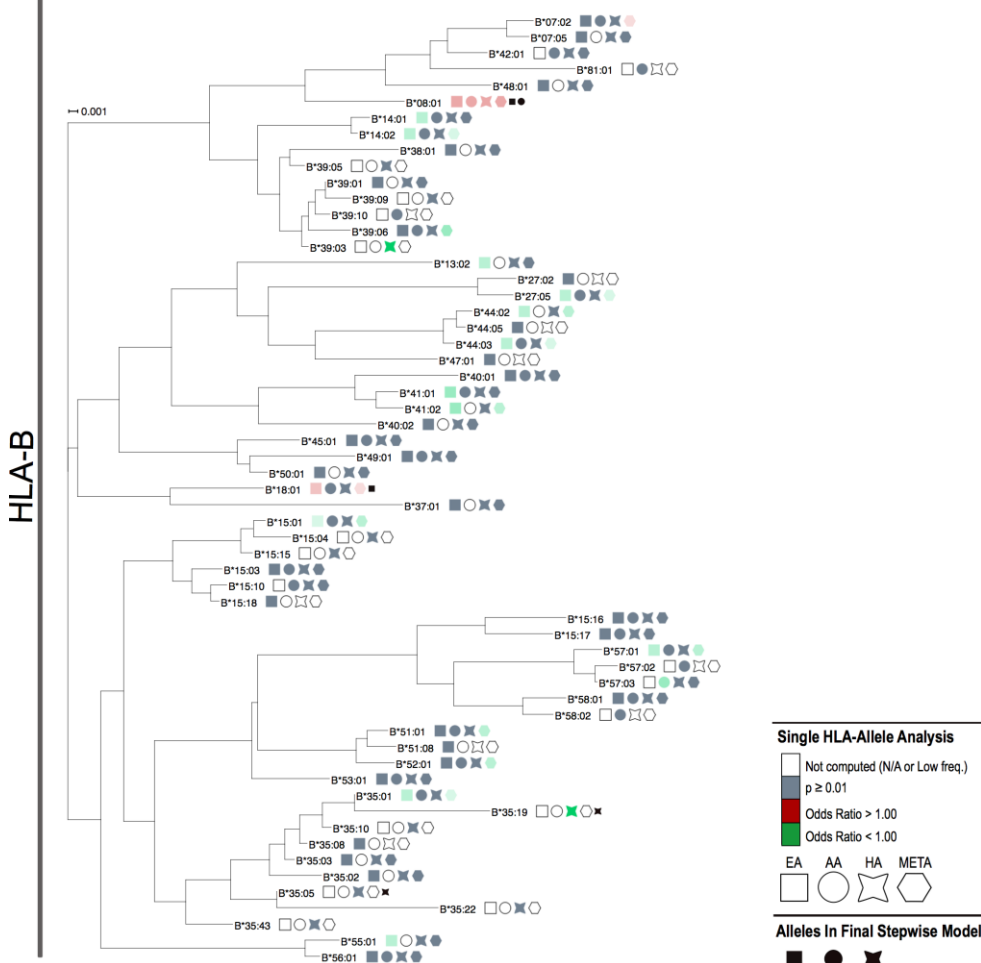


Supplementary Figure 7. Clustering of HLA alleles by amino acid sequence similarity. For each HLA gene, the odds ratios for each cohort are overlain if the SLE association p-value was less than 0.01. Alleles that were present in the multi-locus model from the stepwise procedure are also denoted. This process aims to identify clusters with shared SLE risk or not-risk odds ratios across the three cohorts. Such clusters help identify potential amino acid sequences contributing to SLE risk.

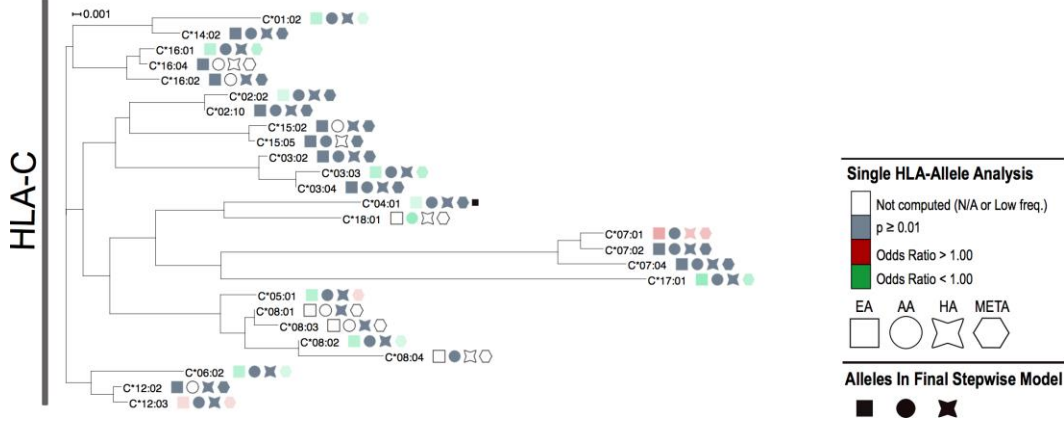
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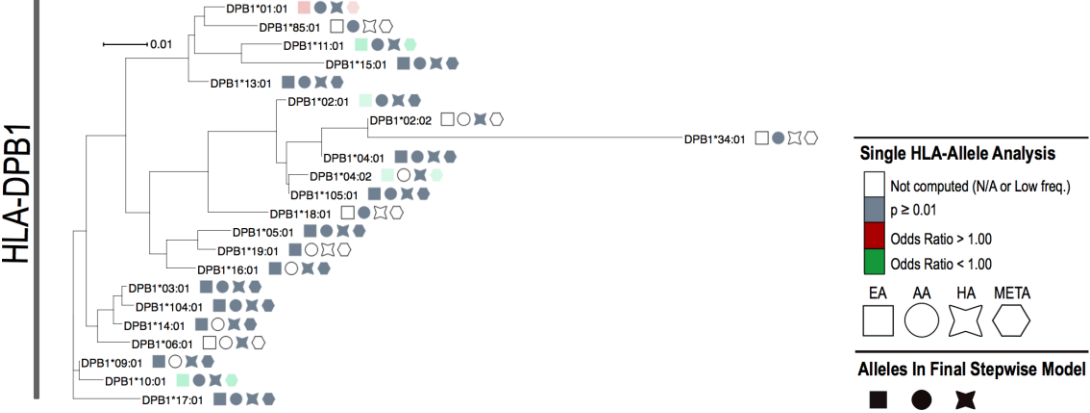
b. HLA-B



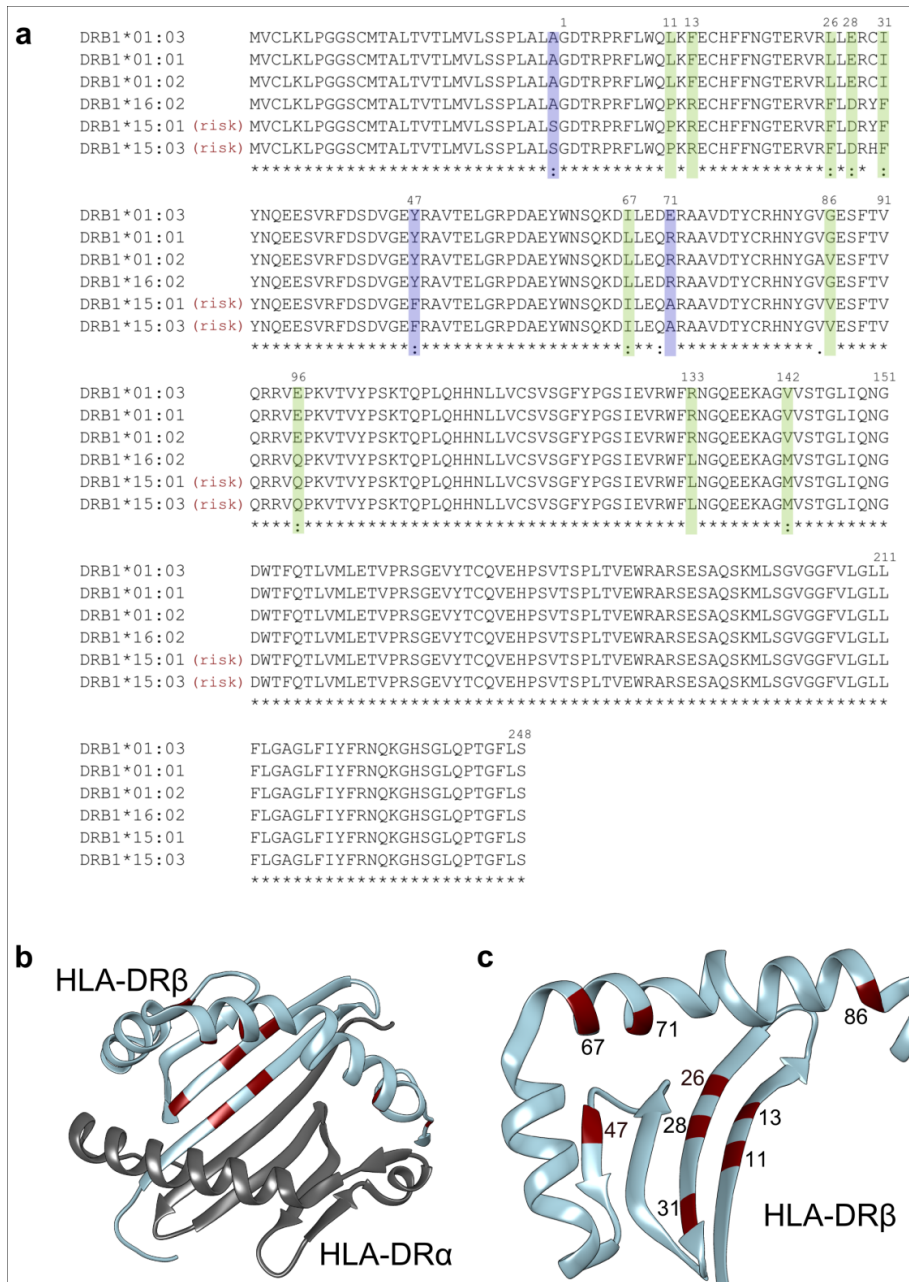
c. HLA-C



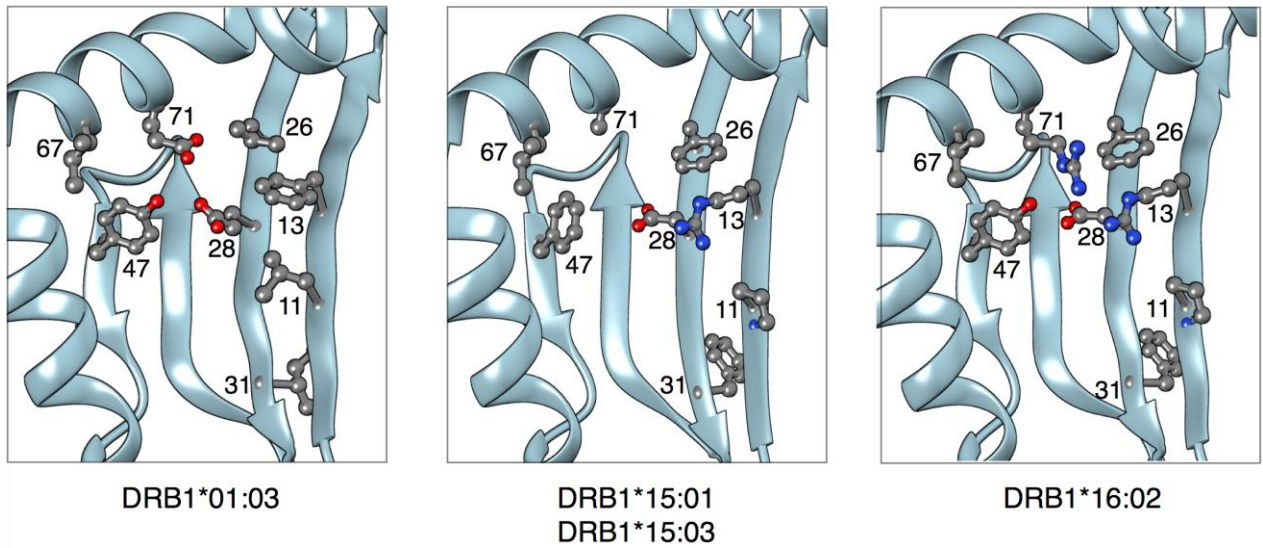
d. HLA-DPB1



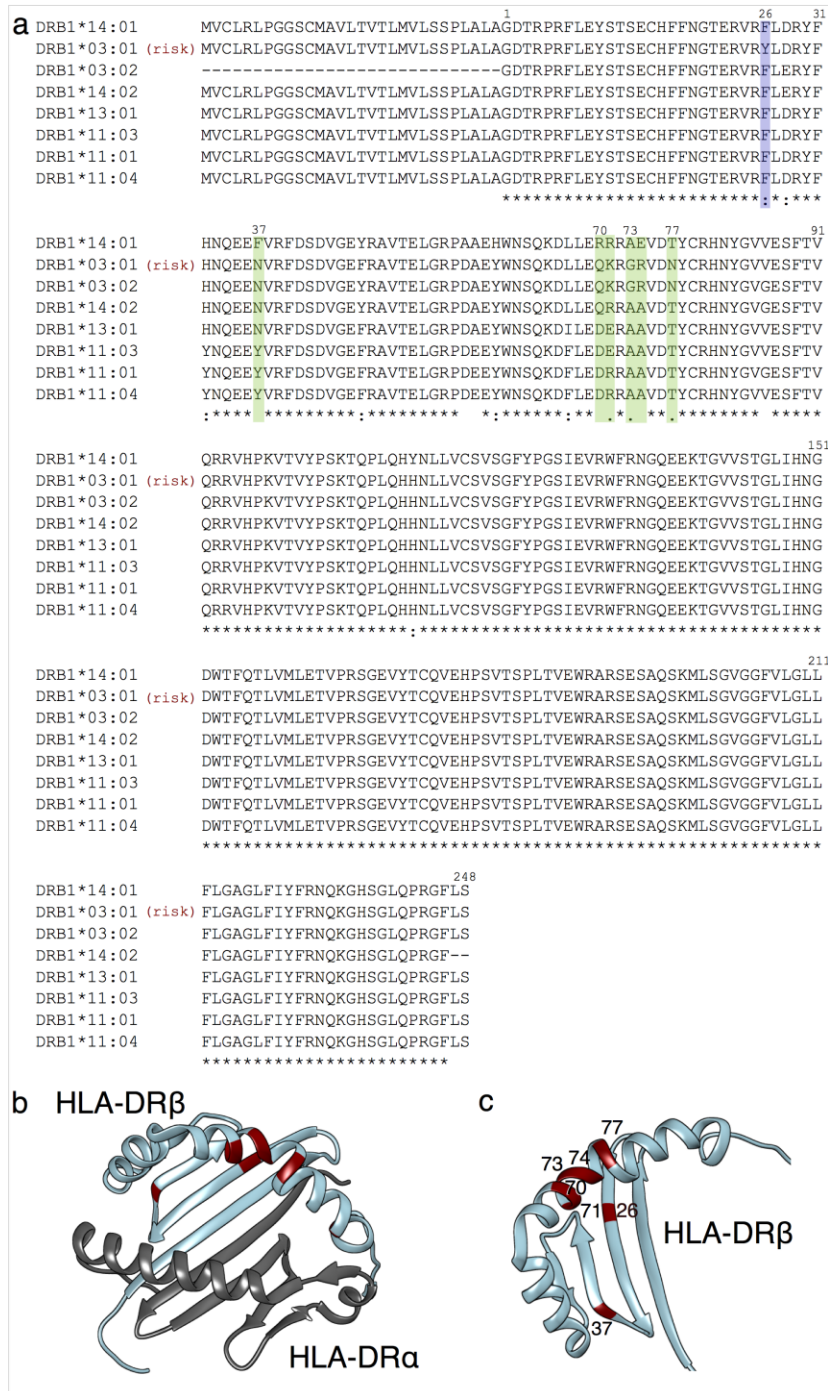
Supplementary Figure 8. Amino acids within DRB1*15 SLE risk cluster. (a) Multiple sequence alignment performed by CLUSTAL-omega of HLA-DRB1 alleles with a Percent Identity score of at least 95 with HLA-DRB1*15:01 or 15:03, two alleles associated with SLE risk in at least three populations (Figure 3). Numbering begins after signal peptide. Amino acids unique to the two risk alleles (positions -1, 47, and 71) are highlighted in purple. Positions in which the two risk alleles share an amino acid with less than half of the non-risk peptides in this cluster are highlighted in green. (b) Three dimensional ribbon model of HLA-DR protein. This structure is based on Protein Data Bank entry 3pdo. Amino acid positions noted in (a) are highlighted in red. (c) An enlarged view of the HLA-DR β subunit, rotated for another view of noted amino acids in binding pocket.



Supplementary Figure 9. Three dimensional ribbon model of classical HLA alleles. Three dimensional ribbon model of classical HLA alleles representative of binding-pocket amino acids that distinguish among risk and non-risk alleles in the DRB1*01; 16; 15 cluster (Figure 3a, Supplementary figure 10.) Non-polar, hydrophobic Phe47 Ala71 (Pocket 7) residues are unique to the two risk alleles (DRB1*15:01 and 15:03) within this cluster. Contrastingly, the non-risk alleles (DRB1*01:03, 01:01, 01:02, 16:02) exhibit a polar Tyr47 and either a polar Arg71 or polar Glu71. Focusing on amino acids sequences with at least 95% identity, allows for the ability to isolate potential regions of biochemical influence on SLE risk. In this case, SLE risk alleles DRB1*15:01 and 15:03 are unique from non-risk alleles via a hydrophobic space in DRB1 pocket 7. Proteins were modeled with SWISS-MODEL using Protein Data Bank Entry 3pdo.1.B as the template. 3-D visualizations were created via Chimera.



Supplementary Figure 10. DRB1*03 cluster sequence alignment. (a) Multiple sequence alignment performed by CLUSTAL-omega of HLA-DRB1 alleles with a Percent Identity score of at least 95 with SLE risk allele, HLA-DRB1*03:01. Numbering begins after signal peptide. DRB1*03:01 uniquely holds a polar Tyr26, compared to the non-polar Phe26 of the non-risk alleles within this cluster. Positions in which the risk allele shared an amino acid with 50% or less of the non-risk peptides in this cluster are highlighted in green. Most of these amino acids spanned the designated 'Shared Epitope Region'. (b) Three-dimensional representation of the DR and DRB1 protein. Amino acids of interest from the sequence alignment are highlighted in the models which were created using Chimera.



Supplementary Figure 11. Sequence Alignment of DQA1*01 cluster. Sequence alignment comparing SLE risk allele DQA1*01:02 to non-risk alleles with 95% sequence identity (DQA1*01:03, *01:01, *01:04, and *01:05). Met207 is the only amino acid unique to risk allele DQA1*01:02 from it's non-risk neighbors. Positions in which the risk allele shared an amino acid with 50% or less of the non-risk peptides in this cluster are highlighted in green (Gln34).

```

DQA1*01:03      MILNKALLLGALALTTVMSPCGGEDIVADHVASC1GVNLYQFYGPSGQF34THEFDGDE37QFYV
DQA1*01:02 (risk) MILNKALLLGALALTTVMSPCGGEDIVADHVASC1GVNLYQFYGPSGQY34THEFDGDE37QFYV
DQA1*01:01      MILNKALLLGALALTTVMSPCGGEDIVADHVASC1GVNLYQFYGPSGQY34THEFDGDEEFYV
DQA1*01:04      MILNKALLLGALALTTMSPCGGEGIVADHVASC1GVNLYQFYGPSGQY34THEFDGDEEFYV
DQA1*01:05      MILNKALLLGALALTTMSPCGGEGIVADHVASC1GVNLYQFYGPSGQY34THEFDGDEEFYV
*****:*****

DQA1*01:03      DLEKKETAWRWPEFSKFGGFD97PQGALRNMAVAKHNLNIMIKRYNSTAATNEVPEVTVFSK
DQA1*01:02 (risk) DLERKETAWRWPEFSKFGGFD97PQGALRNMAVAKHNLNIMIKRYNSTAATNEVPEVTVFSK
DQA1*01:01      DLERKETAWRWPEFSKFGGFD97PQGALRNMAVAKHNLNIMIKRYNSTAATNEVPEVTVFSK
DQA1*01:04      DLERKETAWRWPEFSKFGGFD97PQGALRNMAVAKHNLNIMIKRYNSTAATNEVPEVTVFSK
DQA1*01:05      DLERKETAWRWPEFSKFGGFD97PQGALRNMAVAKHNLNIMIKRYNSTAATNEVPEVTVFSK
***:*****

DQA1*01:03      SPVTLGQPNTLICLV157DNIFPPVVNITWLSNGHAVTEGVSETSF157LSKSDHSFFKISYLTFL
DQA1*01:02 (risk) SPVTLGQPNTLICLV157DNIFPPVVNITWLSNGQSVTEGVSETSF157LSKSDHSFFKISYLTFL
DQA1*01:01      SPVTLGQPNTLICLV157DNIFPPVVNITWLSNGQSVTEGVSETSF157LSKSDHSFFKISYLTFL
DQA1*01:04      SPVTLGQPNTLICLV157DNIFPPVVNITWLSNGQSVTEGVSETSF157LSKSDHSFFKISYLTFL
DQA1*01:05      SPVTLGQPNTLICLV157DNIFPPVVNITWLSNGQSVTEGVSETSF157LSKSDHSFFKISYLTFL
*****:*****

DQA1*01:03      PSAD207EIDCKVEHWGLDQPLLKHWEPEIPAPMSEL217TETVVCALGLSVGLVGI217VVGTVFII
DQA1*01:02 (risk) PSAD207EIDCKVEHWGLDQPLLKHWEPEIPAPMSEL217TETVVCALGLSVGLMGI217VVGTVFII
DQA1*01:01      PSAD207EIDCKVEHWGLDQPLLKHWEPEIPAPMSEL217TETVVCALGLSVGLVGI217VVGTVFII
DQA1*01:04      PSAD207EIDCKVEHWGLDQPLLKHWEPEIPAPMSEL217TETVVCALGLSVGLVGI217VVGTVFII
DQA1*01:05      PSAD207EIDCKVEHWGLDQPLLKHWEPEIPAPMSEL217TETVVCALGLSVGLVGI217VVGTVFII
*****:*****

DQA1*01:03      QGLR217SVGASRHQG217PL
DQA1*01:02 (risk) QGLR217SVGASRHQG217PL
DQA1*01:01      QGLR217SVGASRHQG217PL
DQA1*01:04      QGLR217SVGASRHQG217PL
DQA1*01:05      QGLR217SVGASRHQG217PL
*****

```


Supplementary Figure 12. Sequence alignment of DQA1*05 cluster. Sequence alignment comparing SLE risk allele DQA1*05:01 to non-risk alleles with 95% sequence identity (DQA1*05:05 and *05:03). Thr-13 and Ala159 are the only differences among these three alleles are highlighted below.

```

DQA1*05:05      MILNKALMLG-13T1LALTTVMSPCGGEDIVADHVASYGVNLYQSYGPSGQYTHEFDGDEQFYV37
DQA1*05:03      MILNKALMLGALALTTVMSPCGGEDIVADHVASYGVNLYQSYGPSGQYTHEFDGDEQFYV
DQA1*05:01 (risk) MILNKALMLGALALTTVMSPCGGEDIVADHVASYGVNLYQSYGPSGQYTHEFDGDEQFYV
                  *****:*****

DQA1*05:05      DLGRKETVWCLPVL97RQFRFDPQFALTNI97AVLKHNLNSLIKRSNSTAATNEVPEVTVFSKS
DQA1*05:03      DLGRKETVWCLPVL97RQFRFDPQFALTNI97AVLKHNLNSLIKRSNSTAATNEVPEVTVFSKS
DQA1*05:01 (risk) DLGRKETVWCLPVL97RQFRFDPQFALTNI97AVLKHNLNSLIKRSNSTAATNEVPEVTVFSKS
                  *****

DQA1*05:05      PVTLGQPNILICLVDNIFPPV157VNITWLSNGHSVTEGVSETSFLSKSDHSFFKISYLTLLP
DQA1*05:03      PVTLGQPNILICLVDNIFPPV157VNITWLSNGHSVTEGVSETSFLSKSDHSFFKISYLTLLP
DQA1*05:01 (risk) PVTLGQPNILICLVDNIFPPV157VNITWLSNGHSVTEGVSETSFLSKSDHSFFKISYLTLLP
                  *****

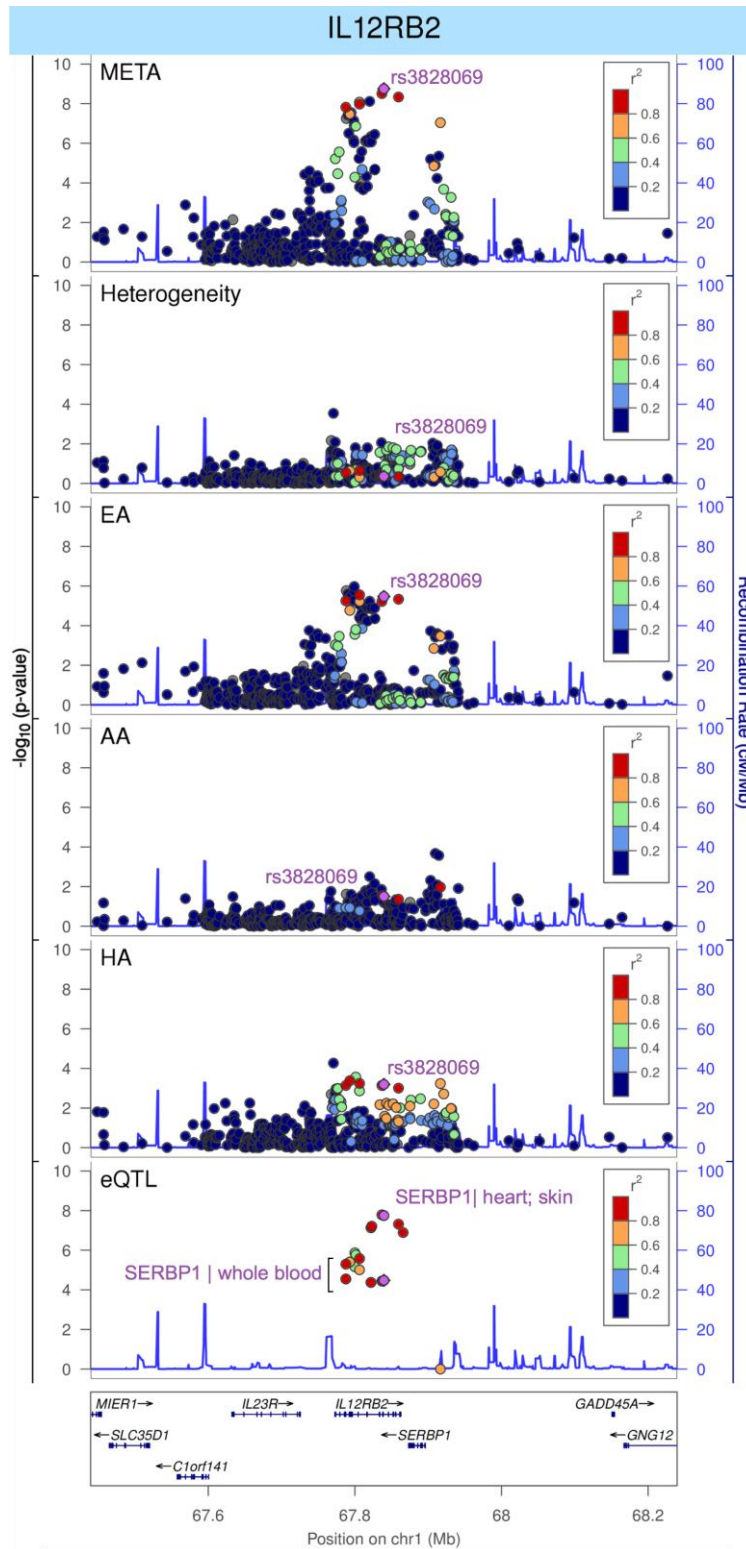
DQA1*05:05      S217A217EESYDCKVEHWGLDKPLLKHWEPEIPAPMSELTETVVCALGLSVGLVGI217VVGTVFIIR
DQA1*05:03      S217SEESYDCKVEHWGLDKPLLKHWEPEIPAPMSELTETVVCALGLSVGLVGI217VVGTVFIIR
DQA1*05:01 (risk) S217A217EESYDCKVEHWGLDKPLLKHWEPEIPAPMSELTETVVCALGLSVGLVGI217VVGTVFIIR
                  *:*****

DQA1*05:05      GLRSVGASRHQGPL
DQA1*05:03      GLRSVGASRHQGPL
DQA1*05:01 (risk) GLRSVGASRHQGPL
                  *****

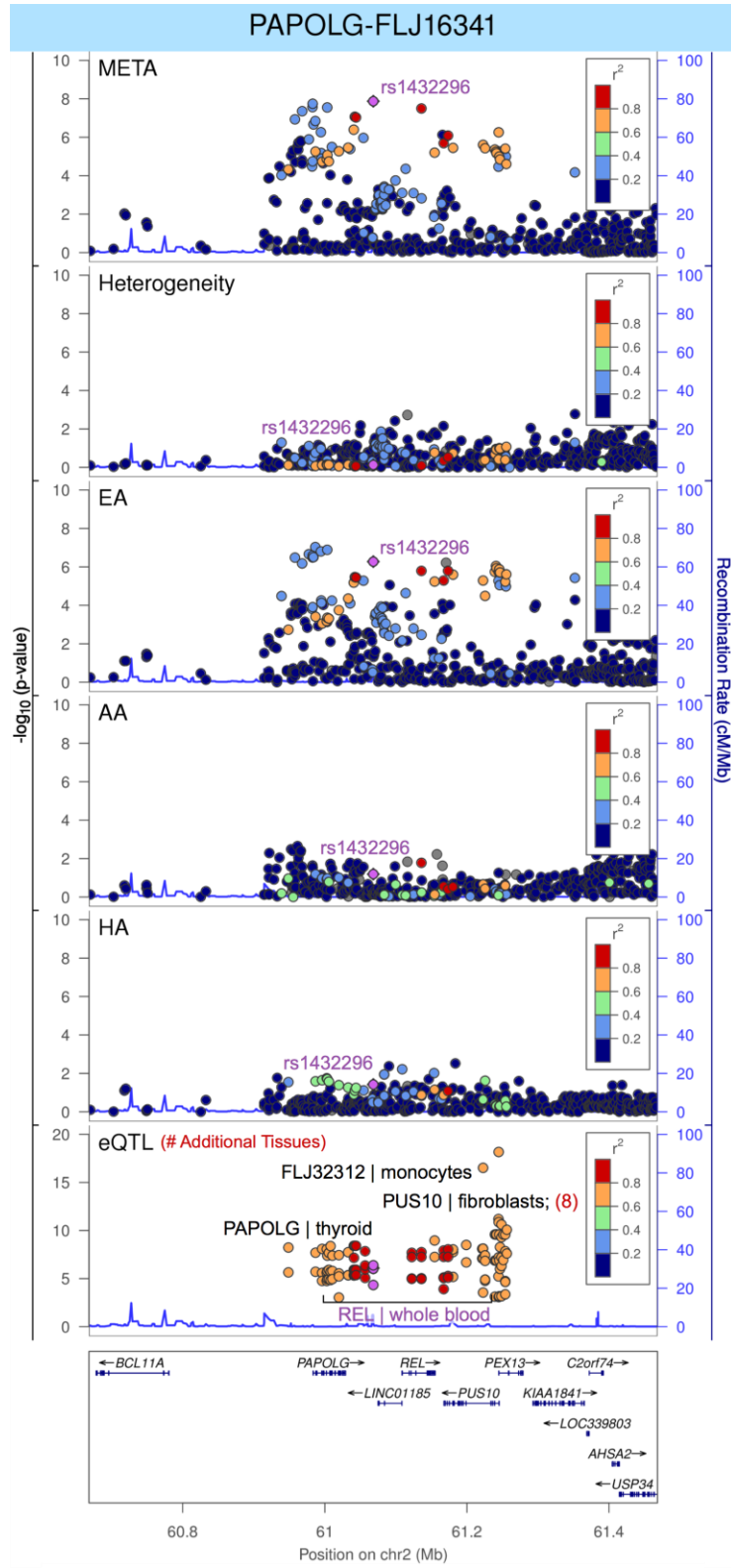
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Supplementary Figure 13. Plots of novel Tier 1 meta-analysis and transancestral-mapping regions. Plots appear in the order found in Table 3a. Individual plots were created using LocusZoom standalone software (<http://locuszoom.sph.umich.edu/>)

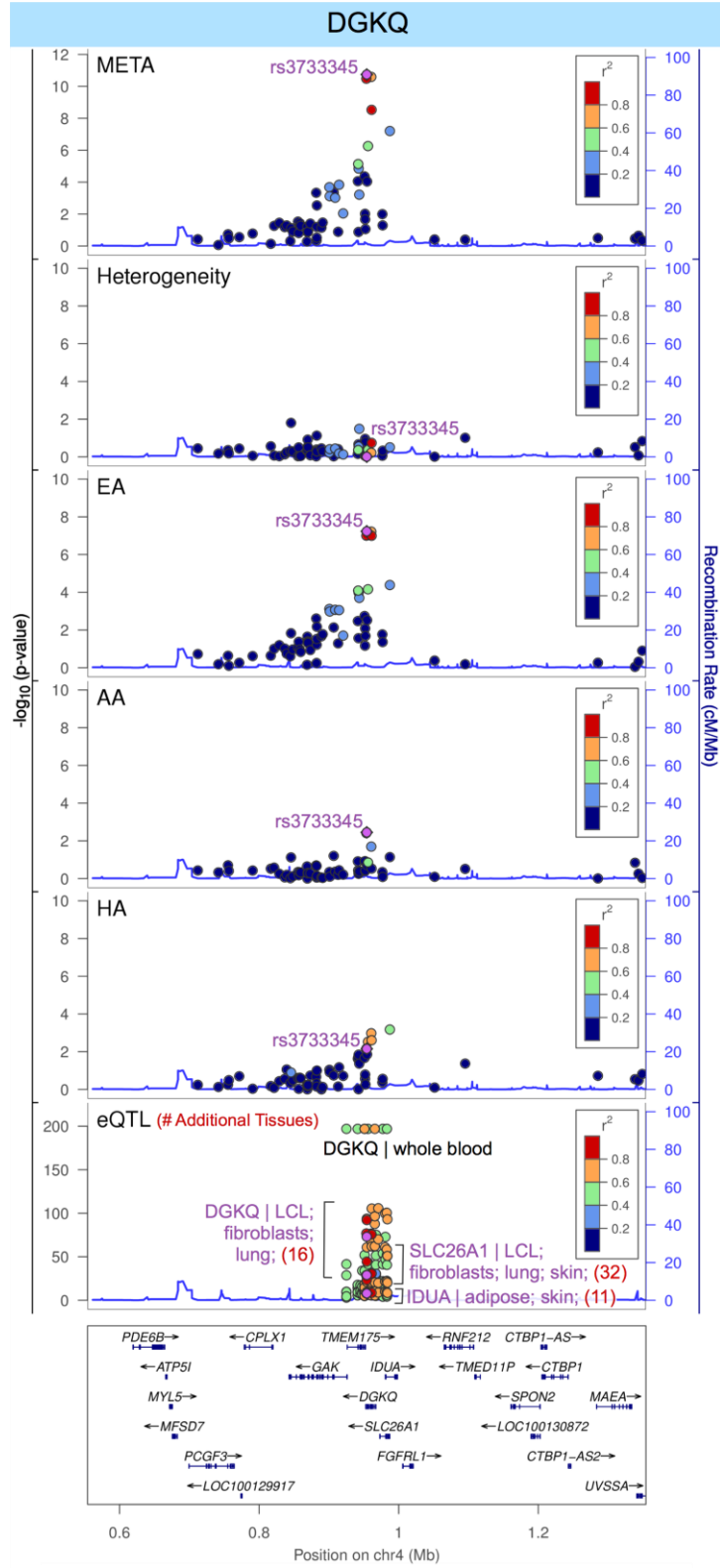
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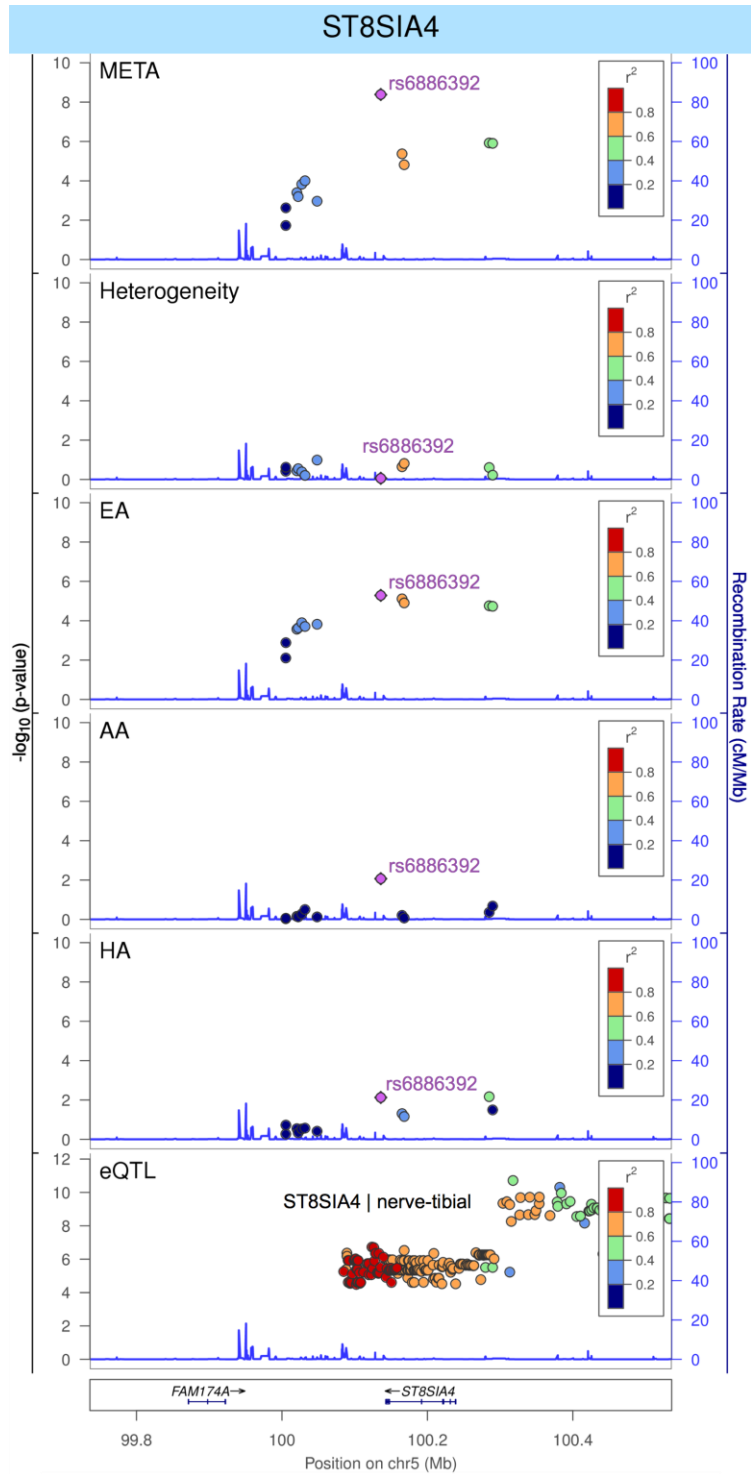
b. PAPOLG-FLJ16341



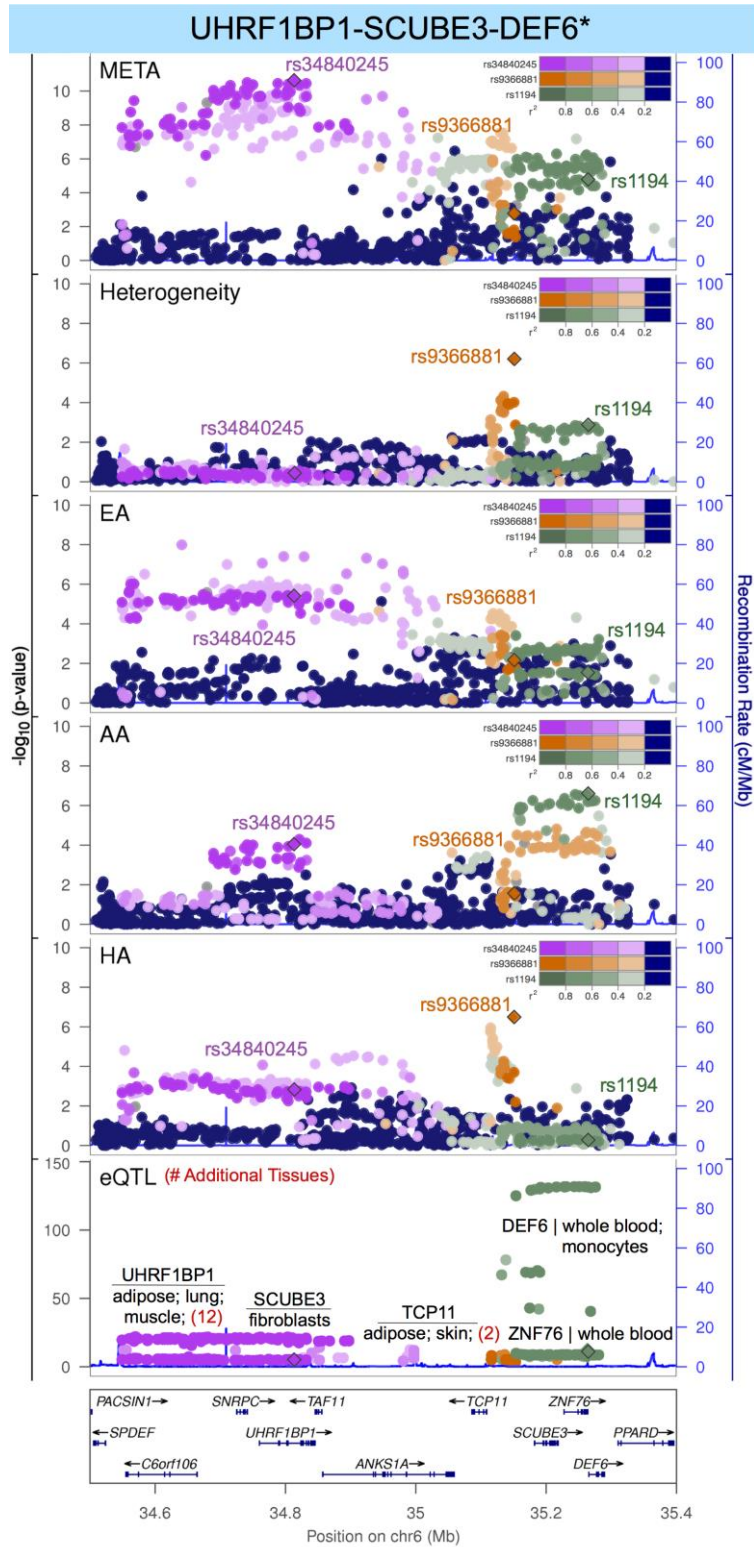
c. DGKQ



d. ST8SIA4

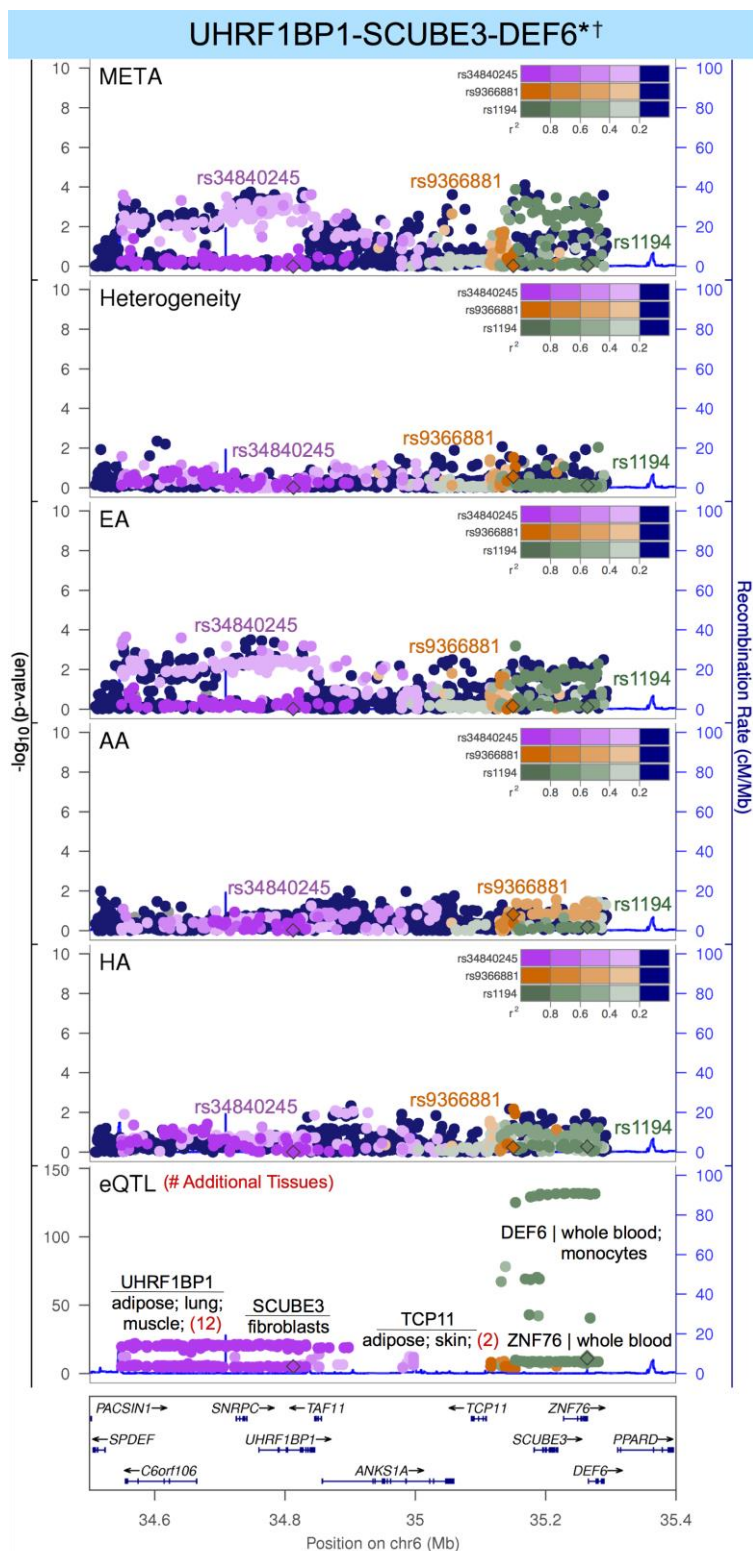


e. UHRF1BP1-SCUBE3-DEF6 (SLE SNP associations adjusted for Classical HLA alleles)



*SLE SNP associations adjusted for Classic HLA alleles

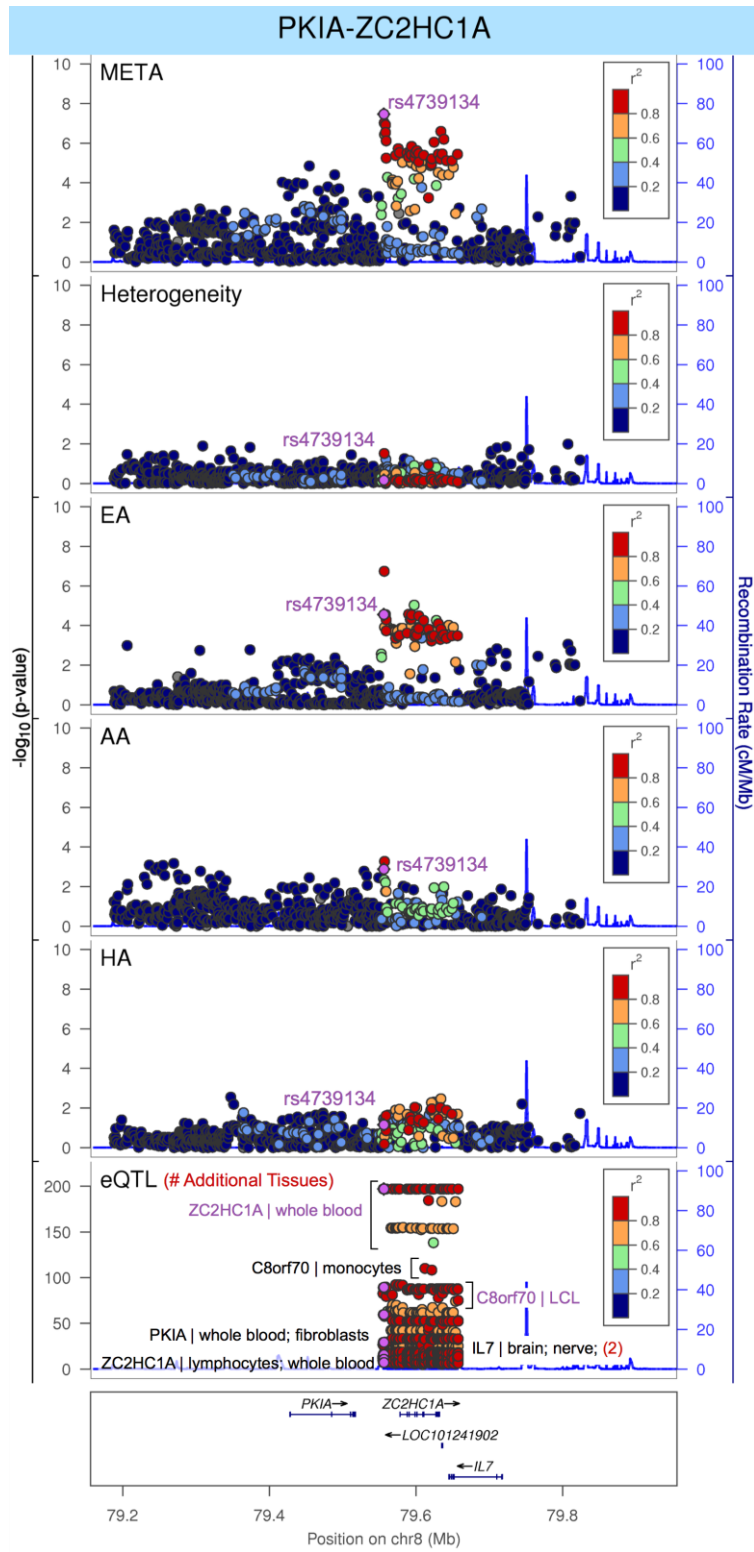
- f. UHRF1BP1-SCUBE3-DEF6 (SLE SNP associations adjusted for Classical HLA alleles, and top 3 ancestry-specific SNPs: *rs34840245*, *rs9366881*, *rs1194*)



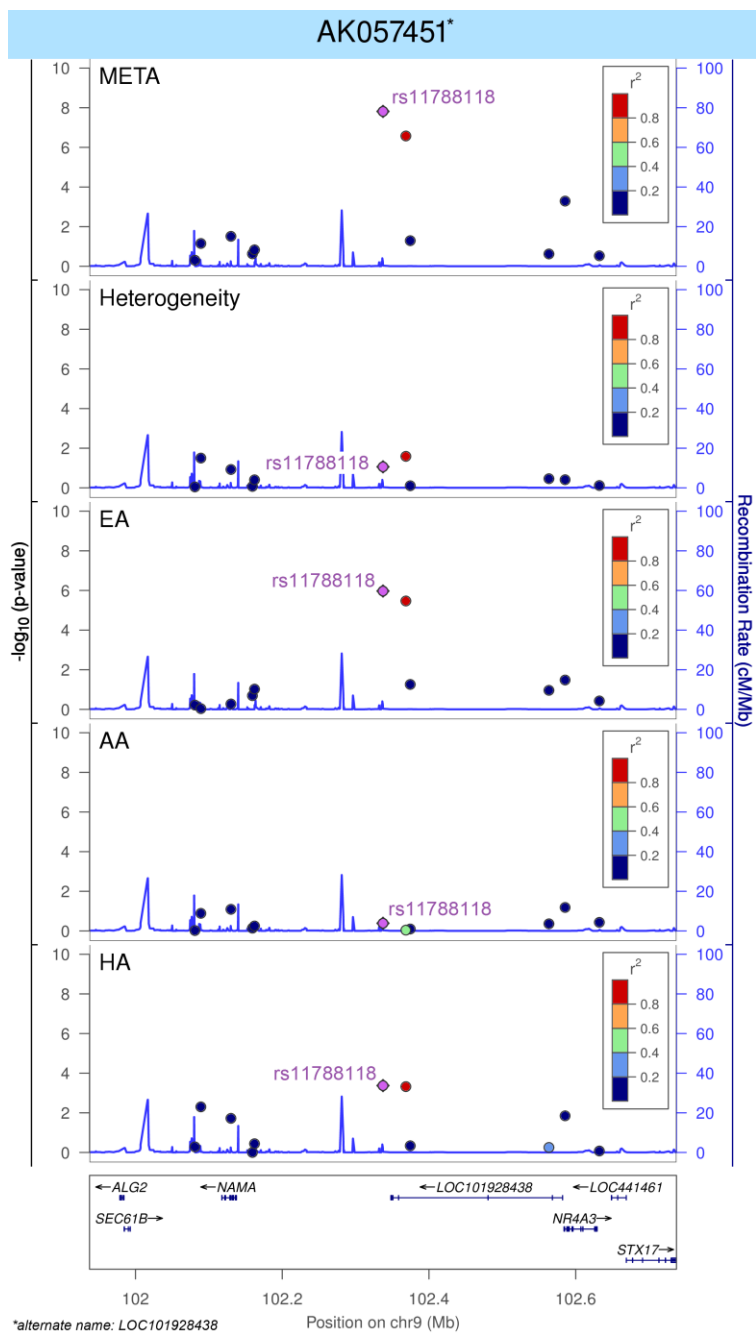
* SLE SNP associations adjusted for Classic HLA alleles

† Post-adjustment for top 3 SNPs in region: *rs34840245*; *rs9366881*; *rs1194*

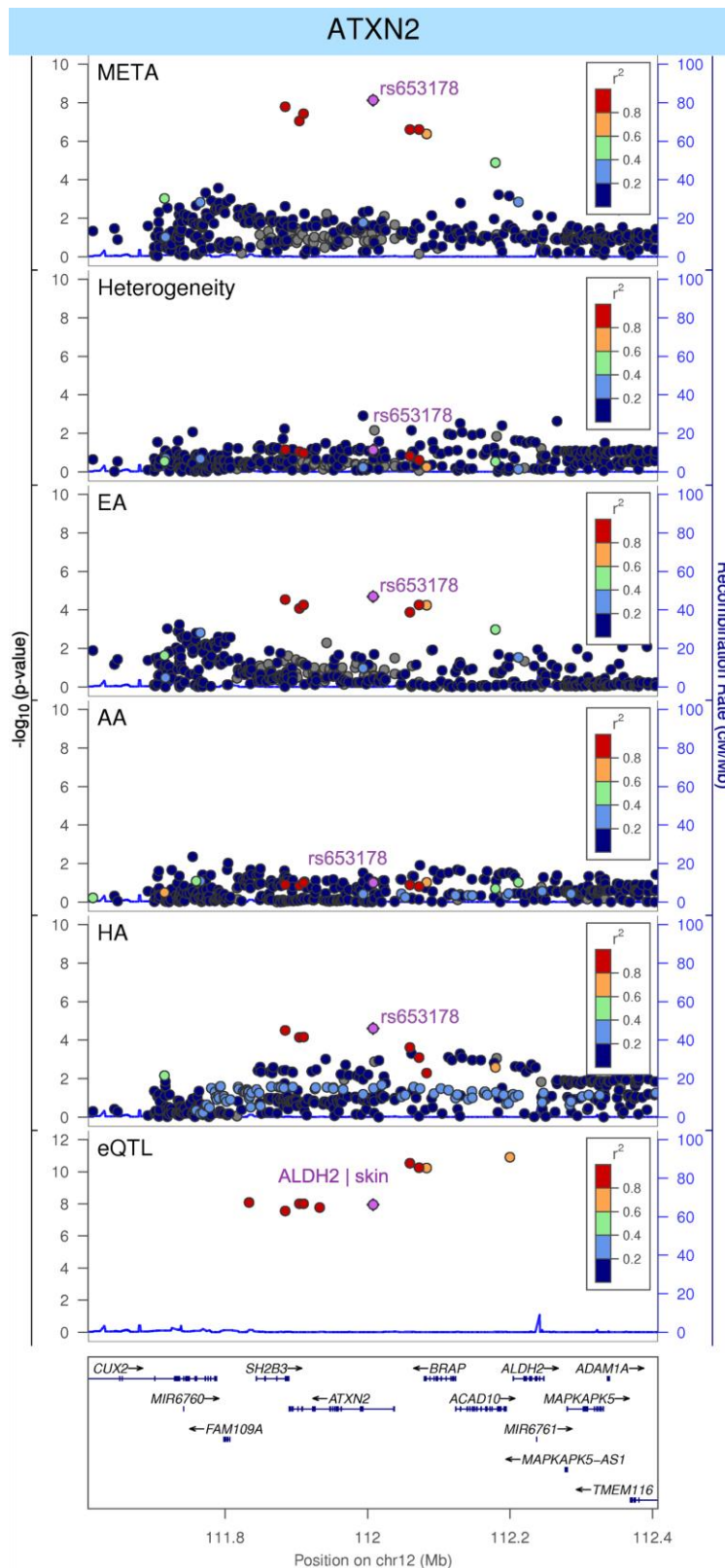
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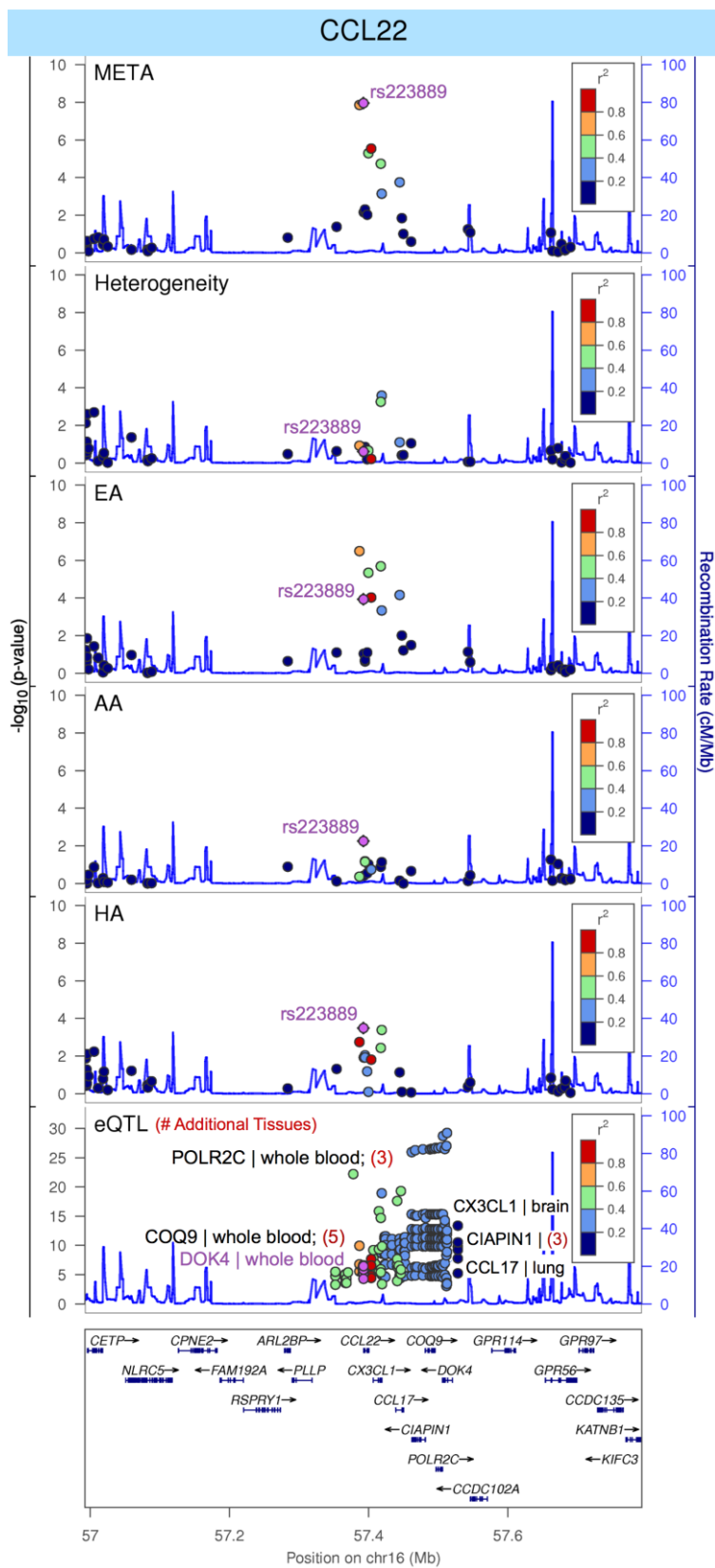


h. AK057451

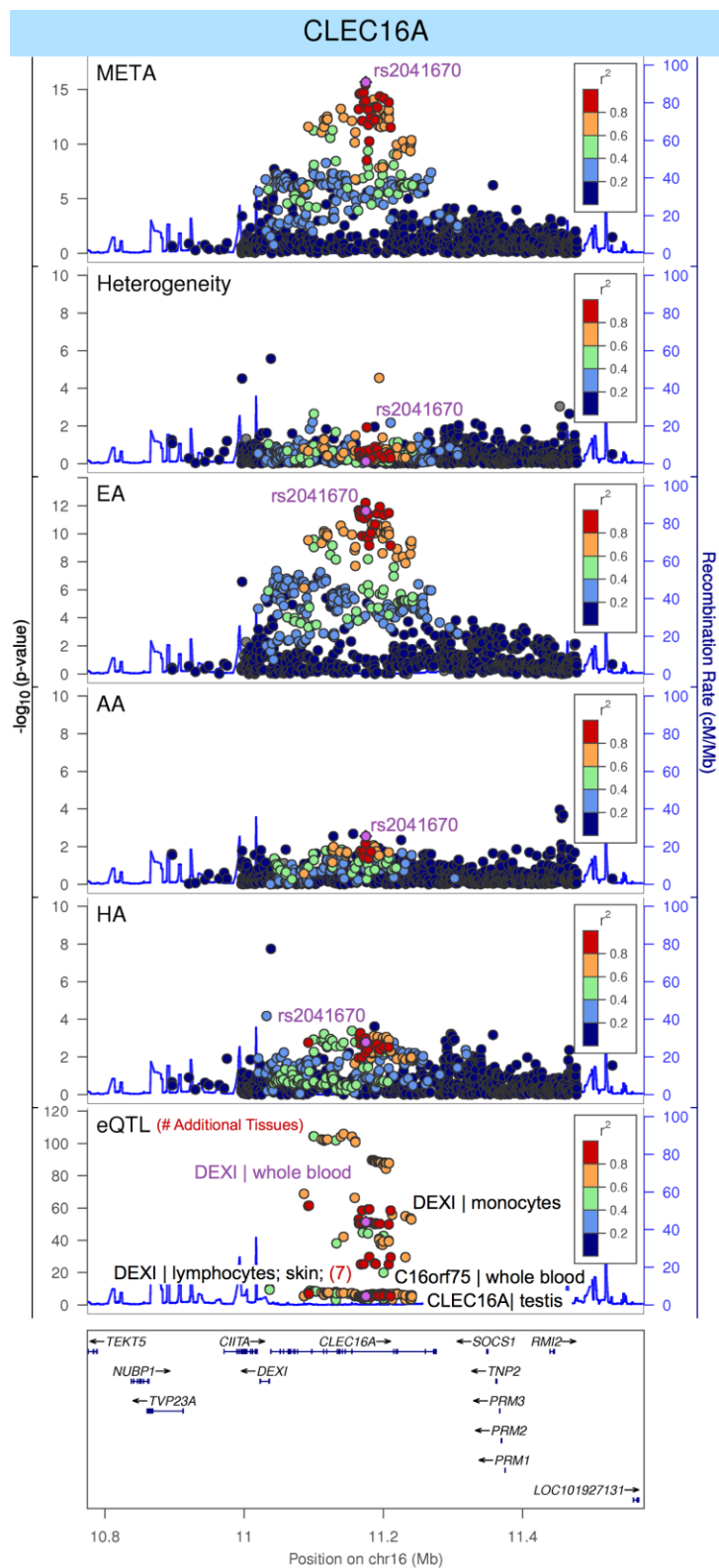


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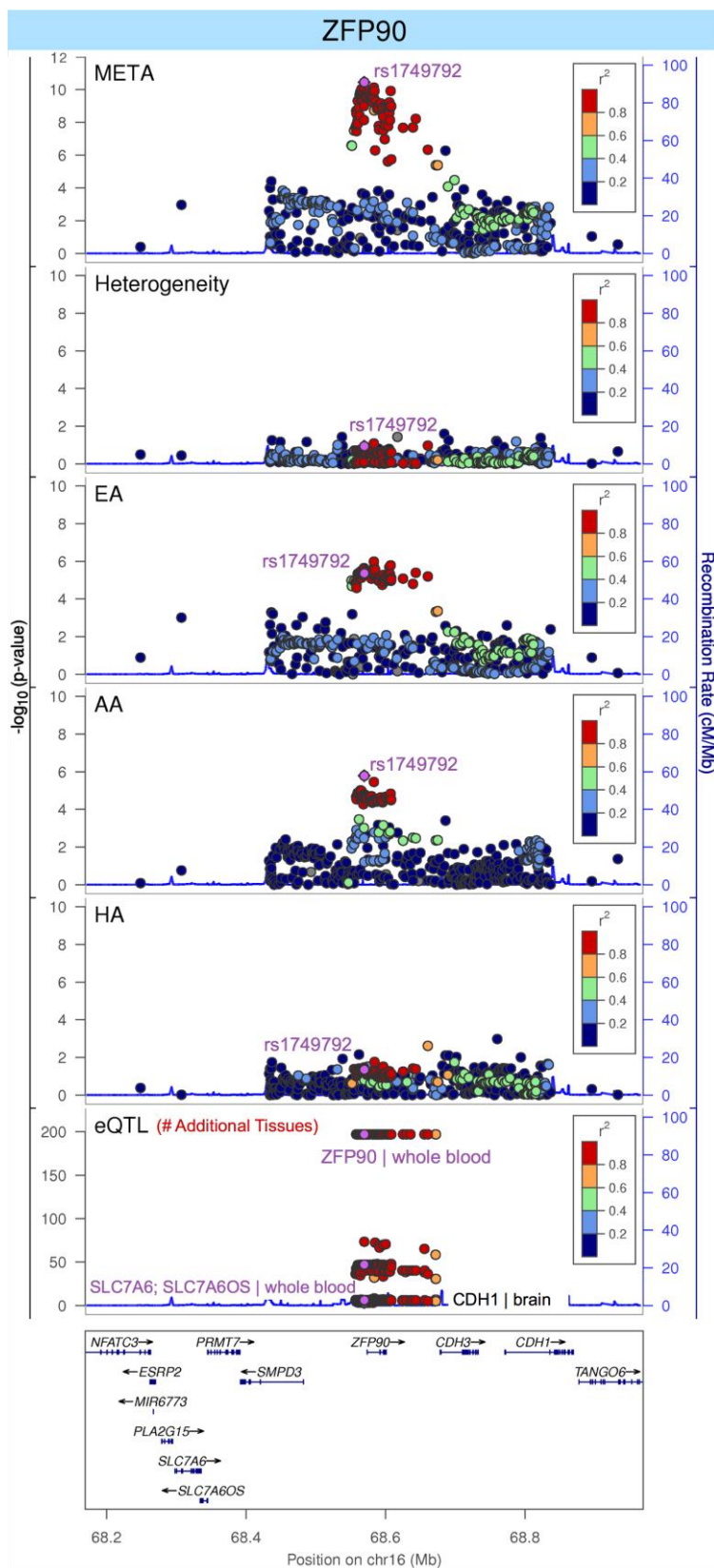


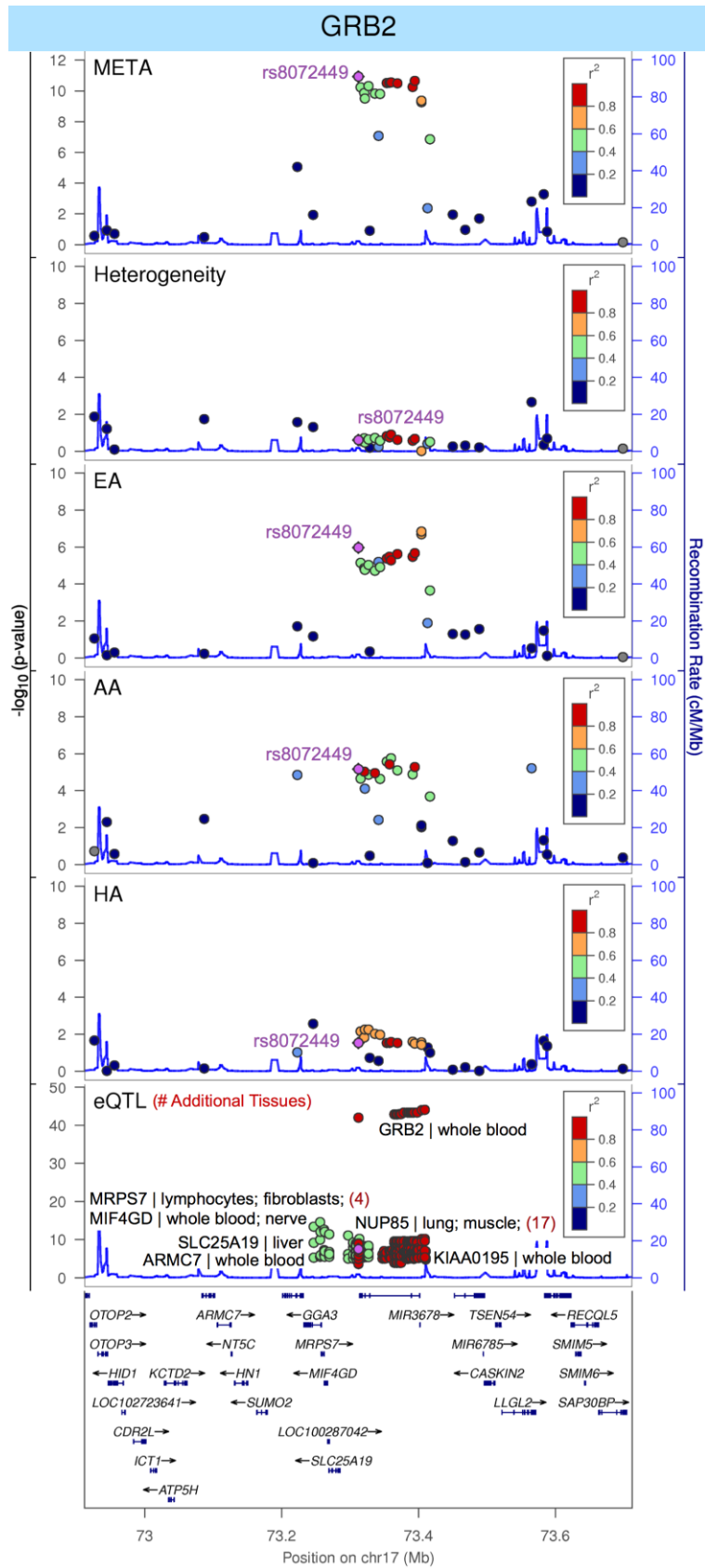


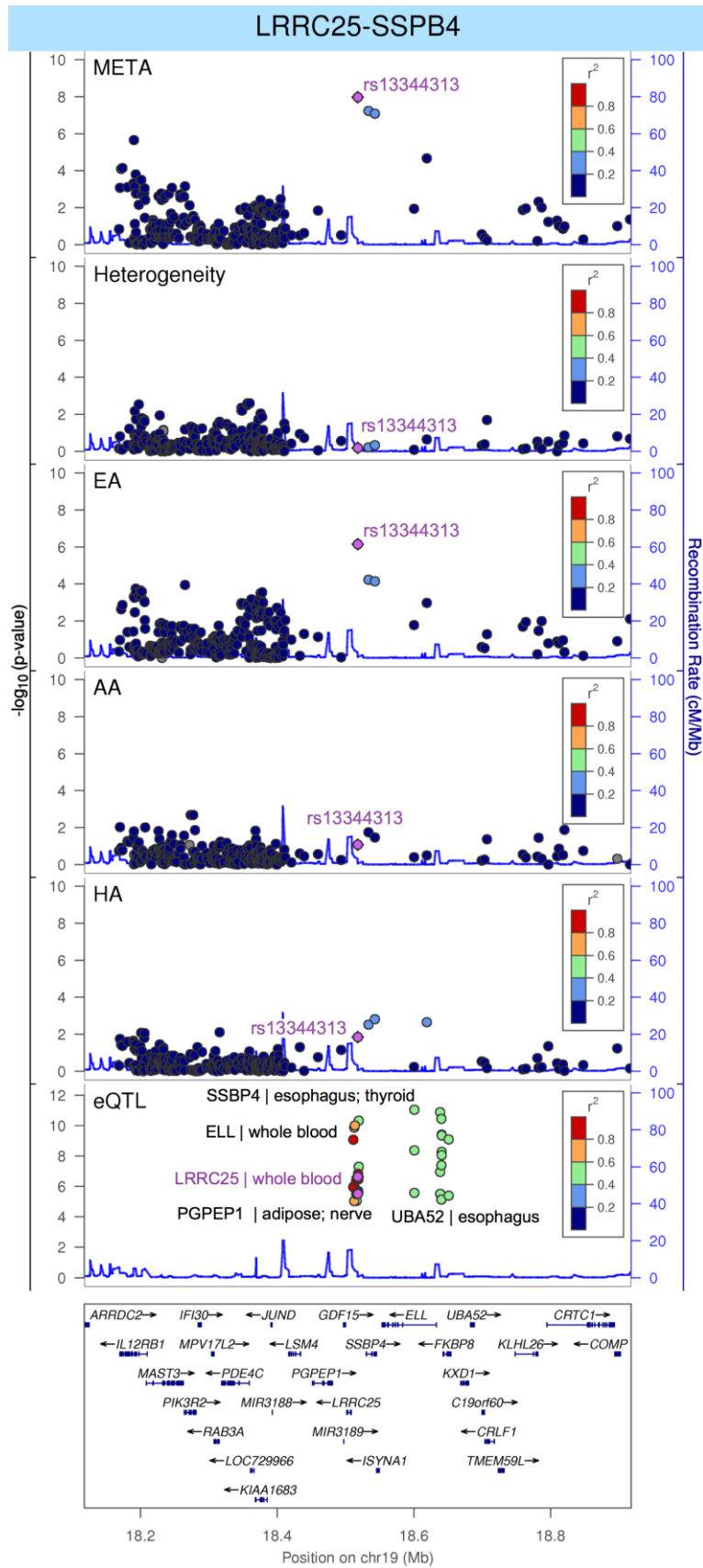
k. CLEC16A



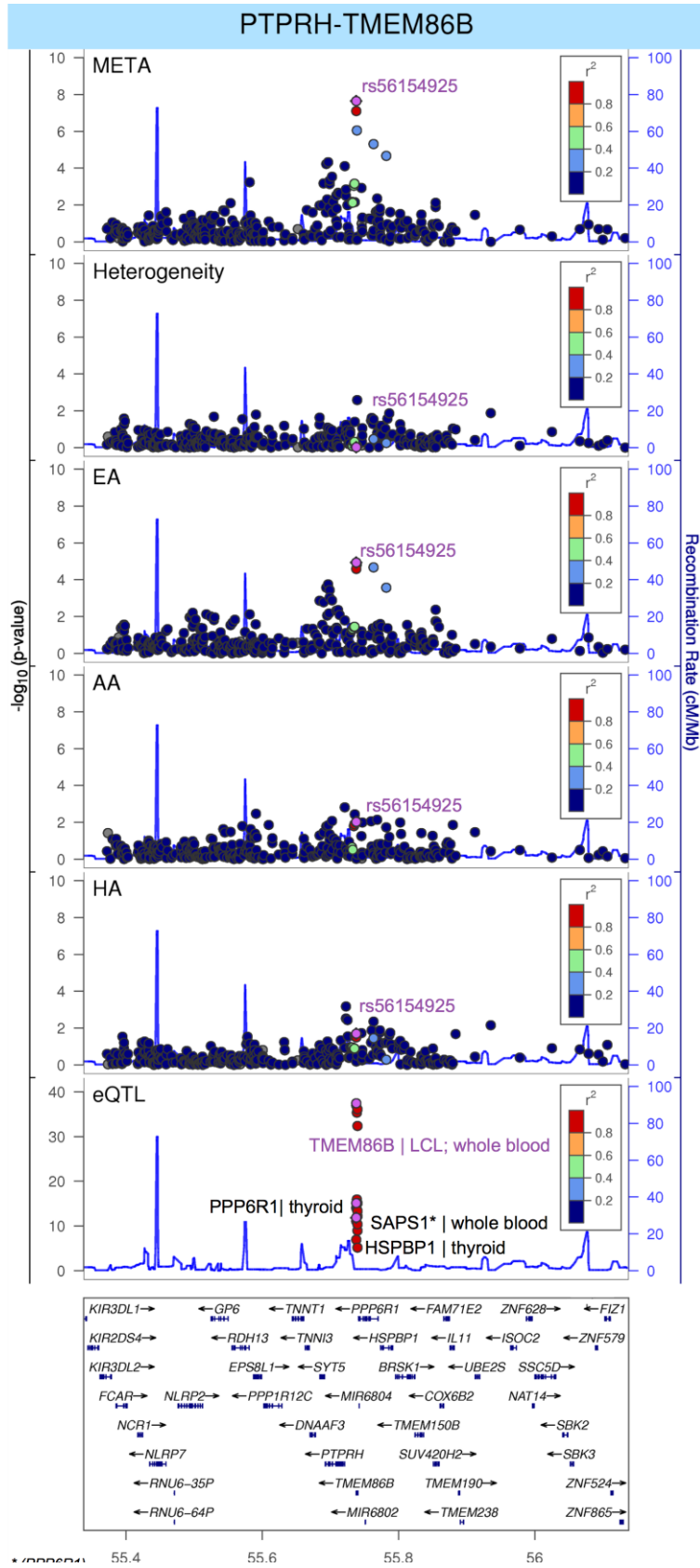
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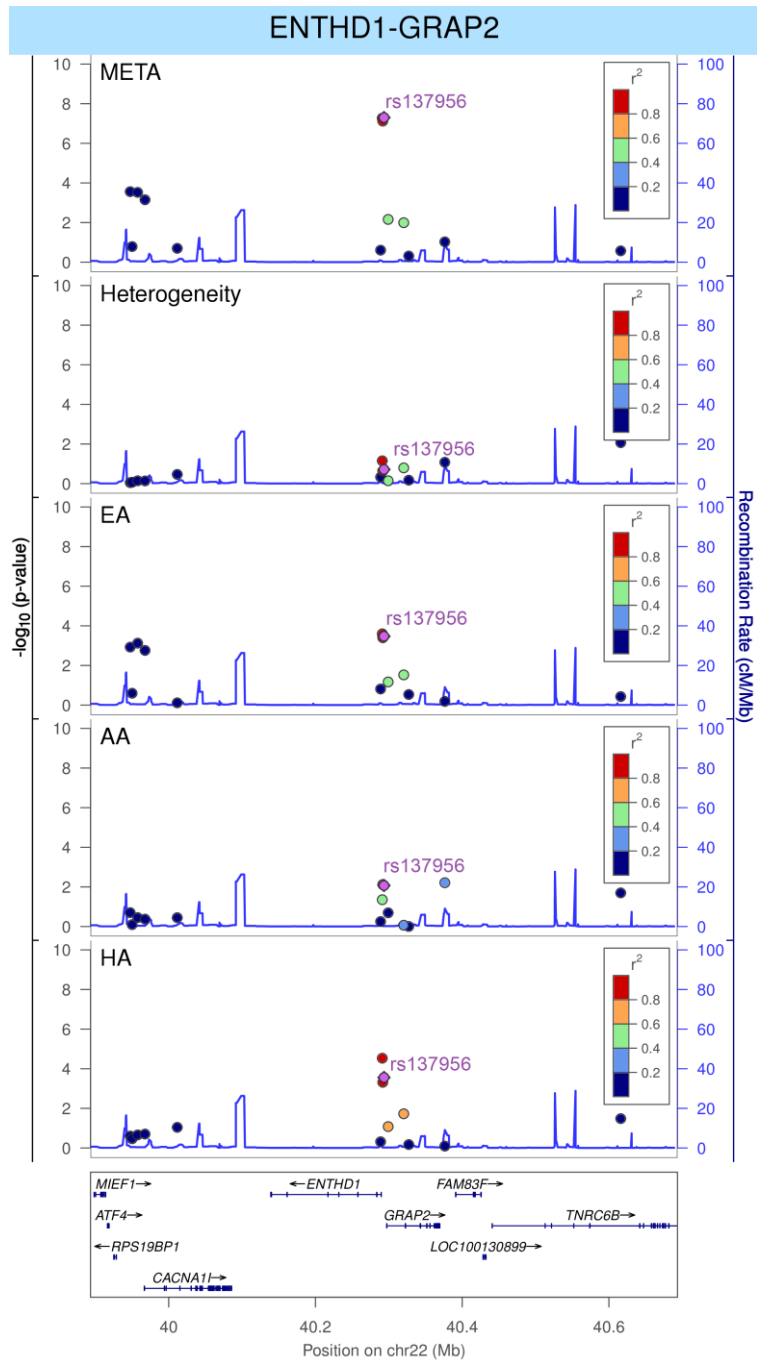




o. PTPRH-TMEM86B

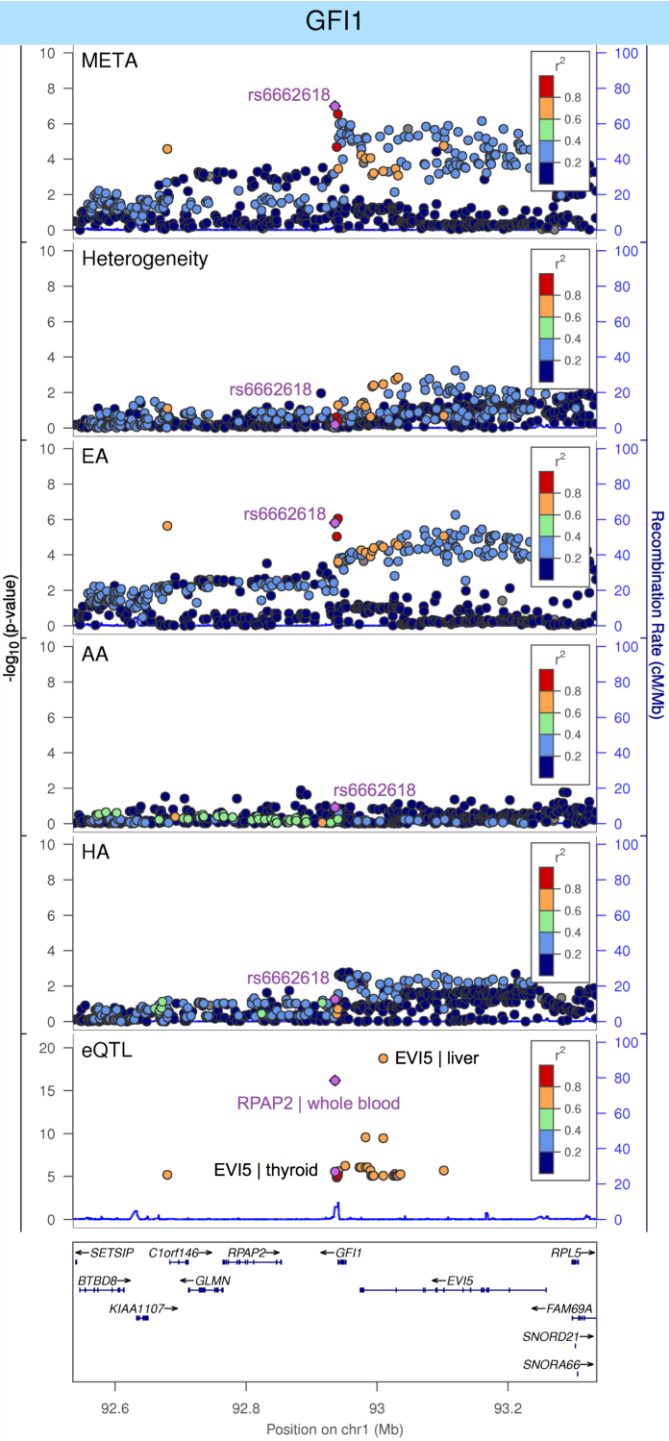


p. ENTHD1-GRAP2

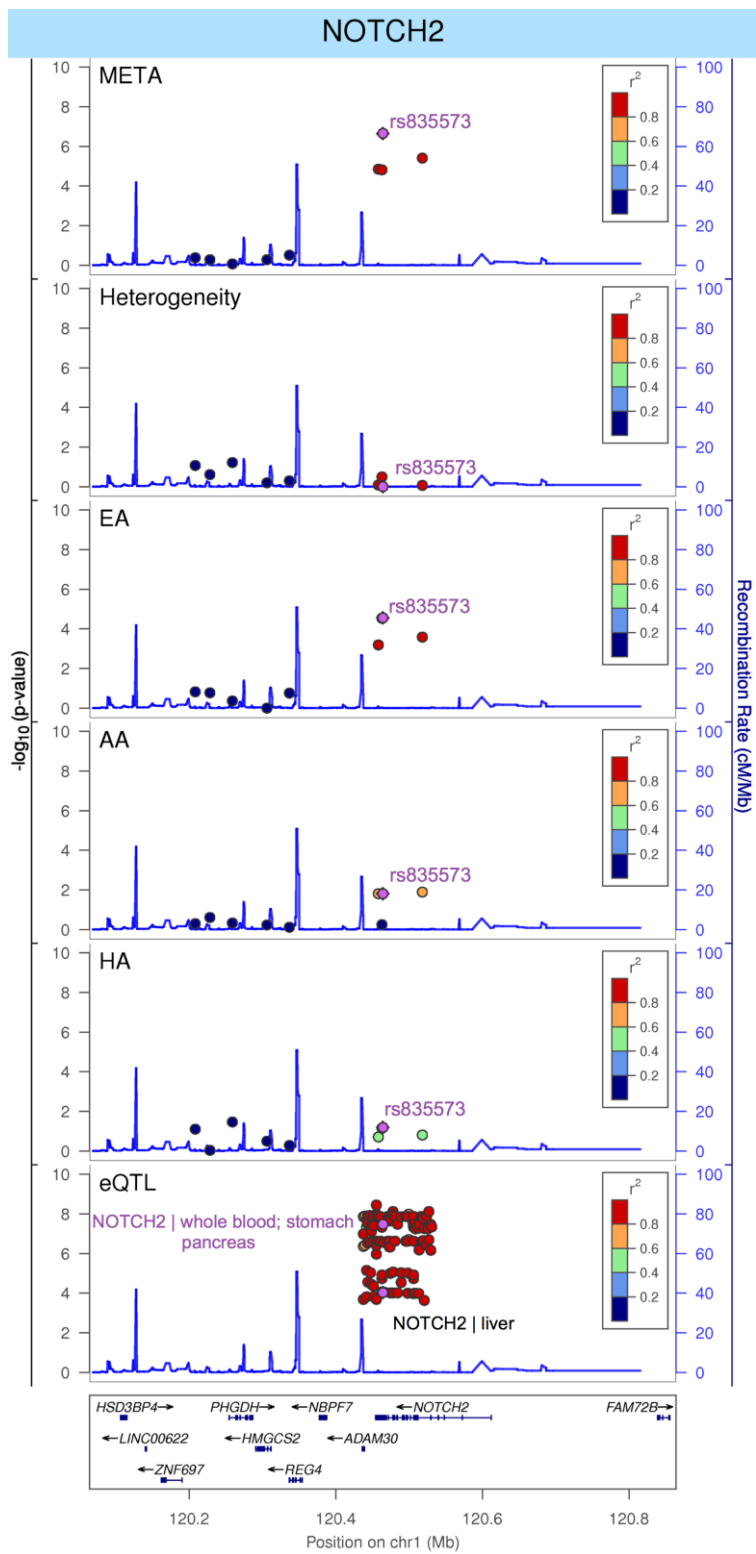


Supplementary Figure 14. Plots of novel Tier 2 meta-analysis and transancestral-mapping regions. Plots appear in the order found in Table 3b. Individual plots were created using LocusZoom standalone software (<http://locuszoom.sph.umich.edu/>).

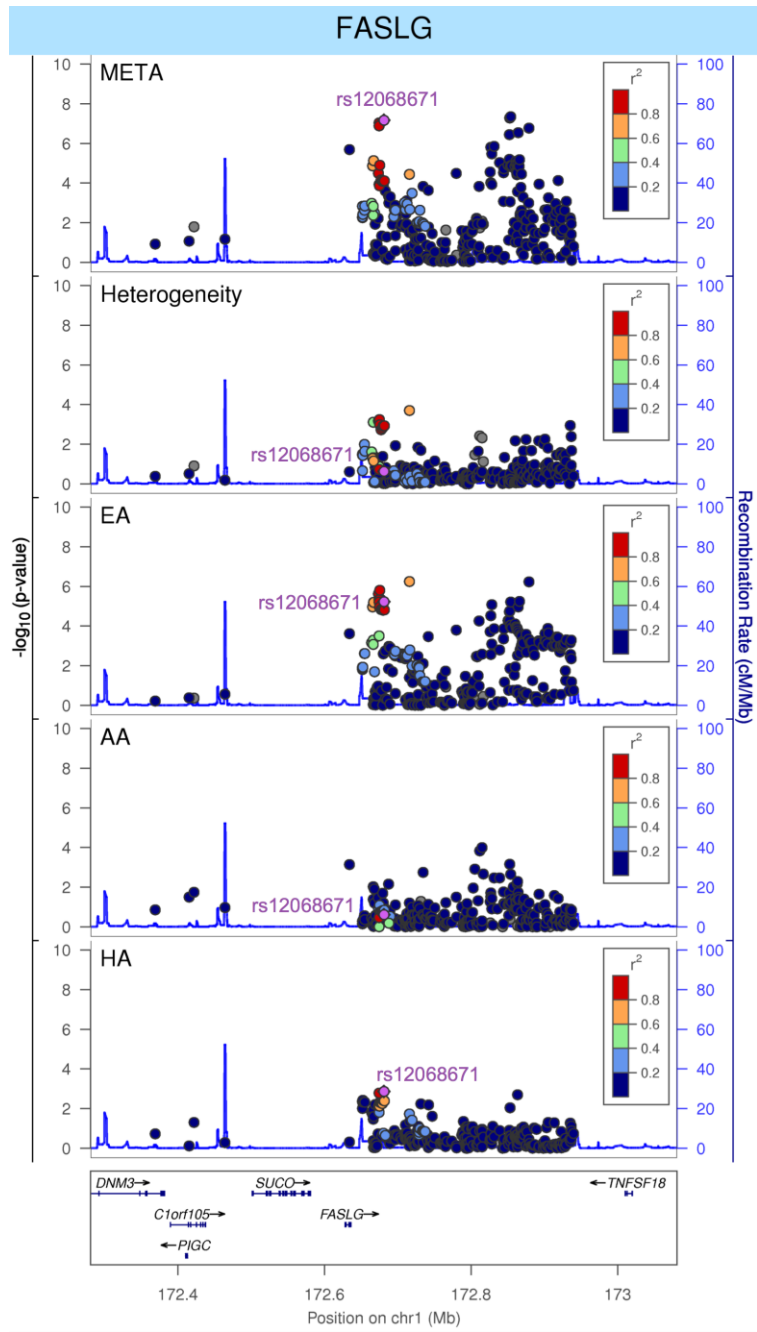
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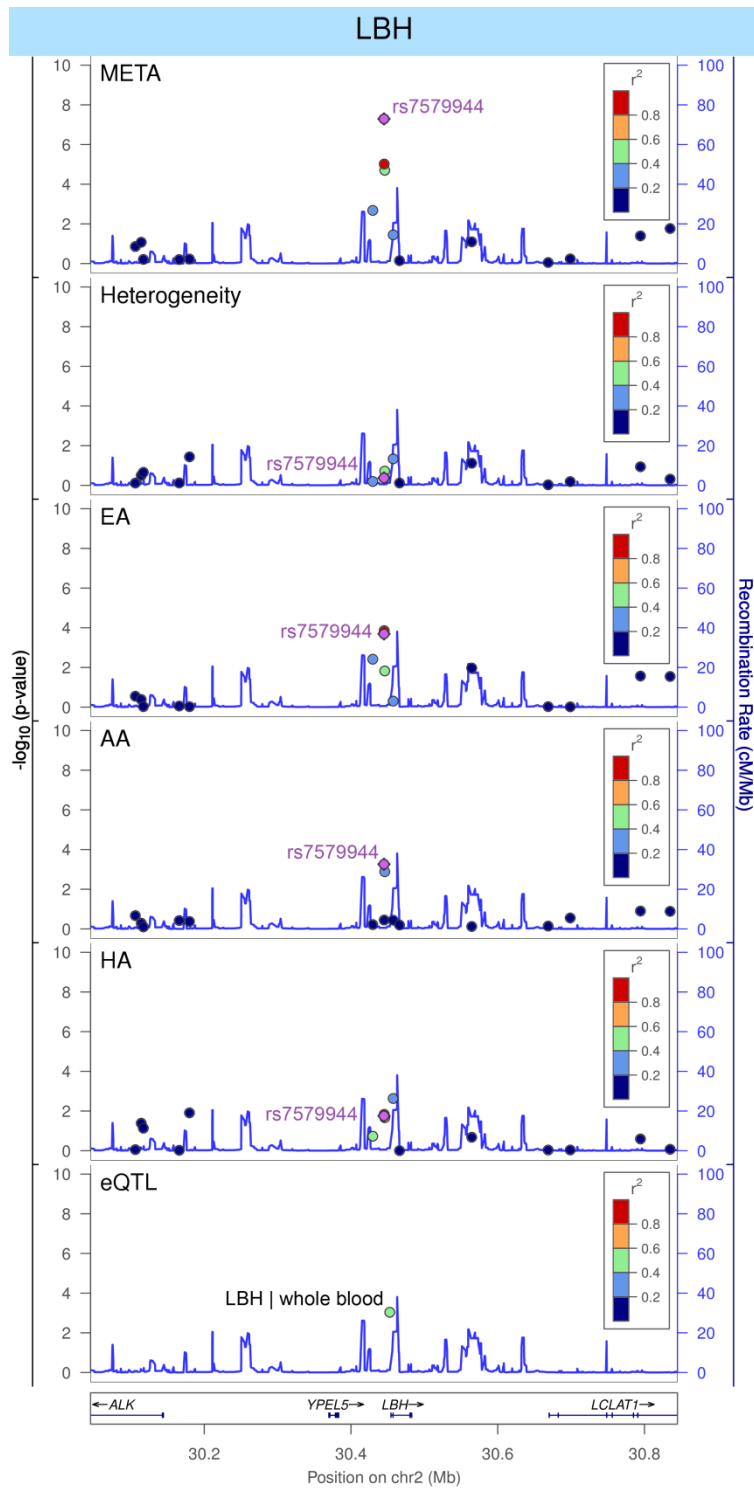
b. NOTCH2



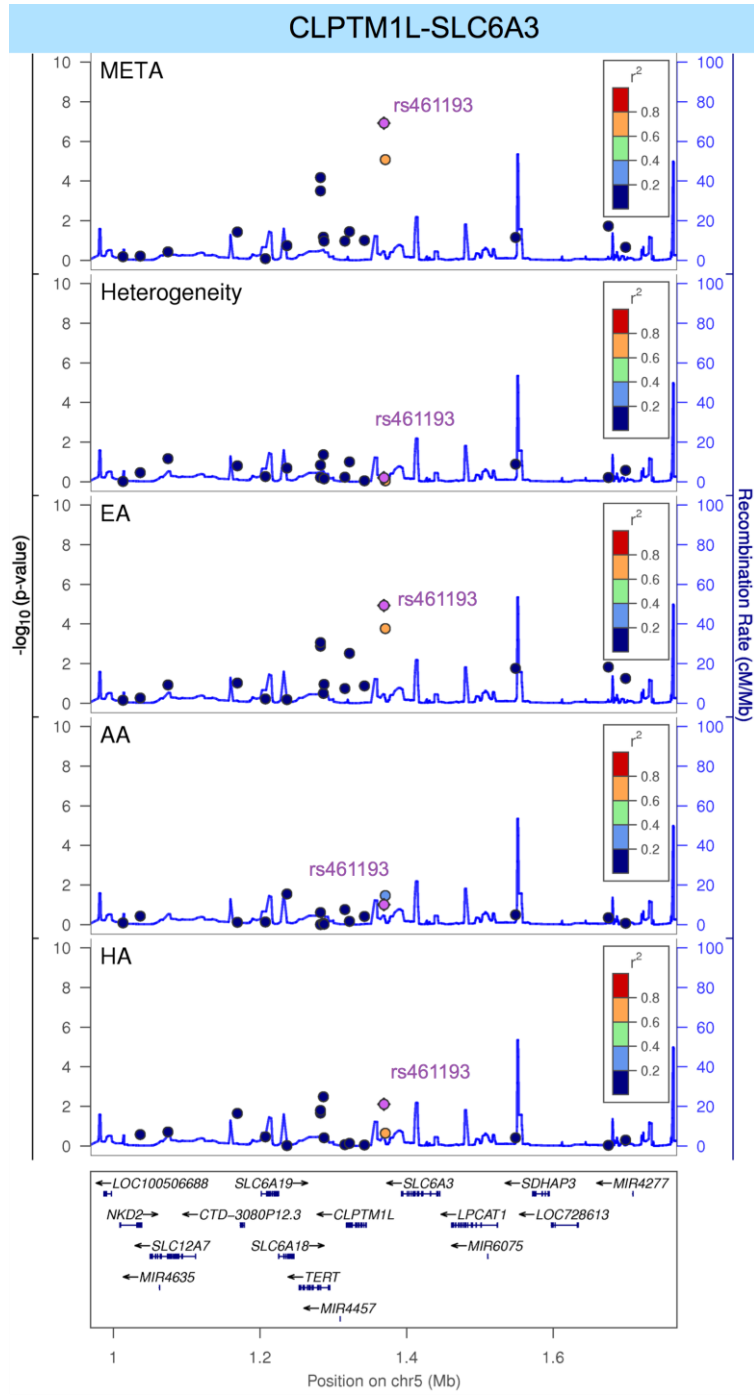
c. FASLG



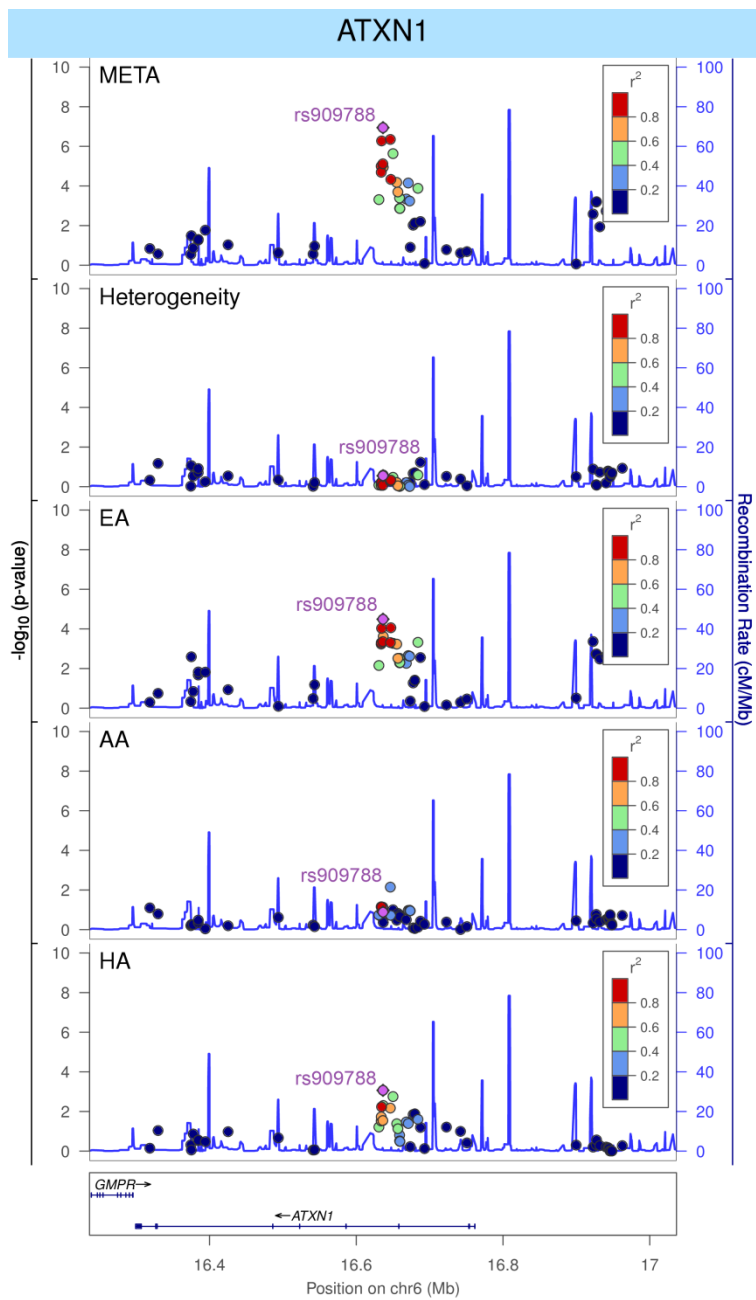
d. LBH



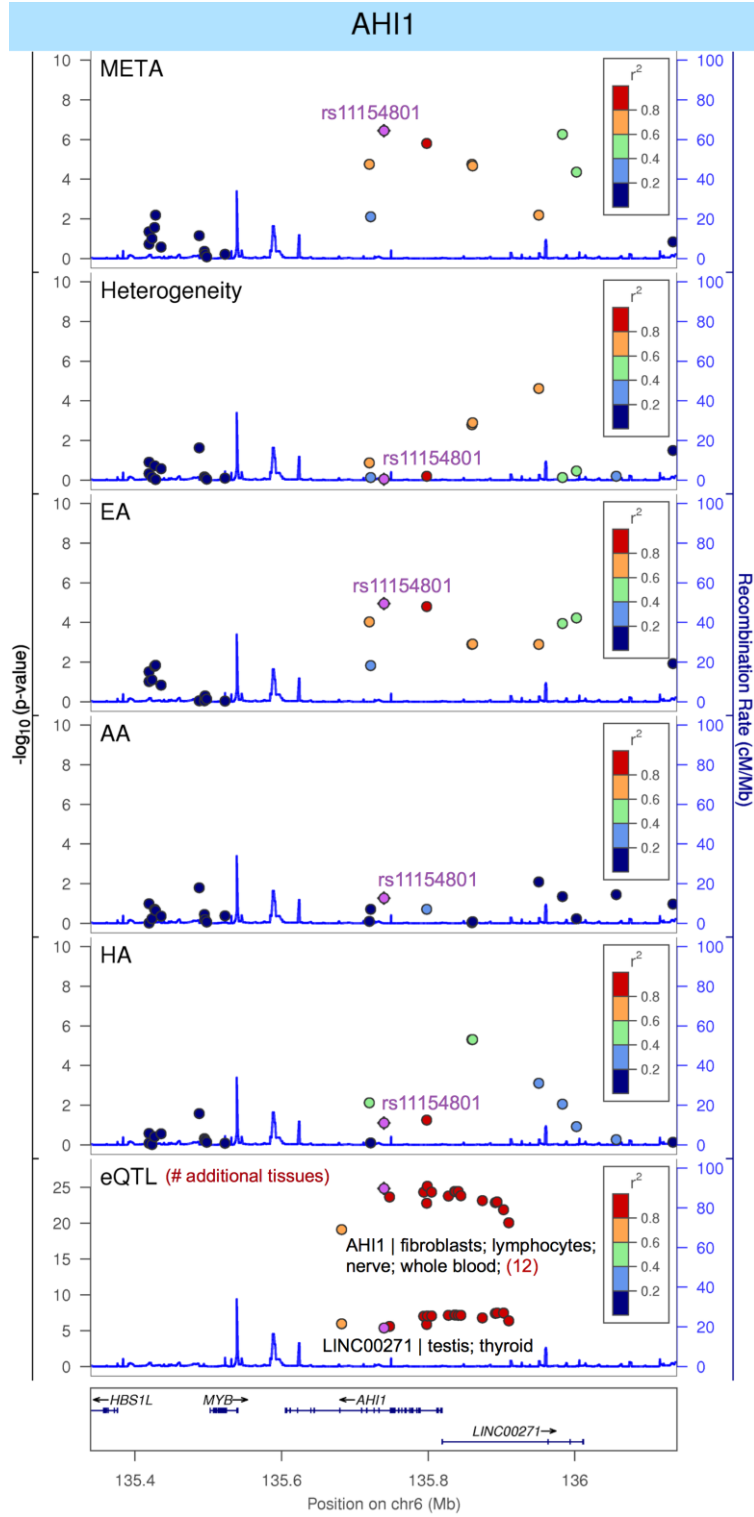
e. CLPTM1L-SLC6A3



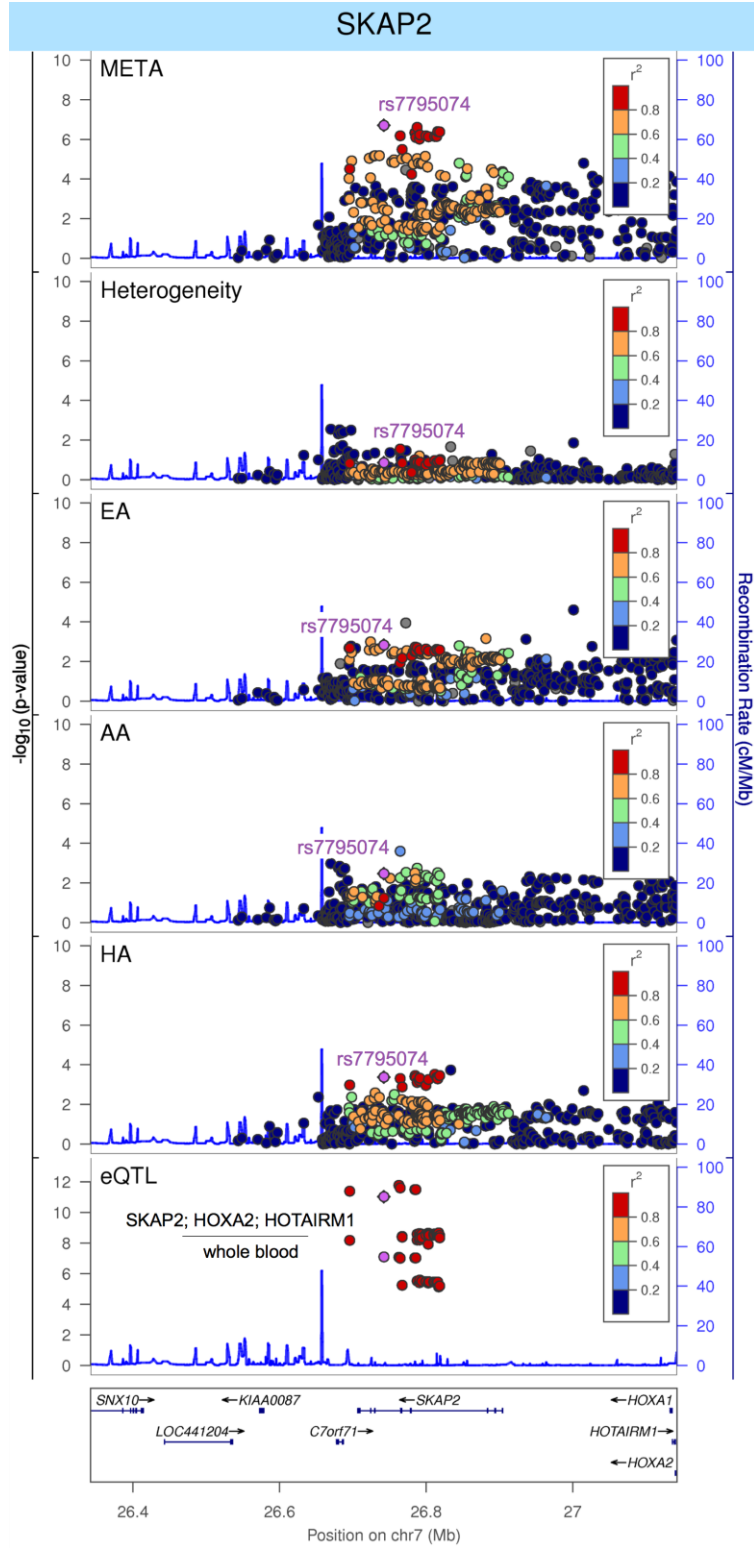
f. ATXN1



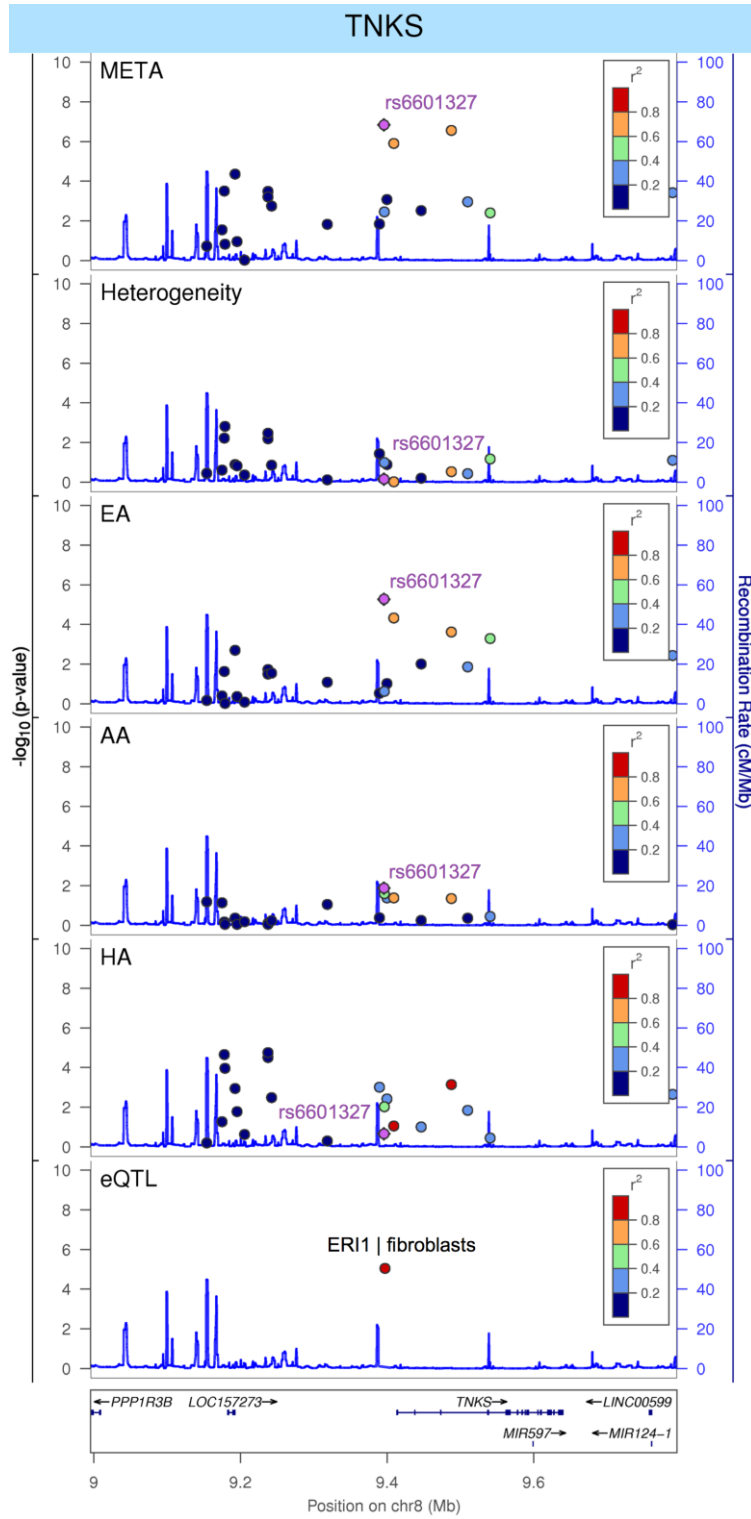
g. AH1



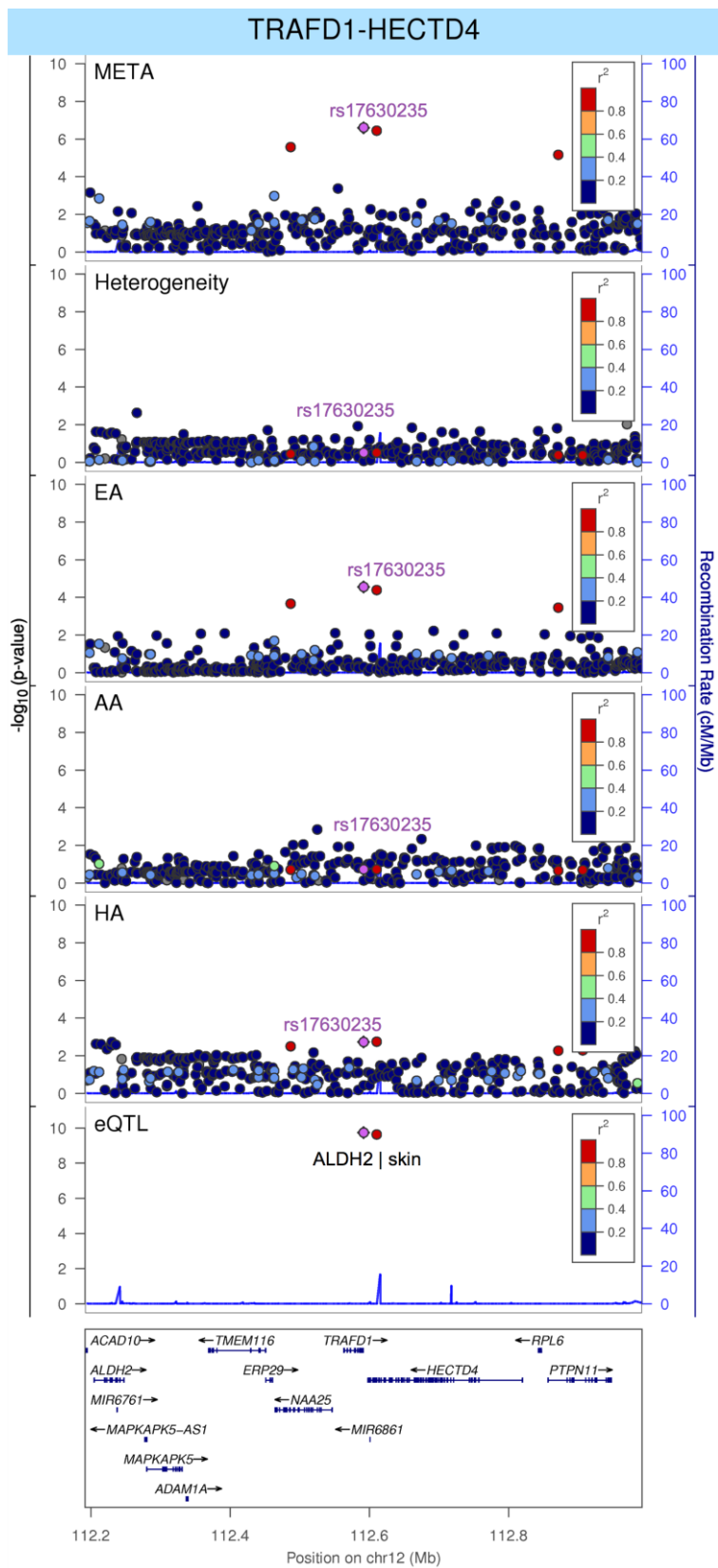
h. SKAP2



i. TNKS

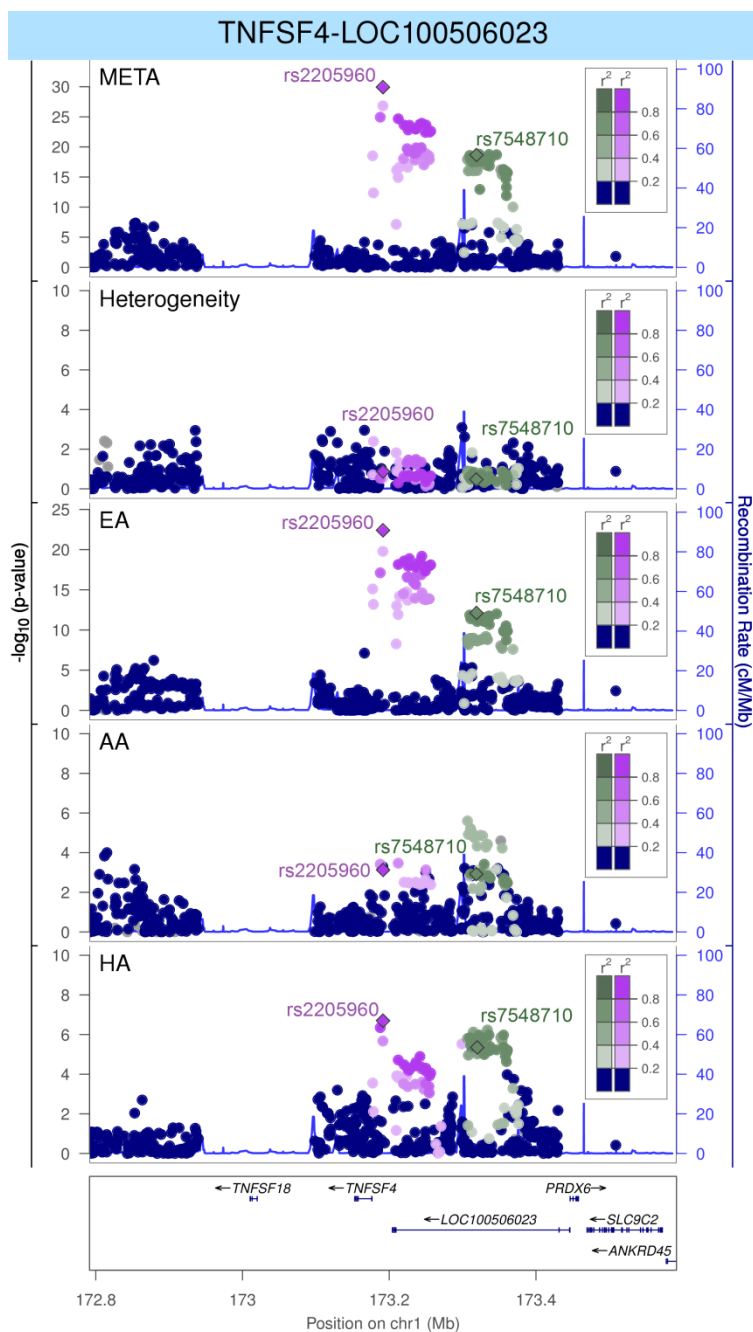


j. TRAFD1-HECTD4

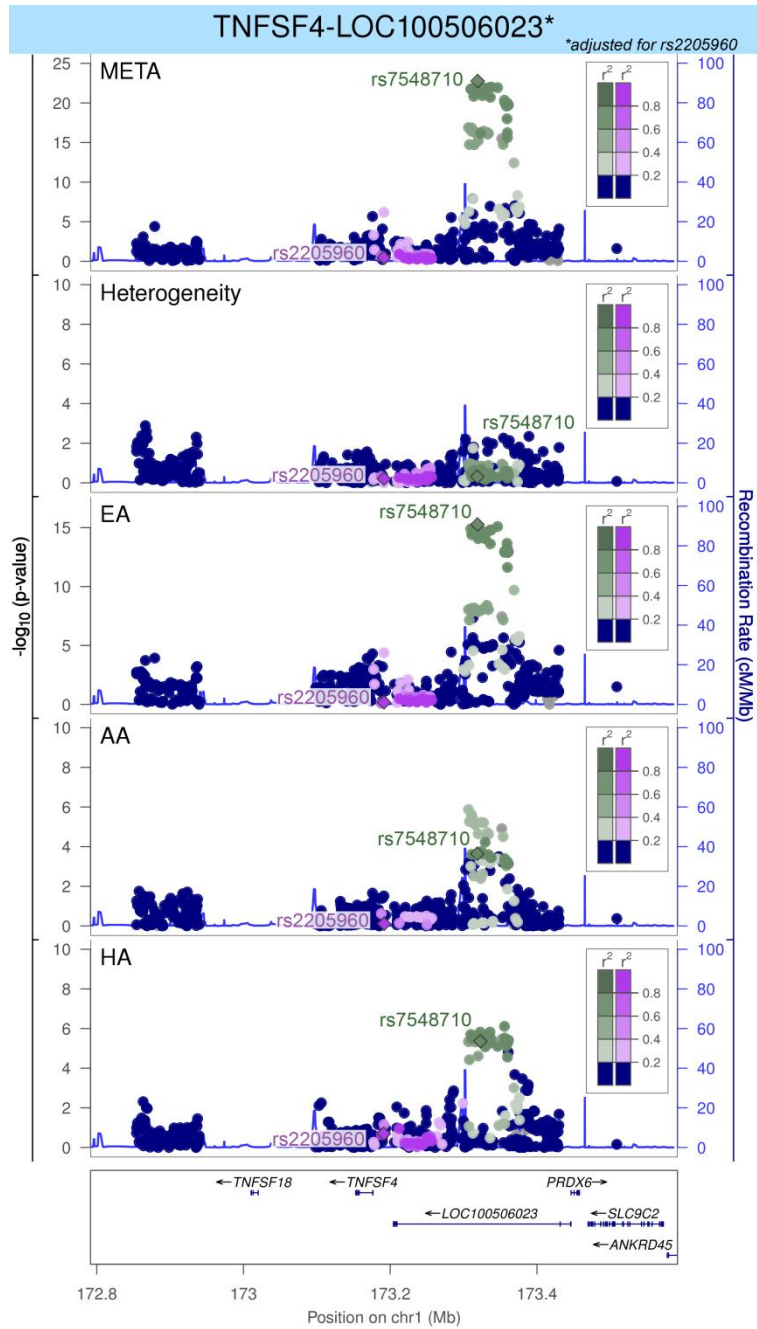


Supplementary Figure 15. Plots of Tier 1 meta-analysis regions noted for transancestral-mapping. Plots appear in the order found in Table 4. Individual plots were created using LocusZoom standalone software (<http://locuszoom.sph.umich.edu/>).

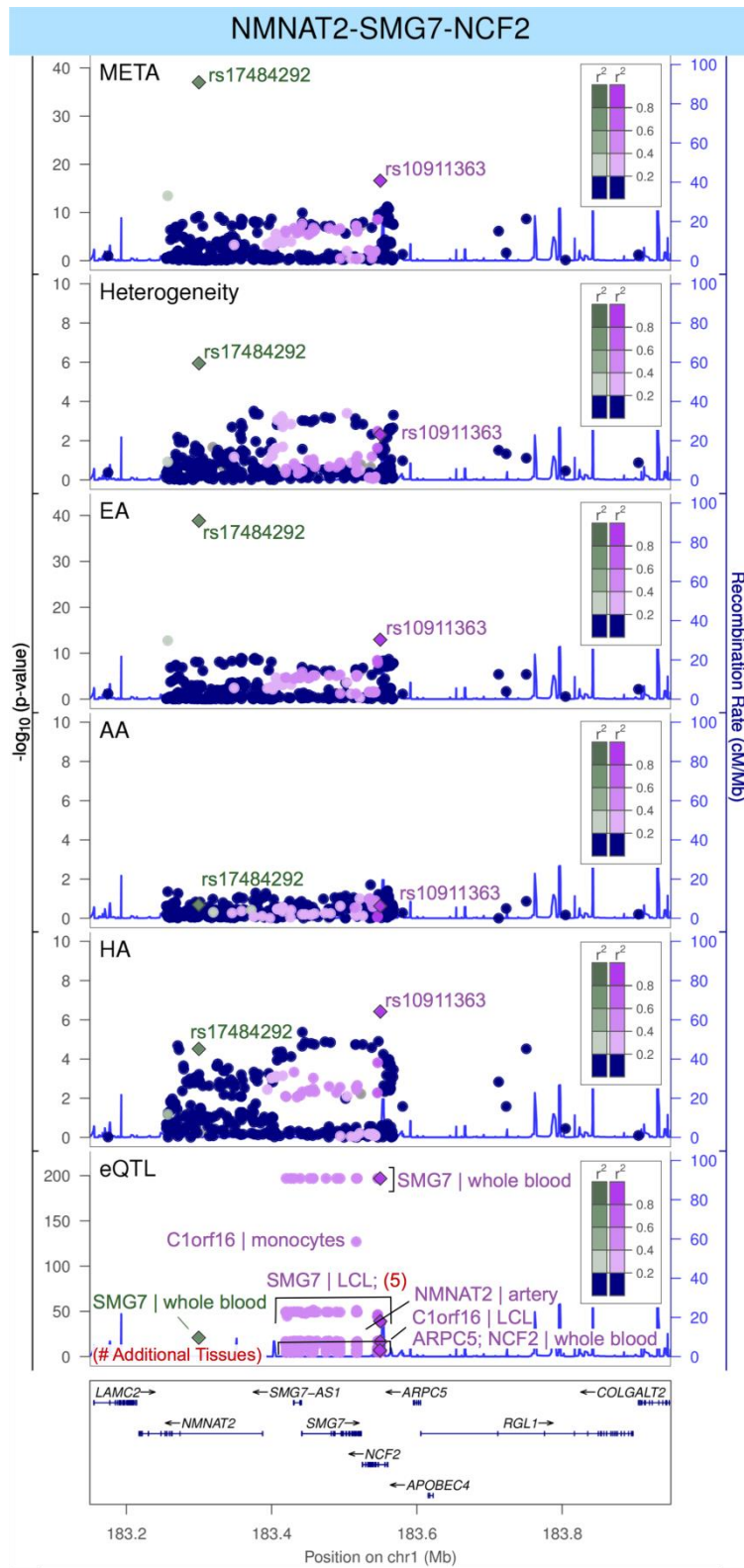
a. TNFSF4-LOC100506023



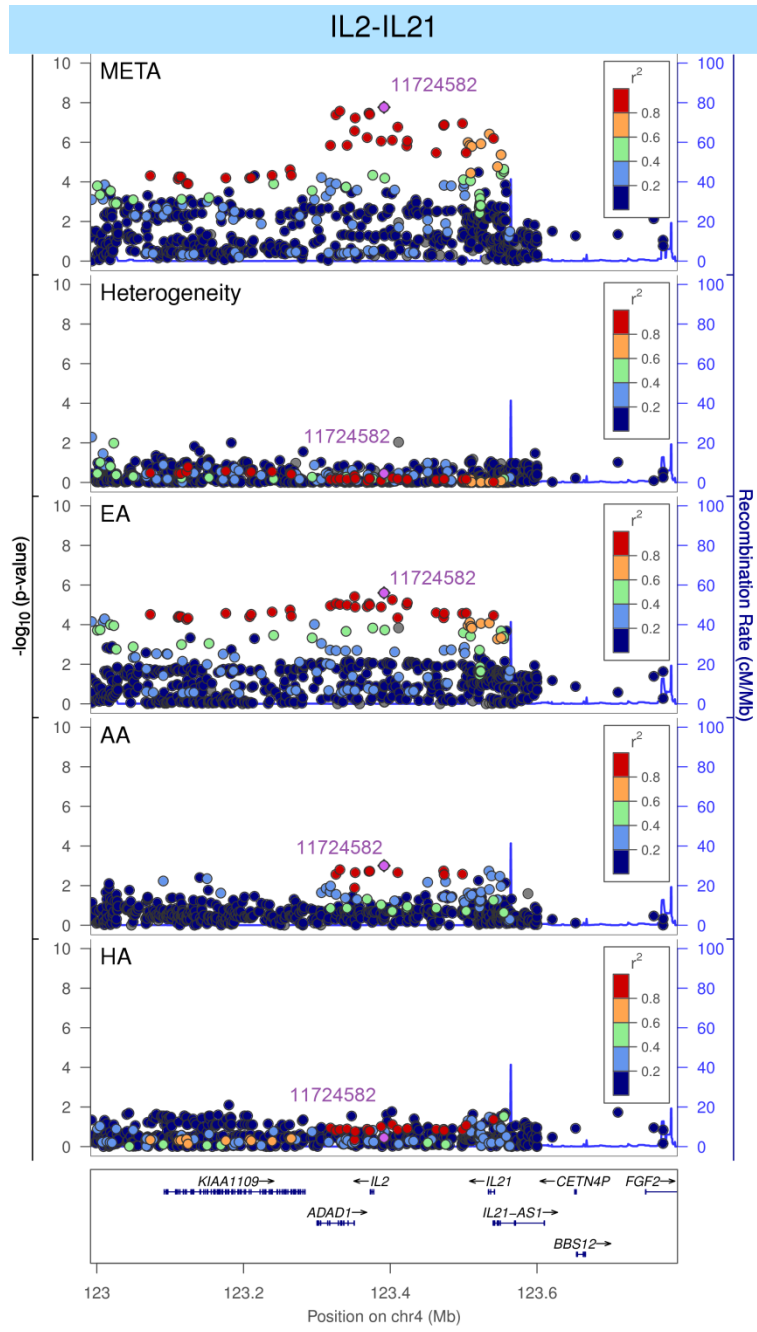
b. TNFSF4-LOC100506023



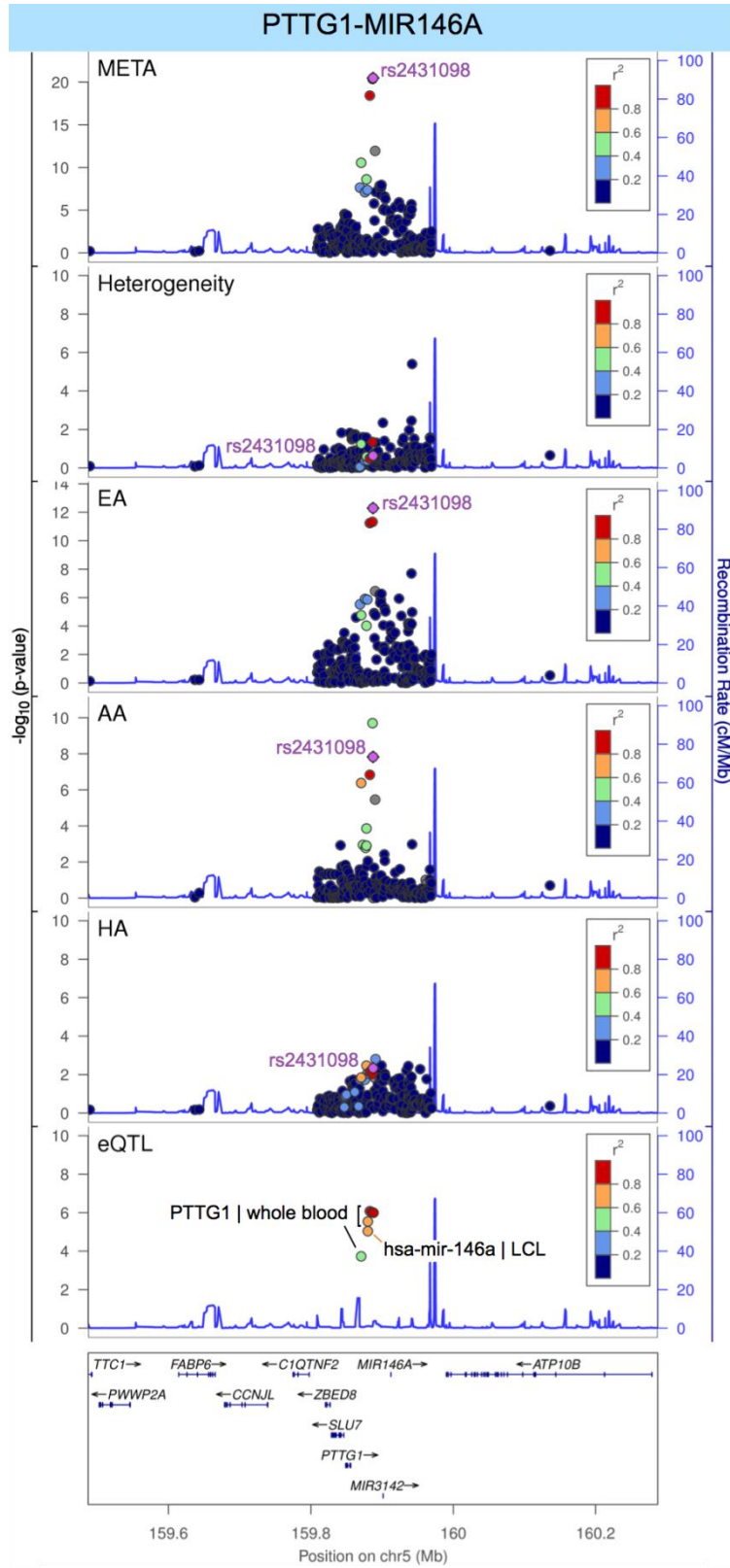
c. NMNAT2-SMG7-NCF2



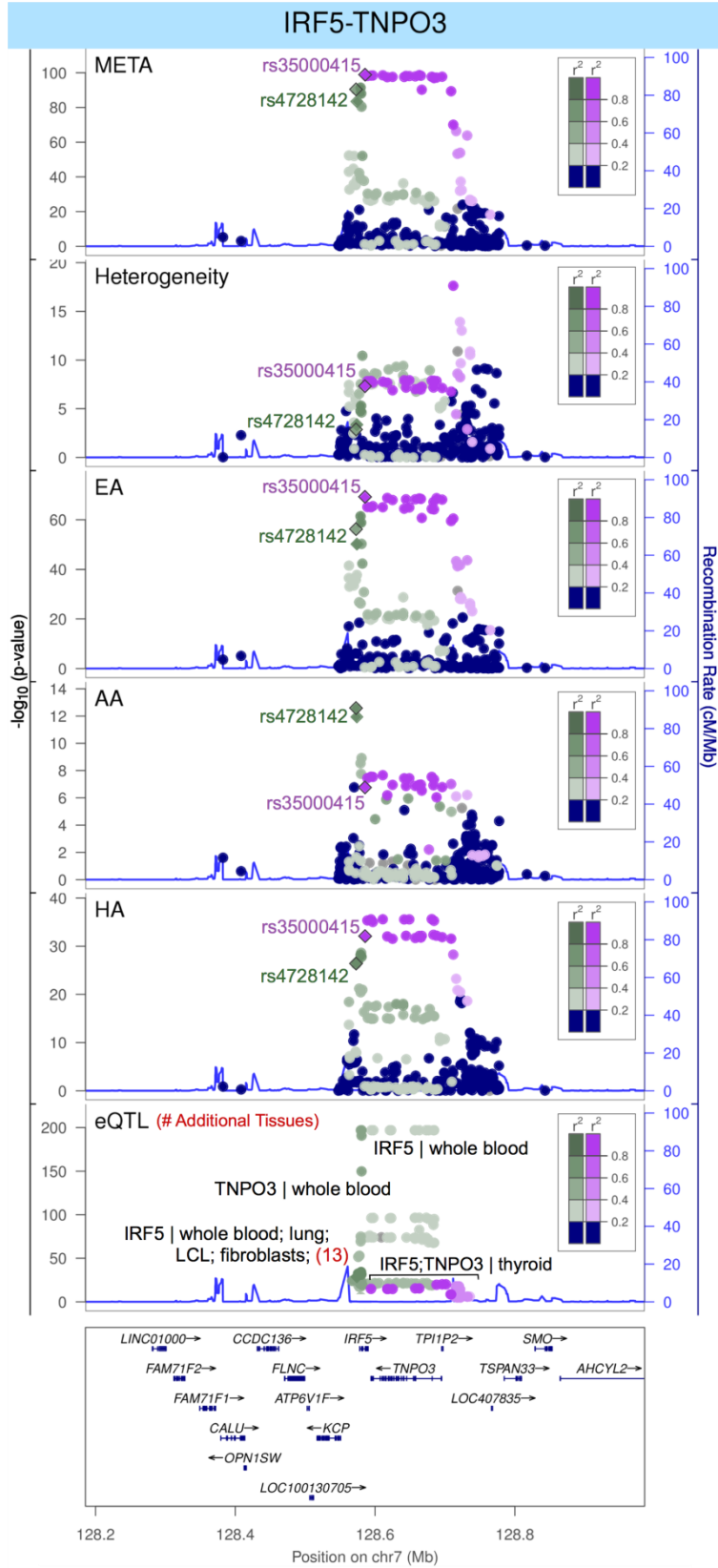
d. IL2-IL21



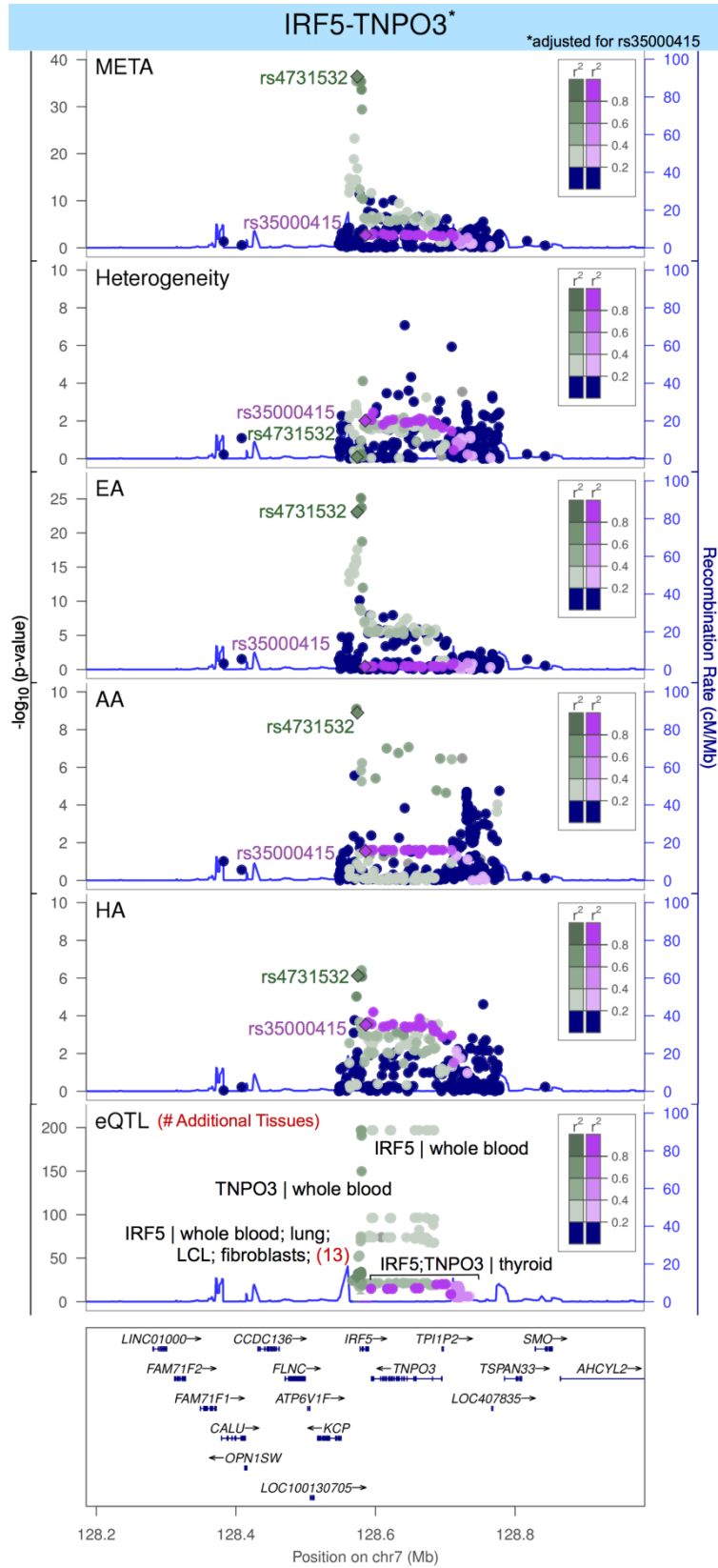
e. PTTG1-MIR146A



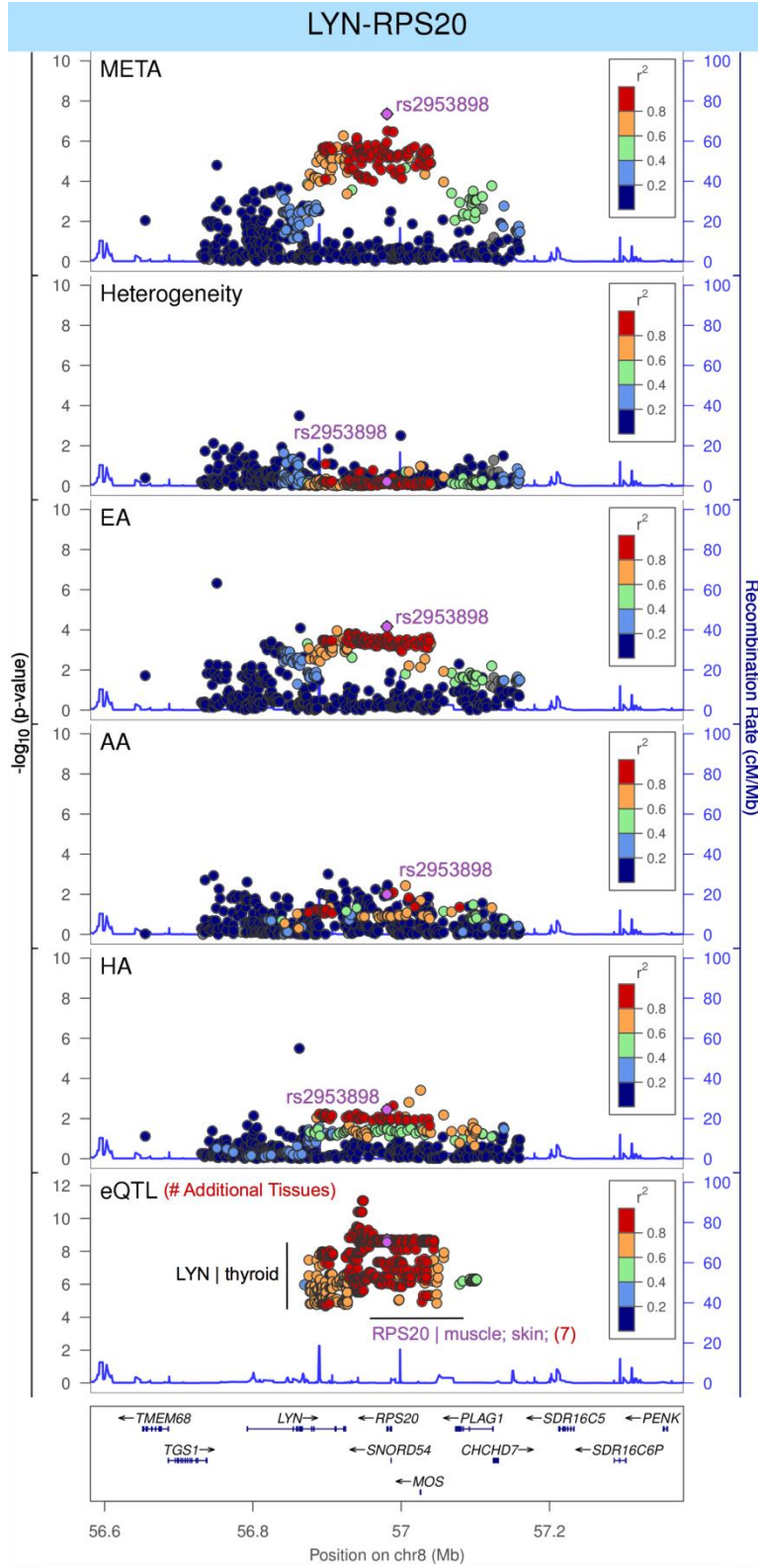
f. IRF5-TNPO3



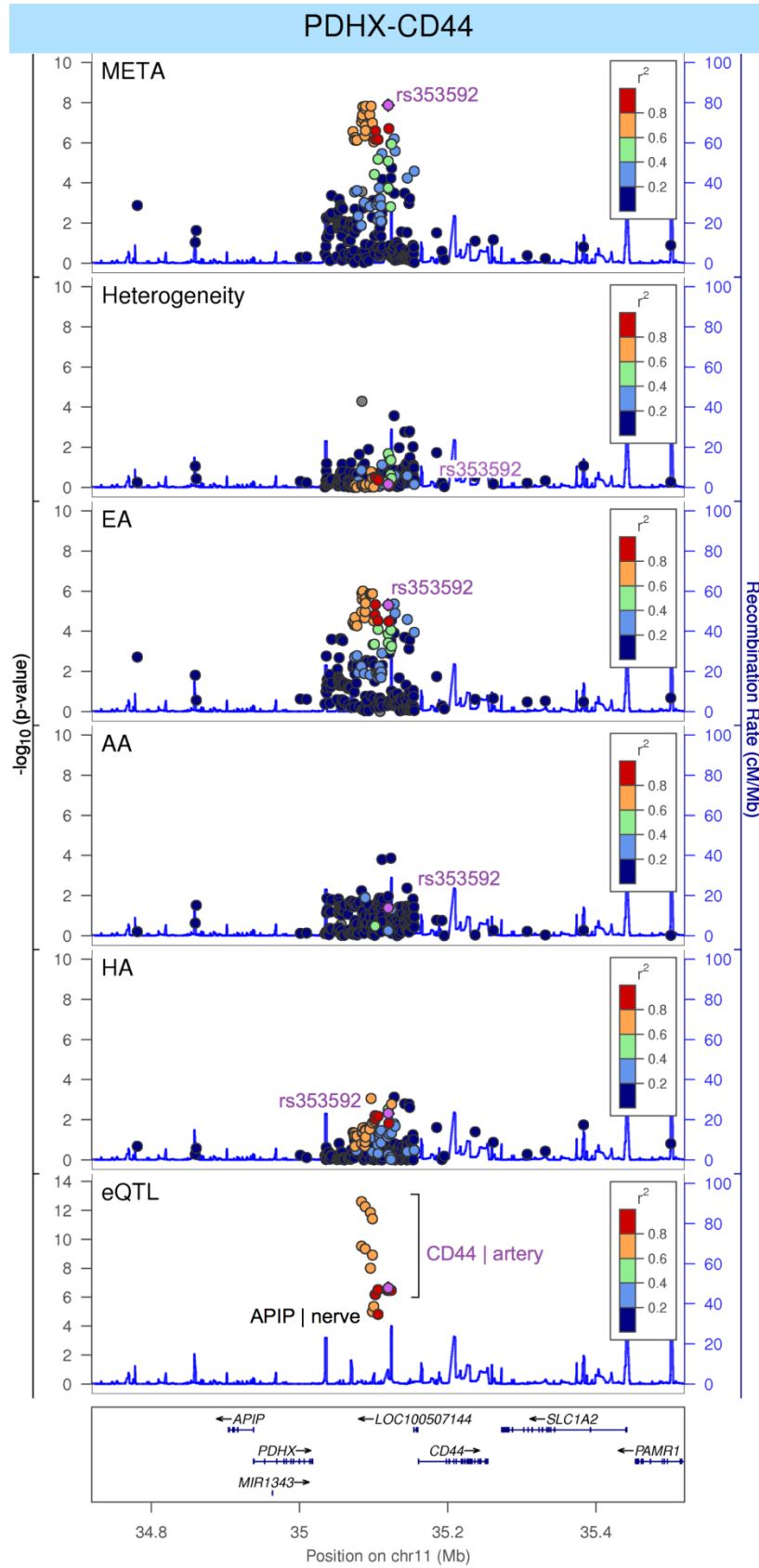
g. IRF5-TNPO3 (adjusted for rs350004115)

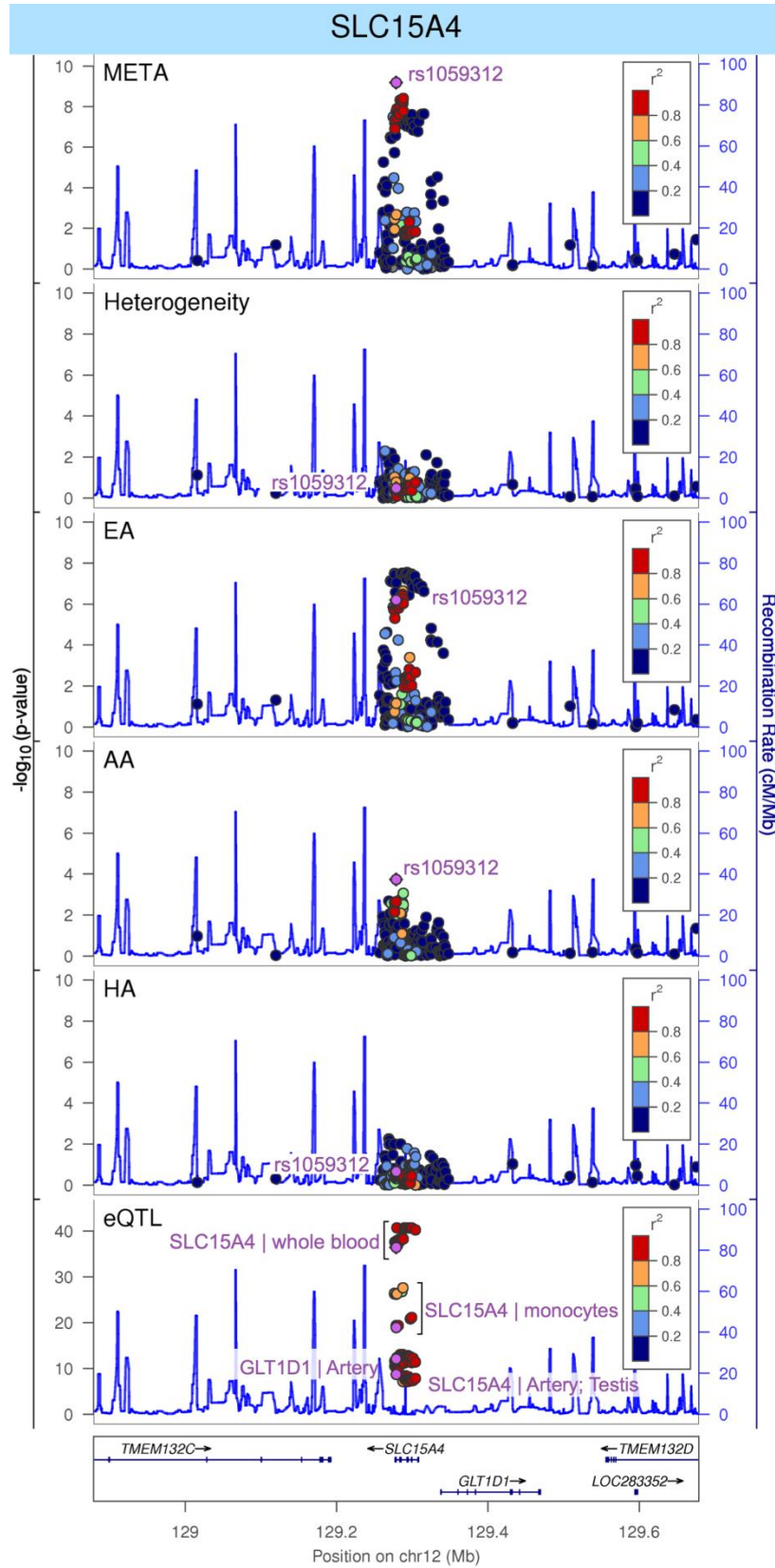


h. LYN-RPS20

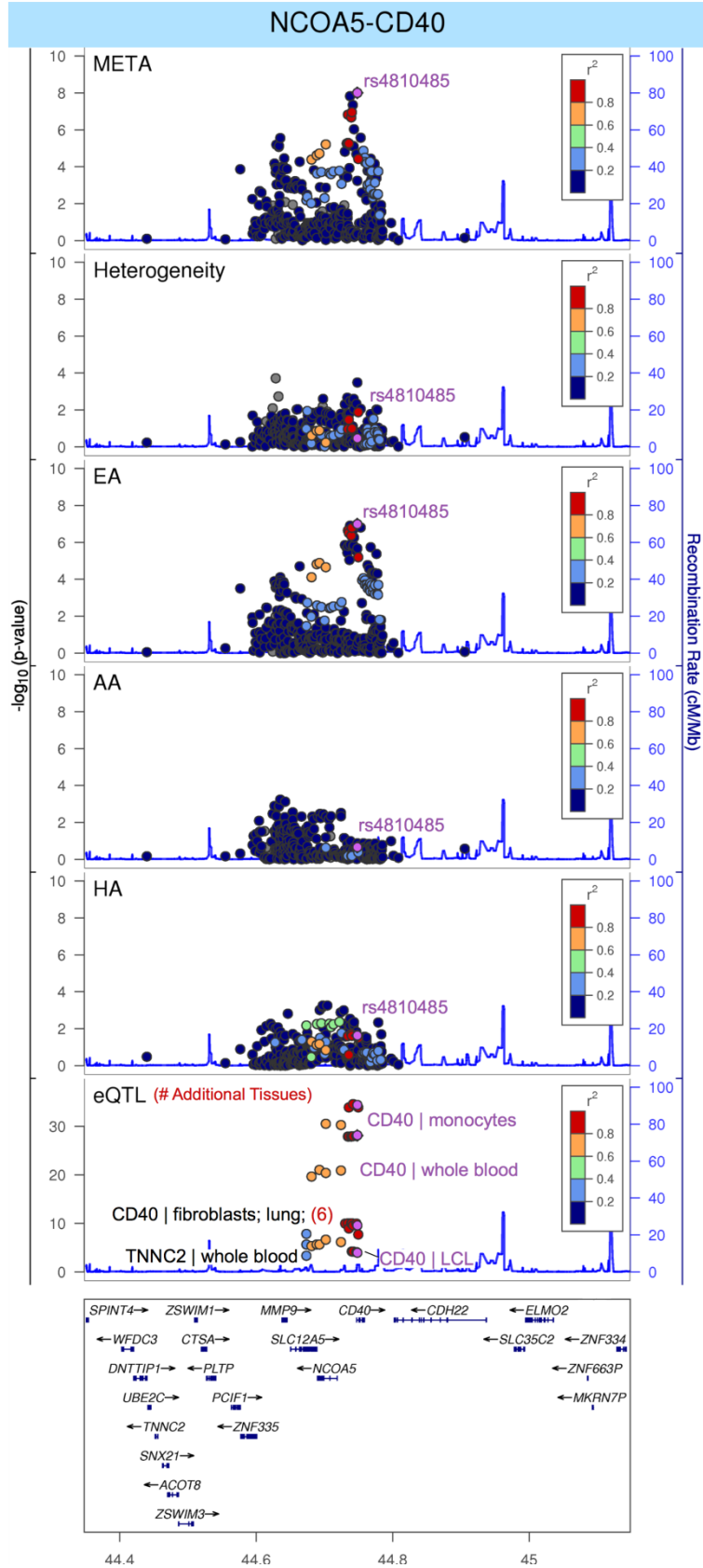


i. PDHX-CD44



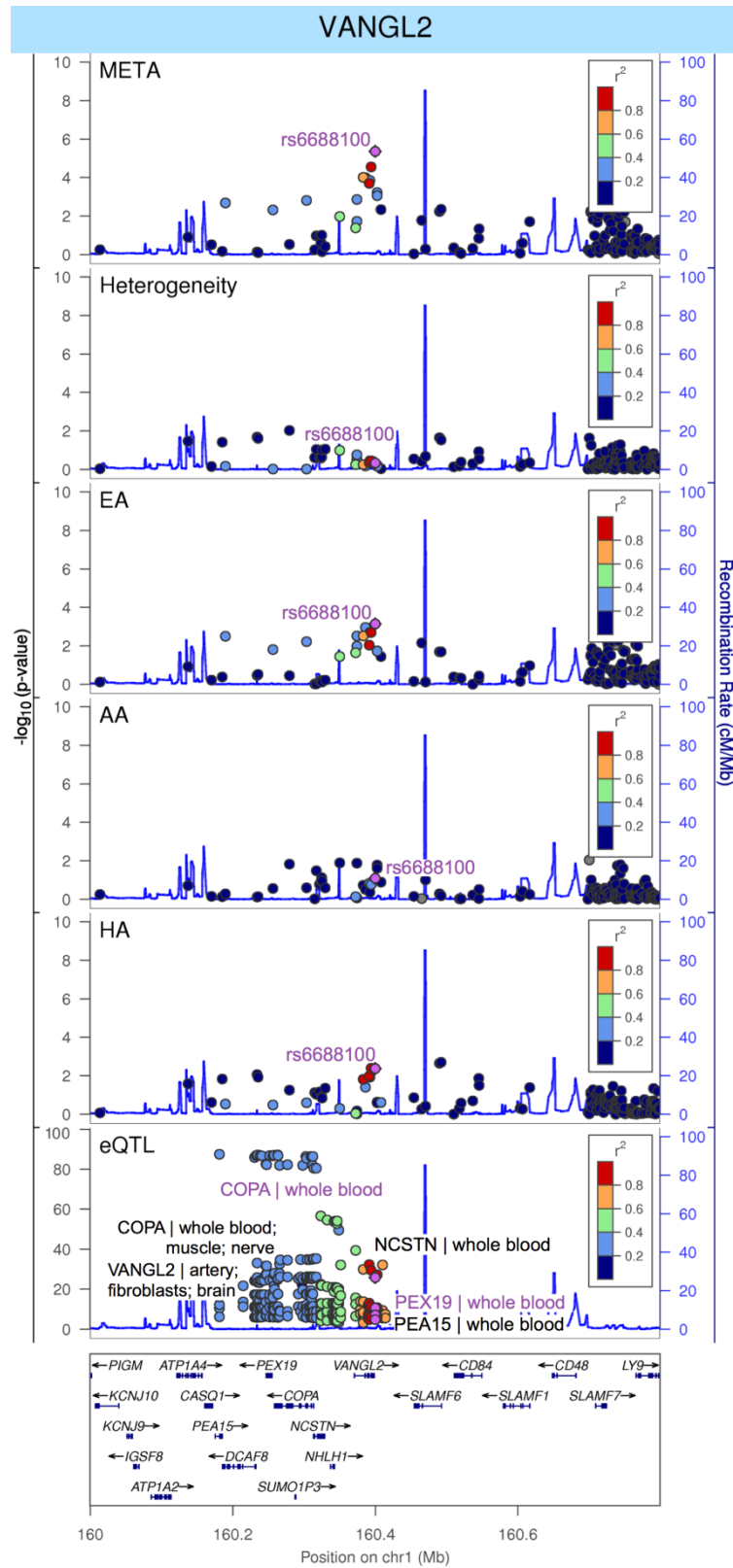


k. NCOA5-CD40

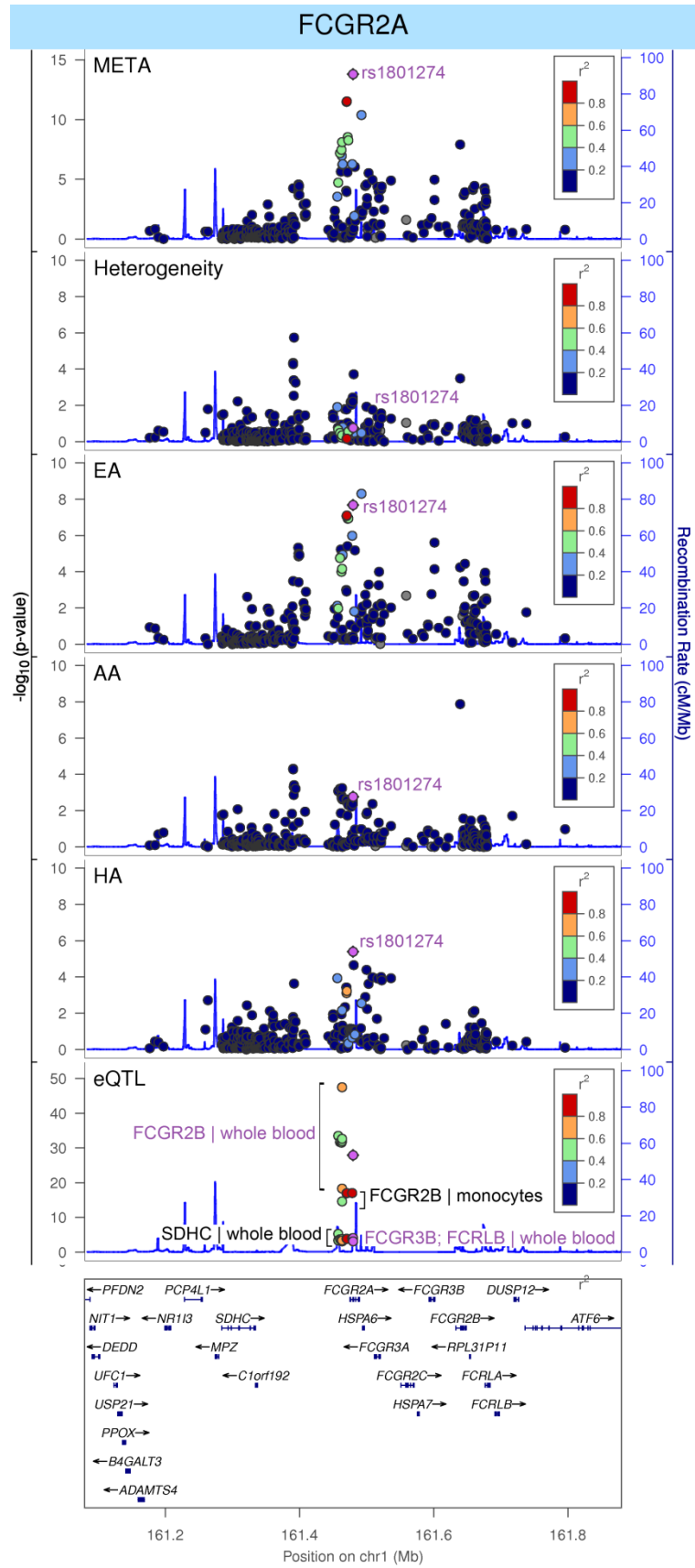


Supplementary Figure 16. Plots of additional meta-analysis regions noted for transancestral-mapping ($p\text{-value}_{\text{fdr}} < 0.001$). Plots appear in the order found in Supplementary Data 8. Individual plots were created using LocusZoom standalone software (<http://locuszoom.sph.umich.edu/>).

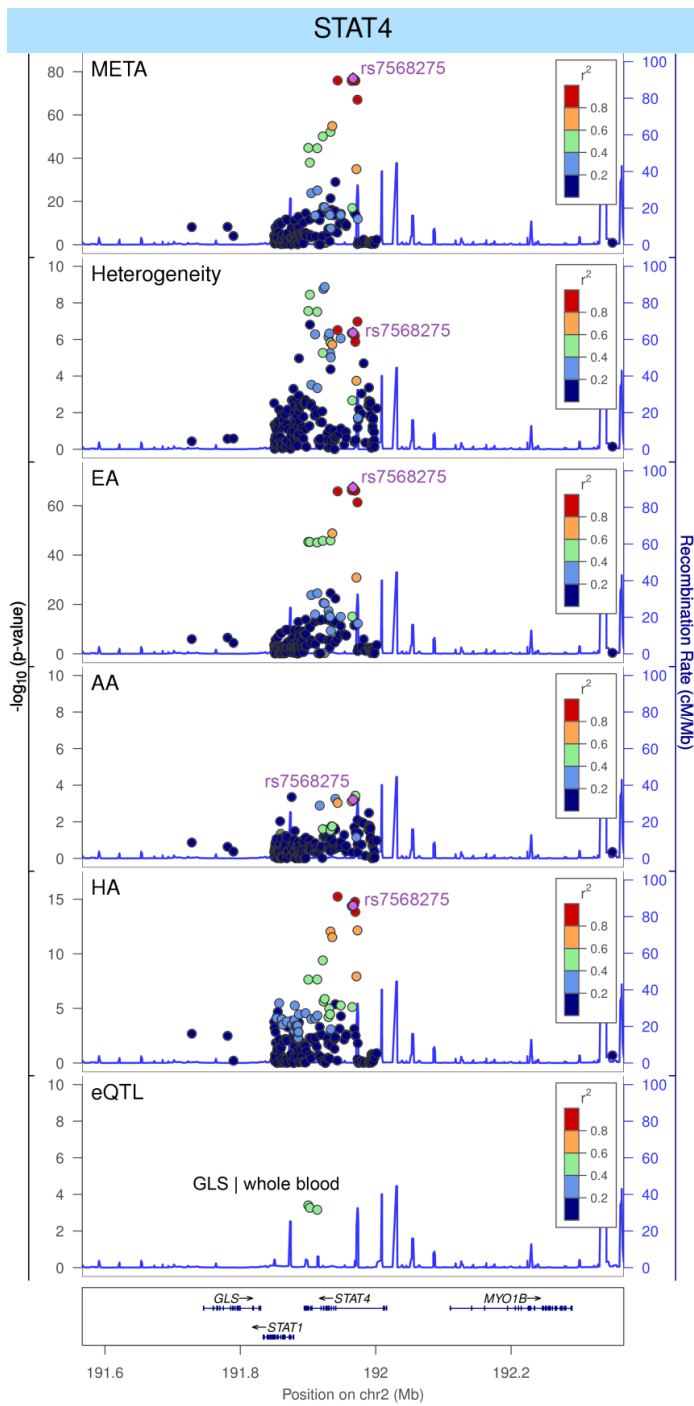
a. VANGL2



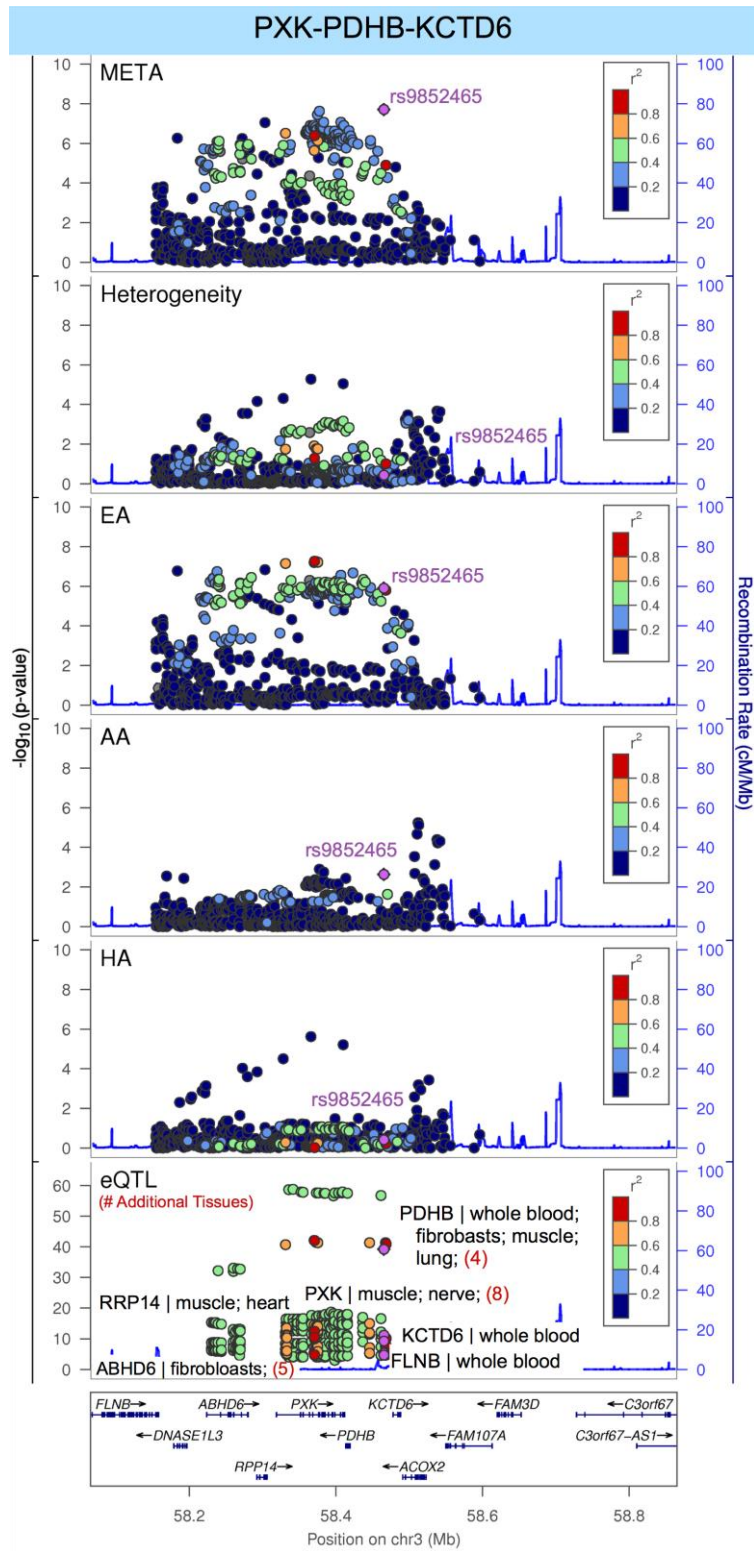
b. FCGR2A



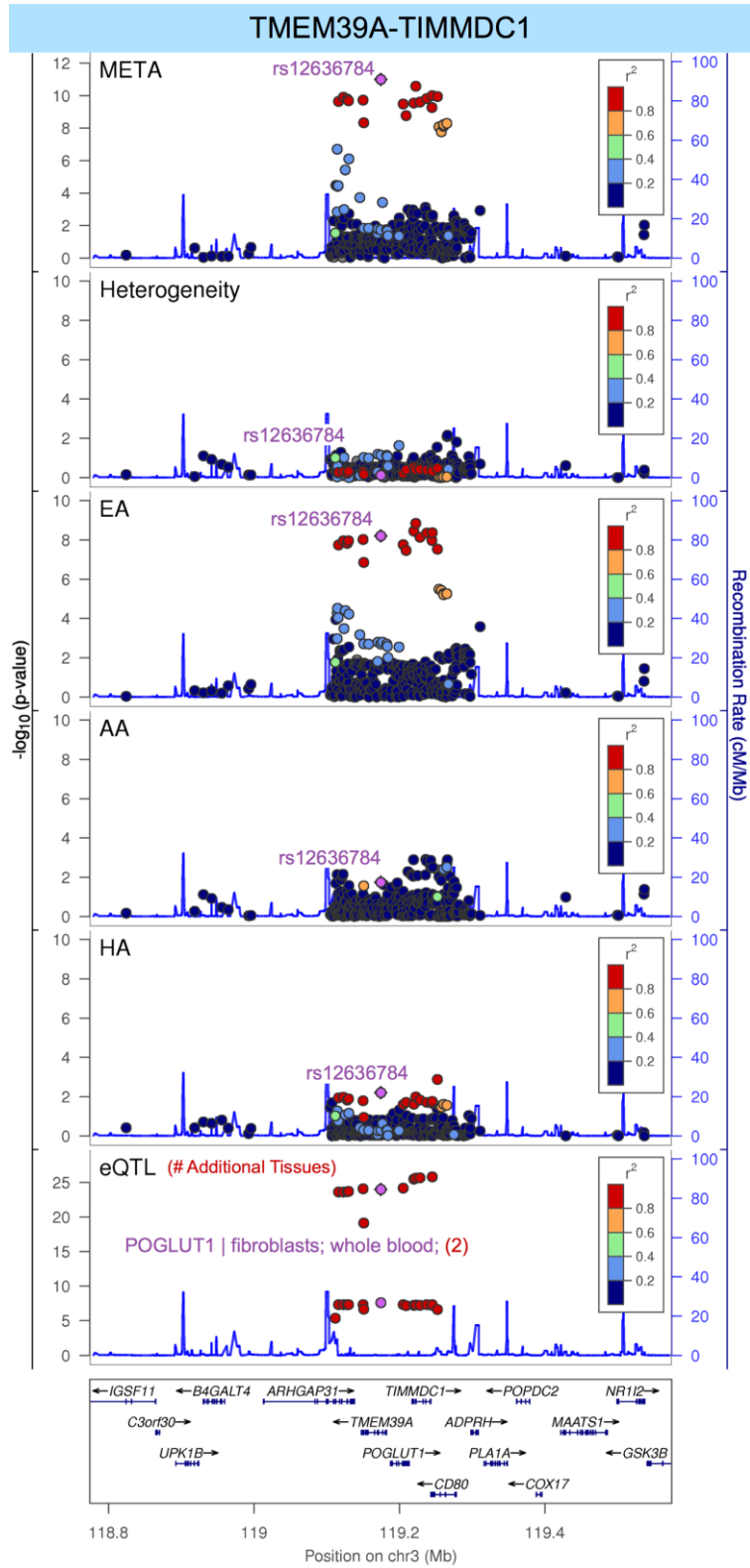
e. STAT4



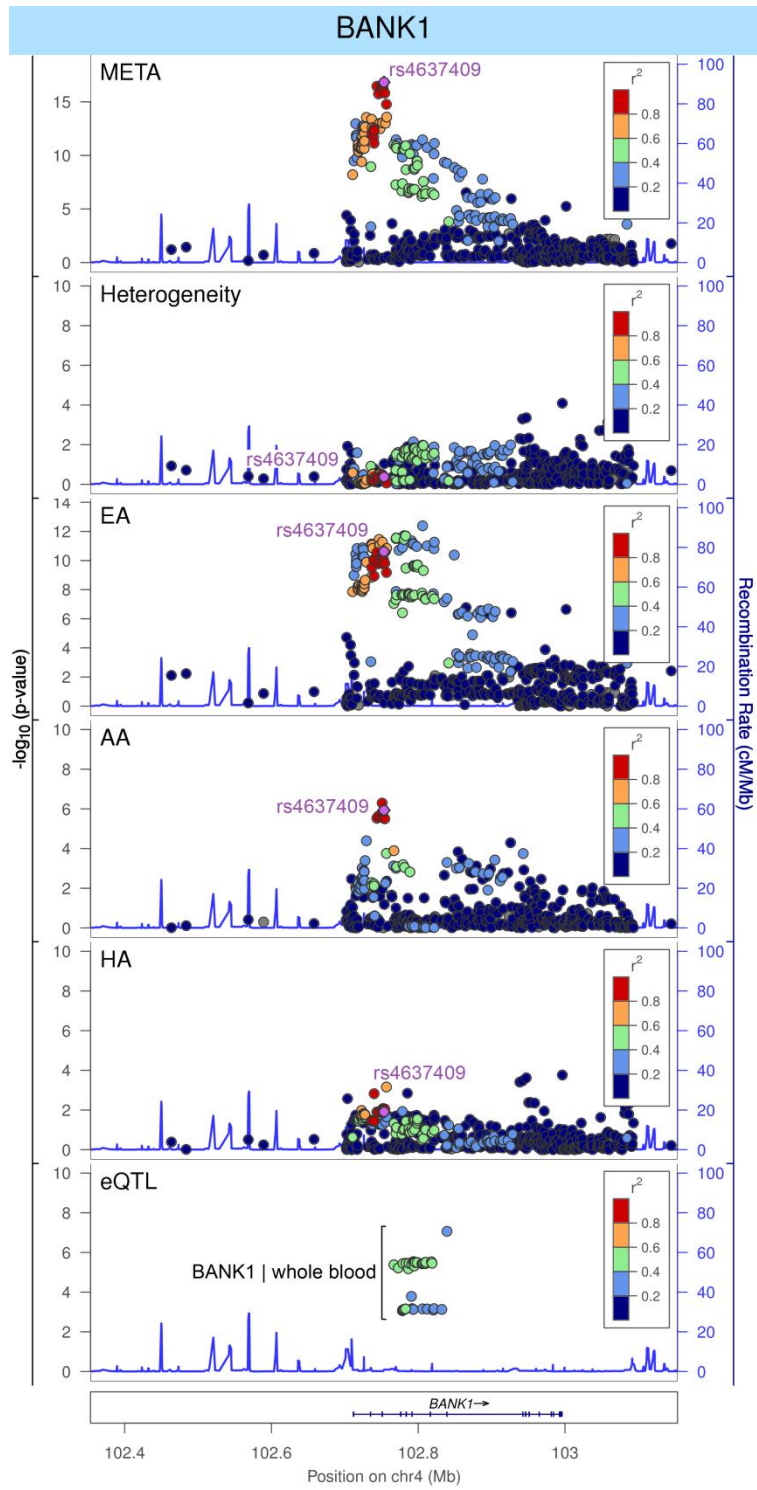
f. P XK-PDHB-KCTD6



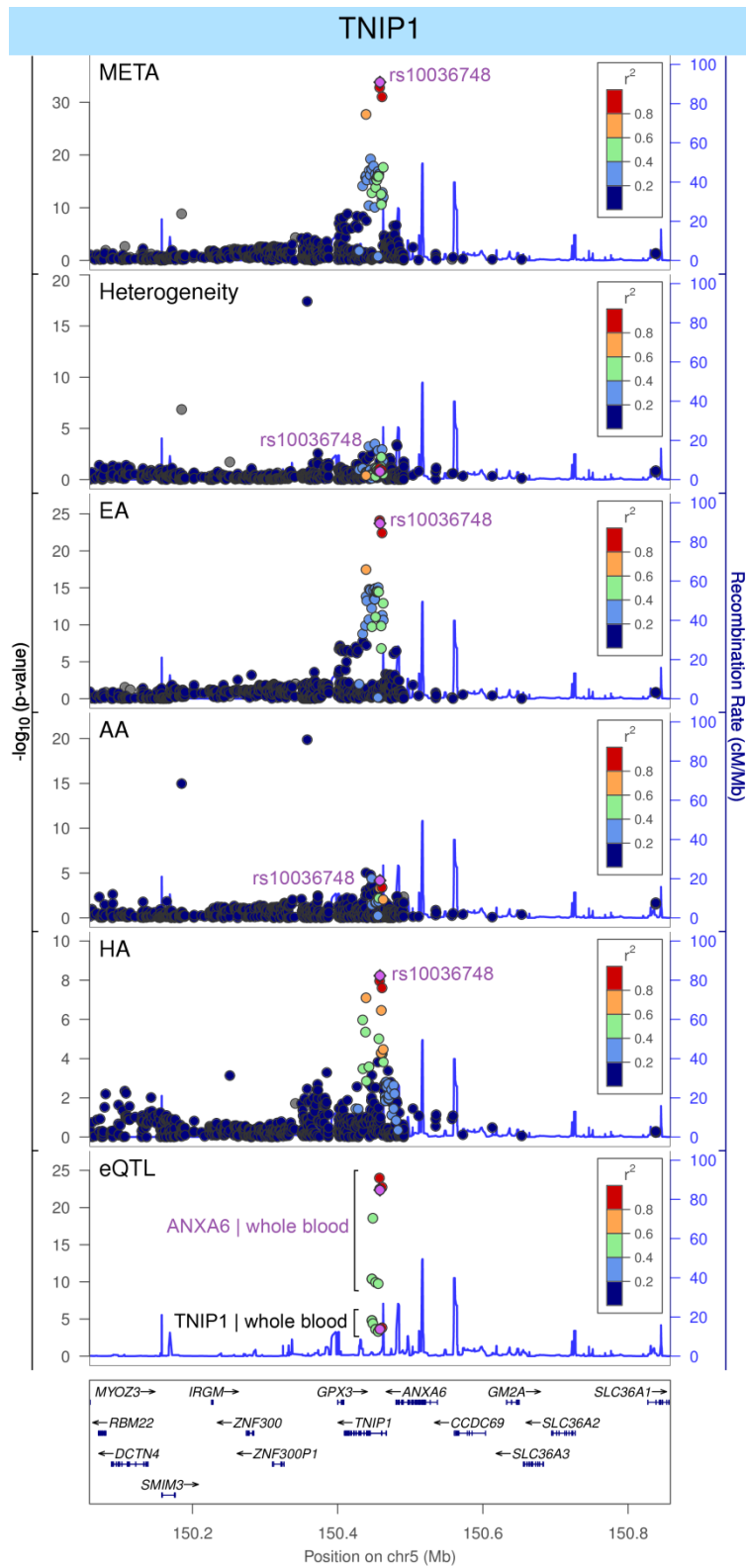
g. TMEM39A-TIMMDC1



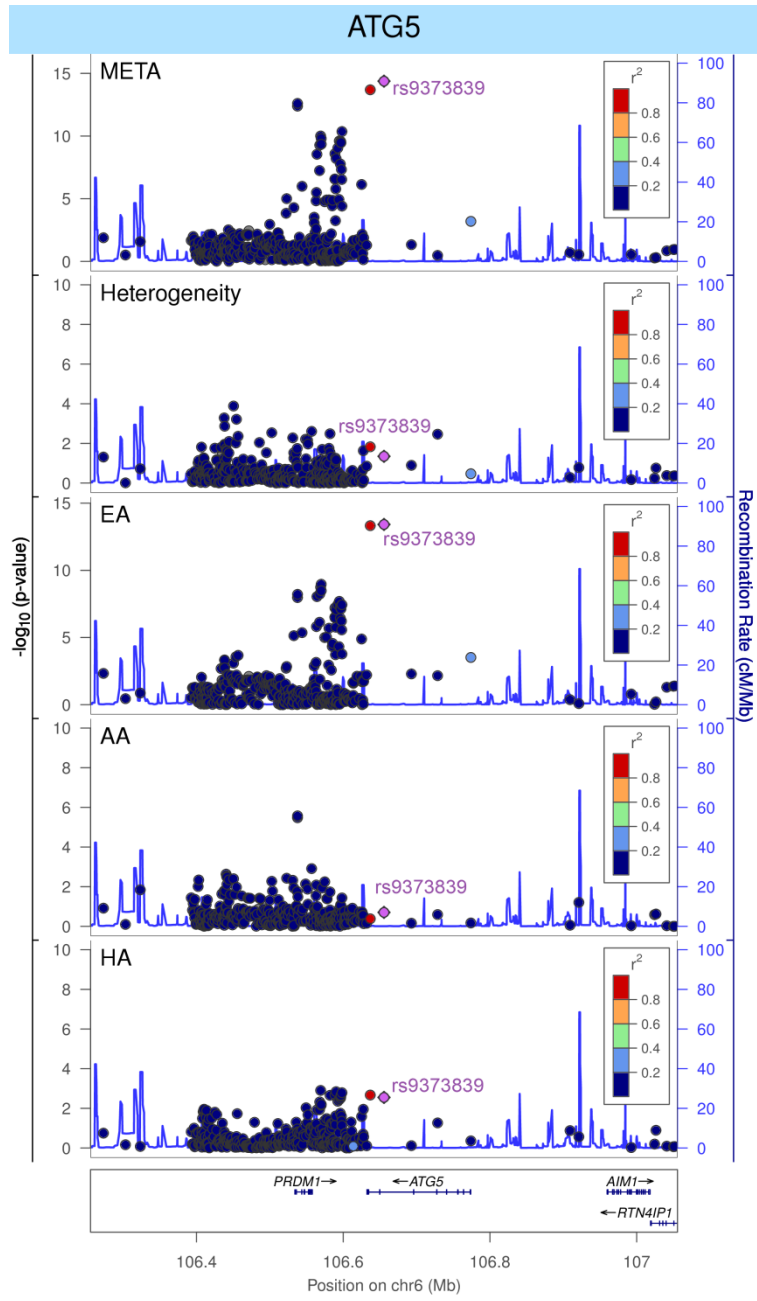
h. BANK1



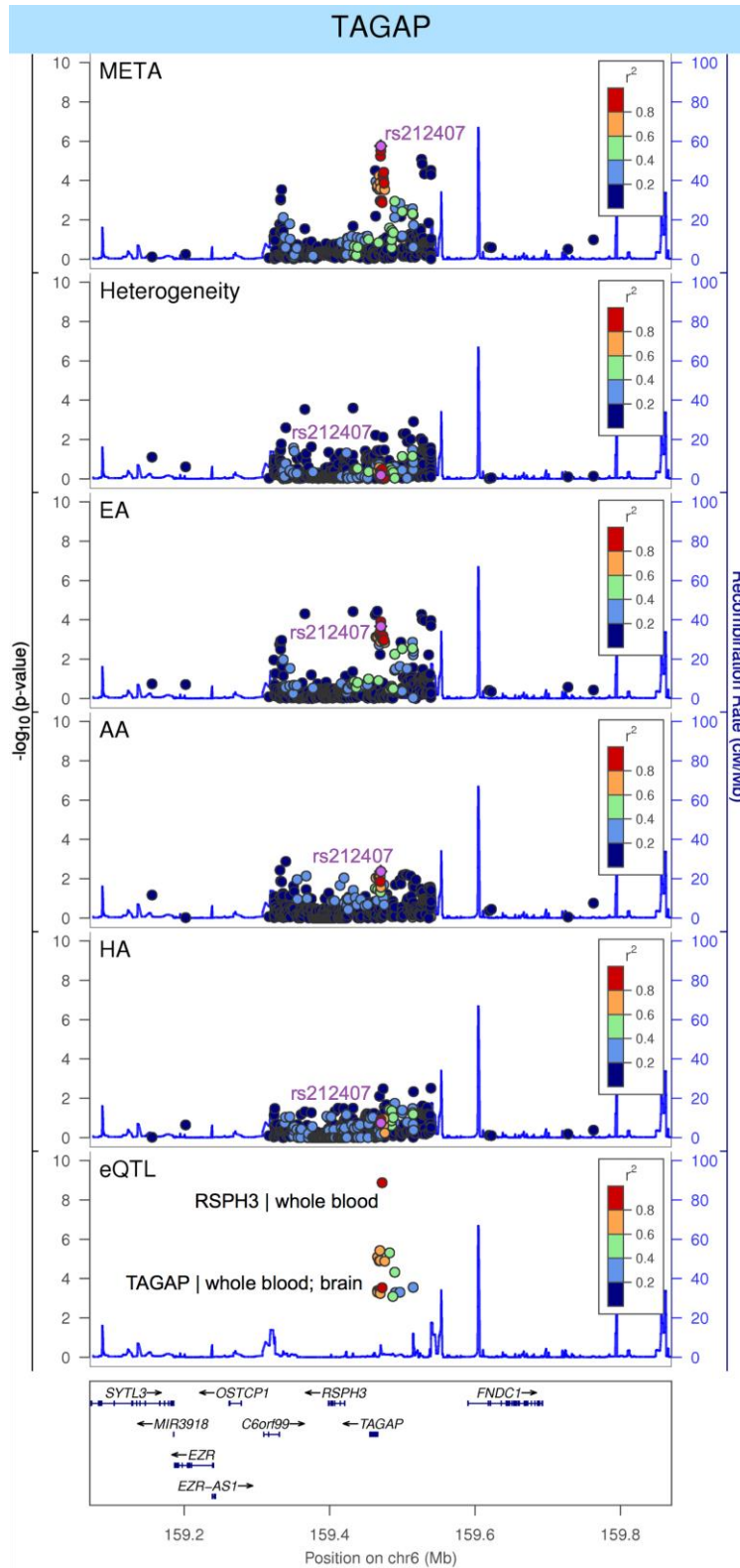
i. TNIP1



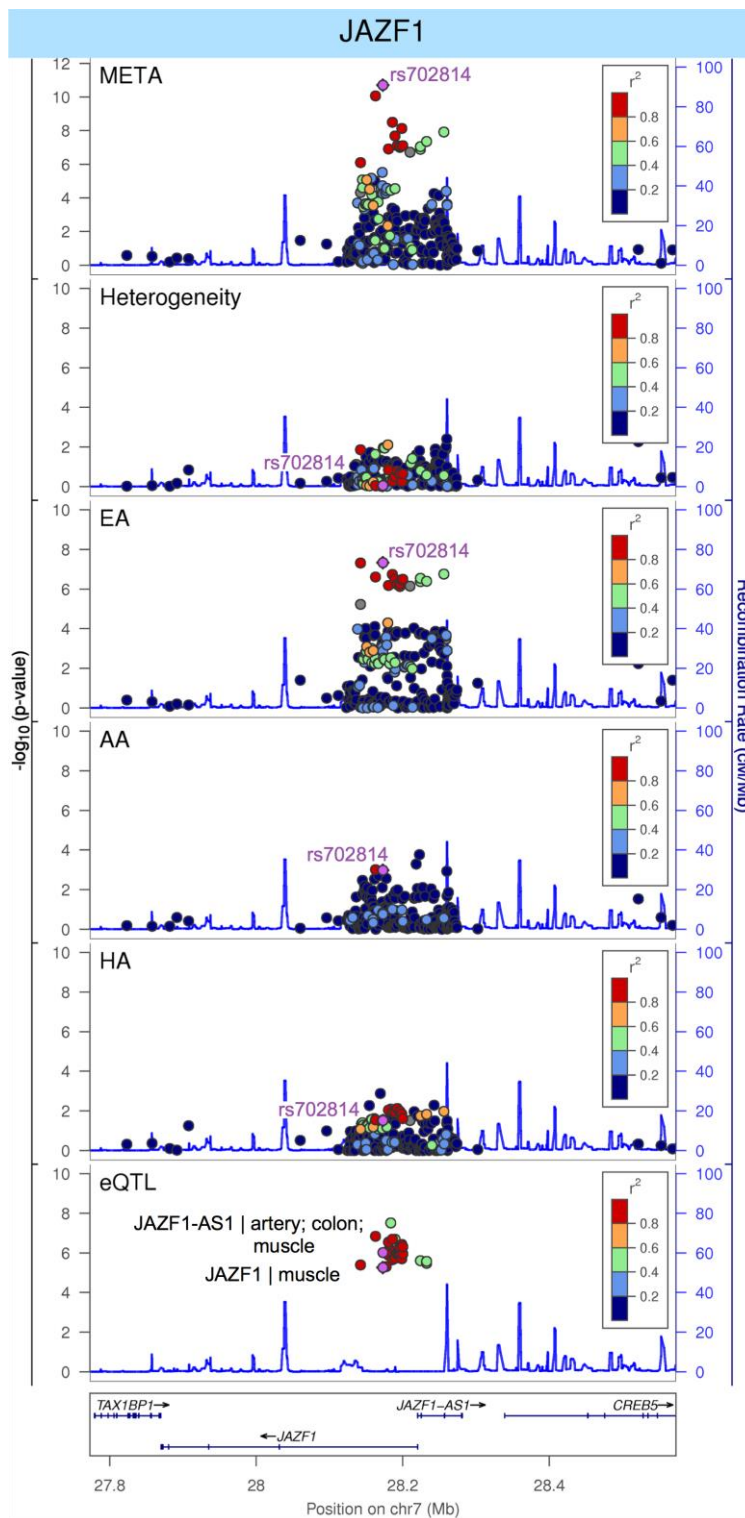
j. ATG5



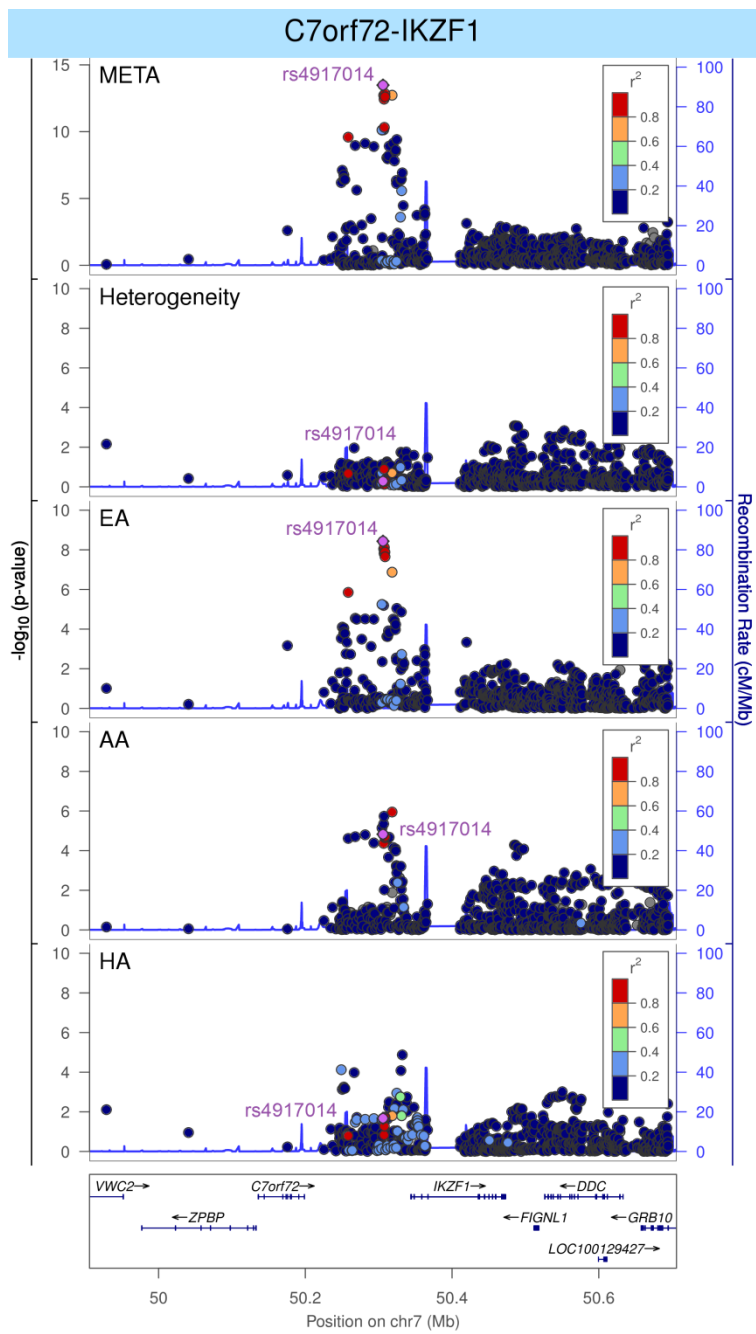
k. TAGAP



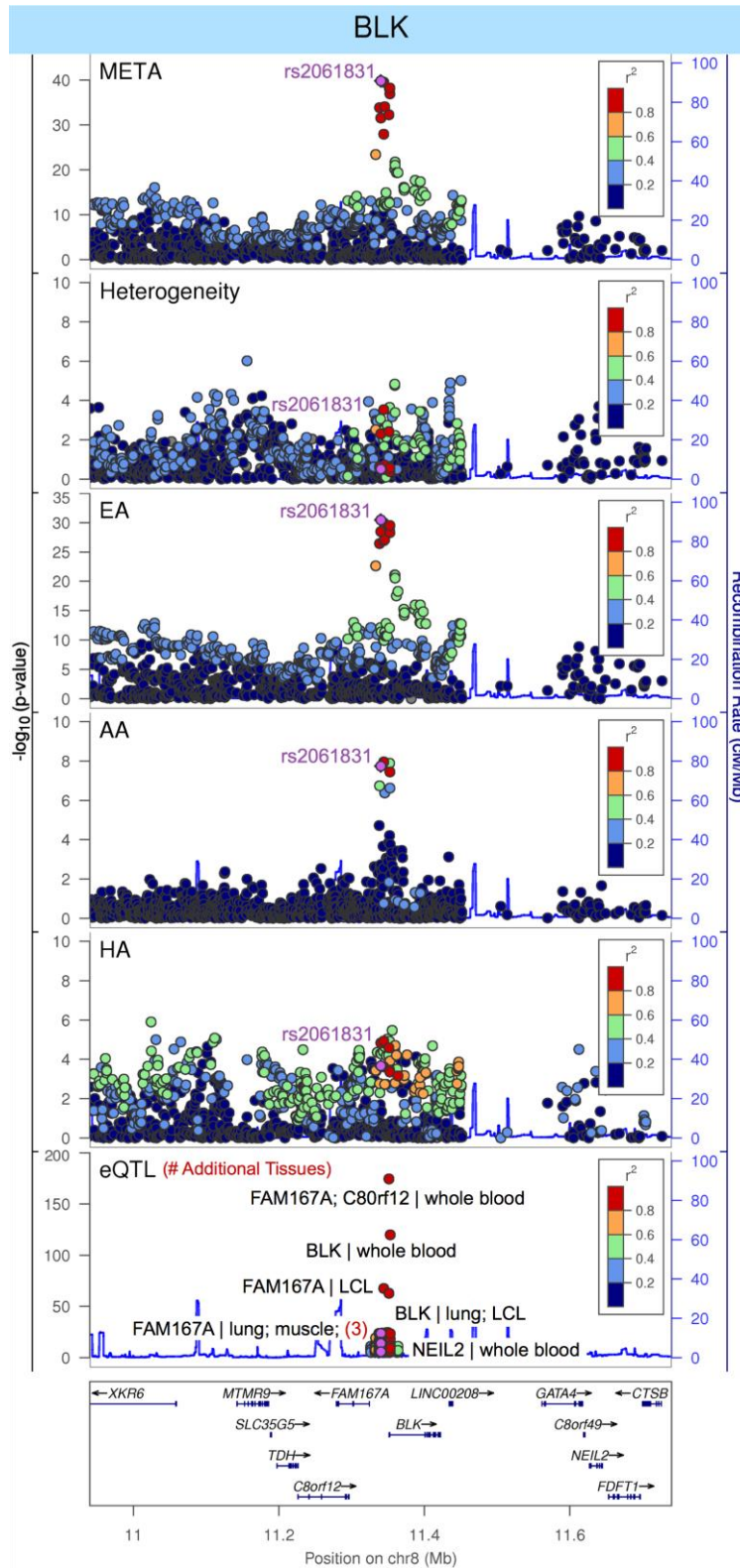
I. JAZF1



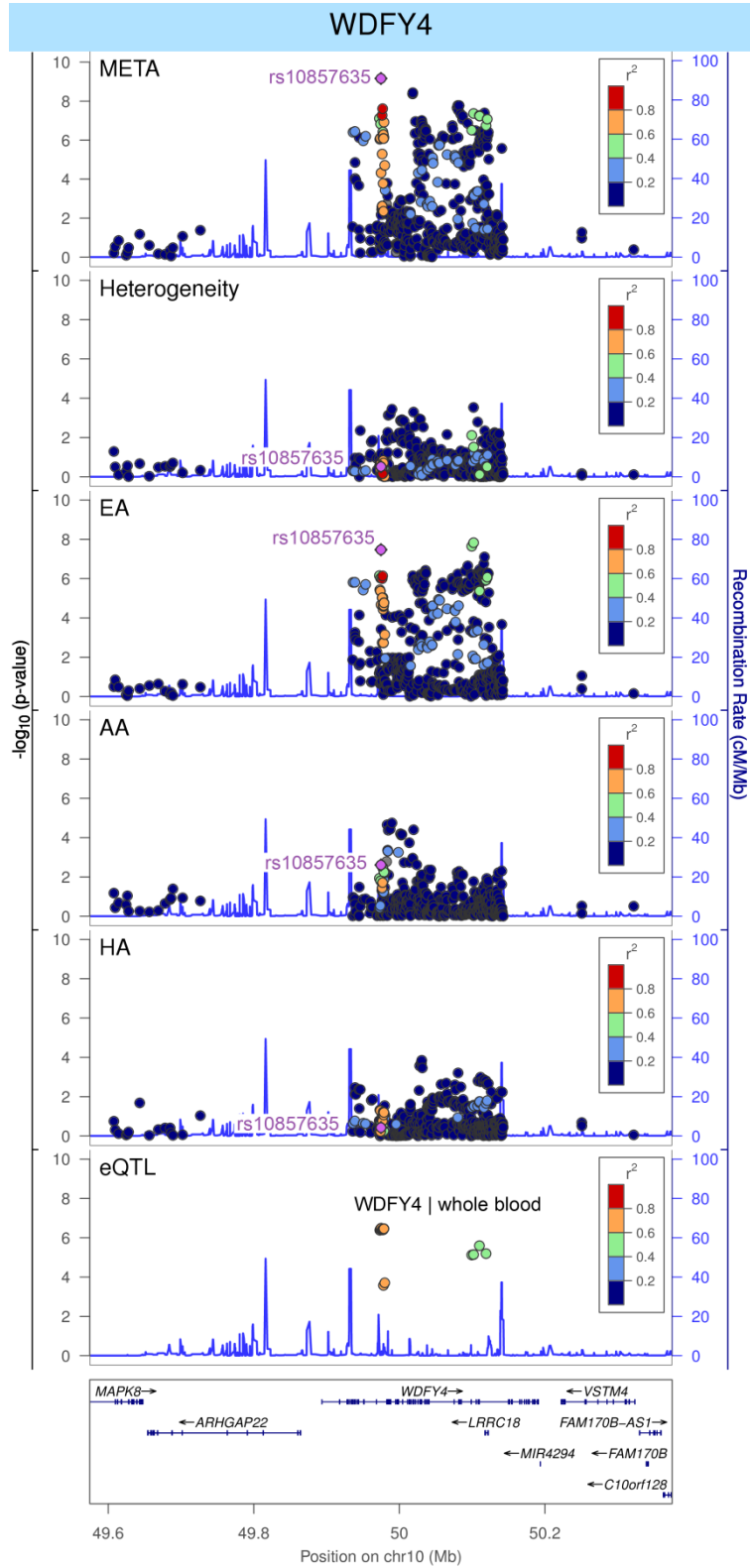
m. C7orf72-IKZF1



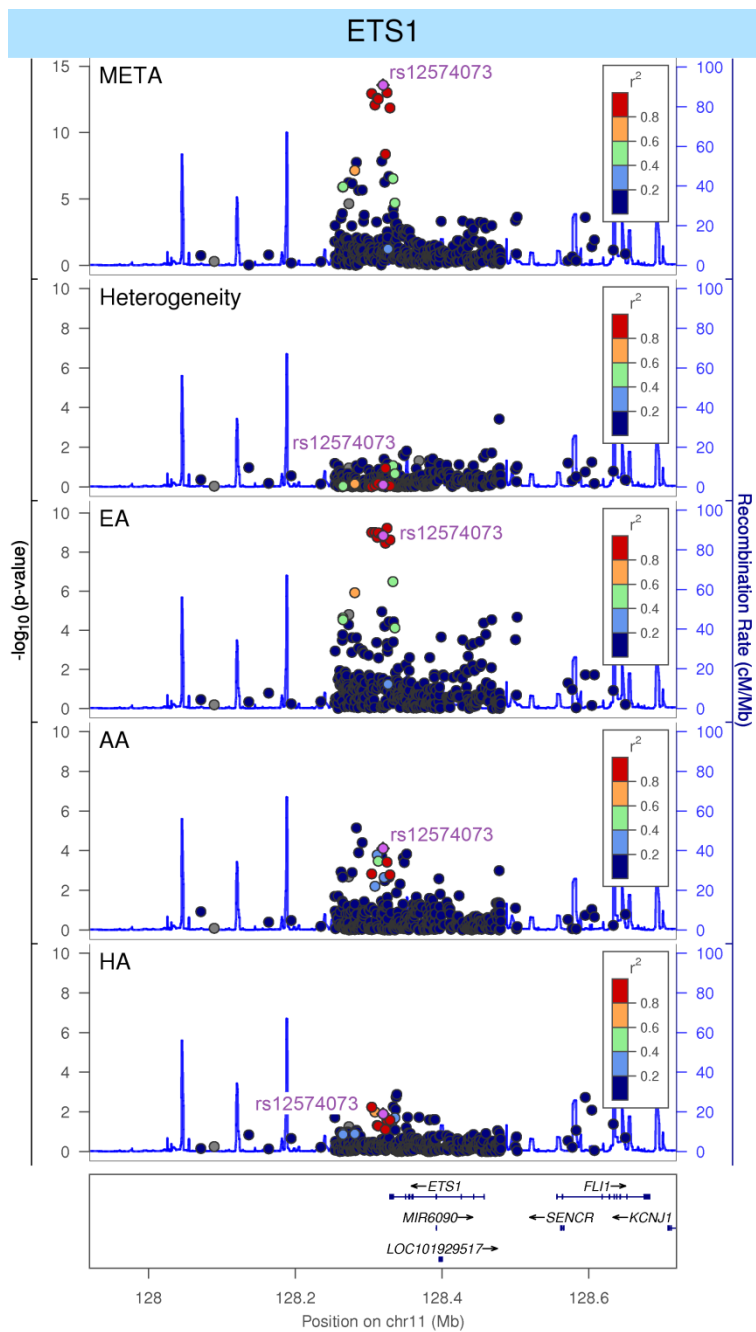
n. BLK



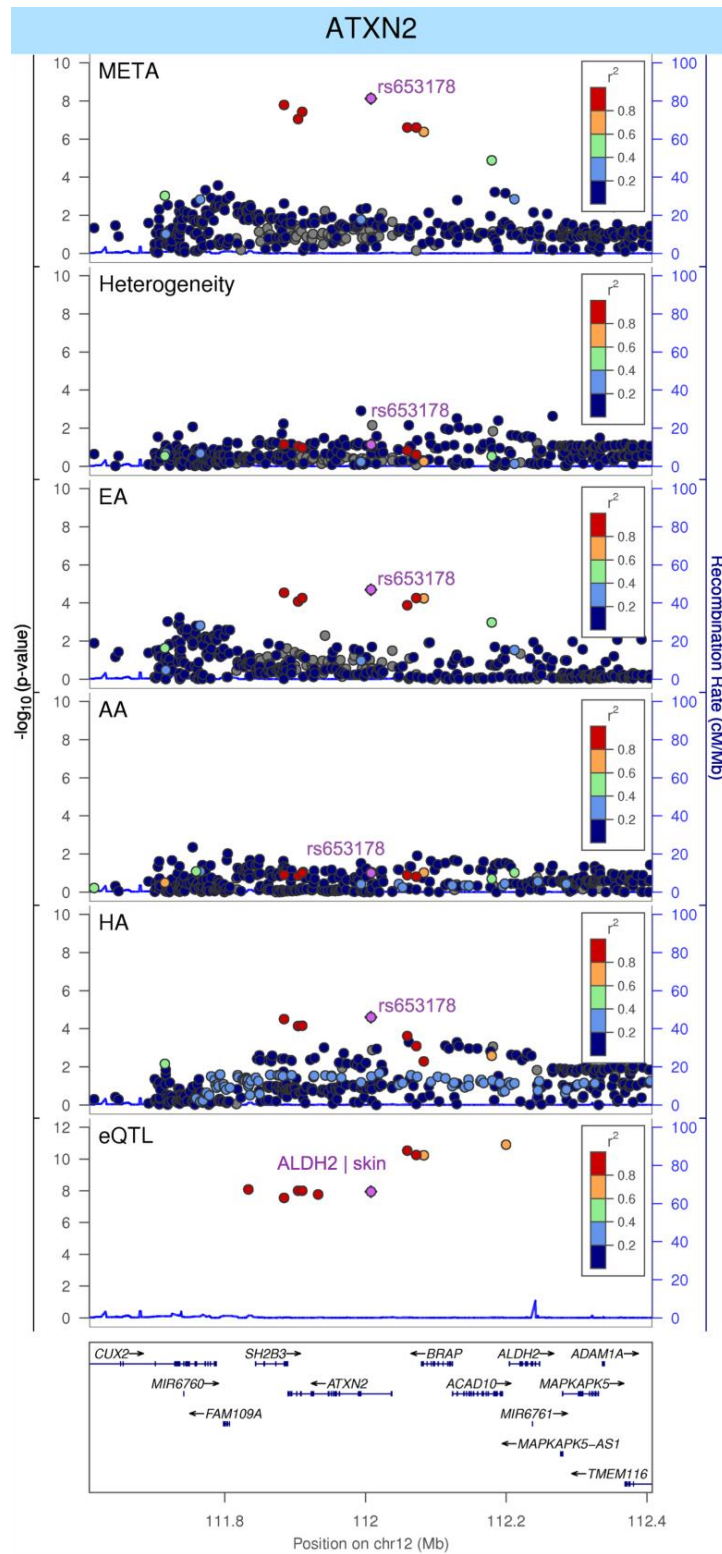
o. WDFY4



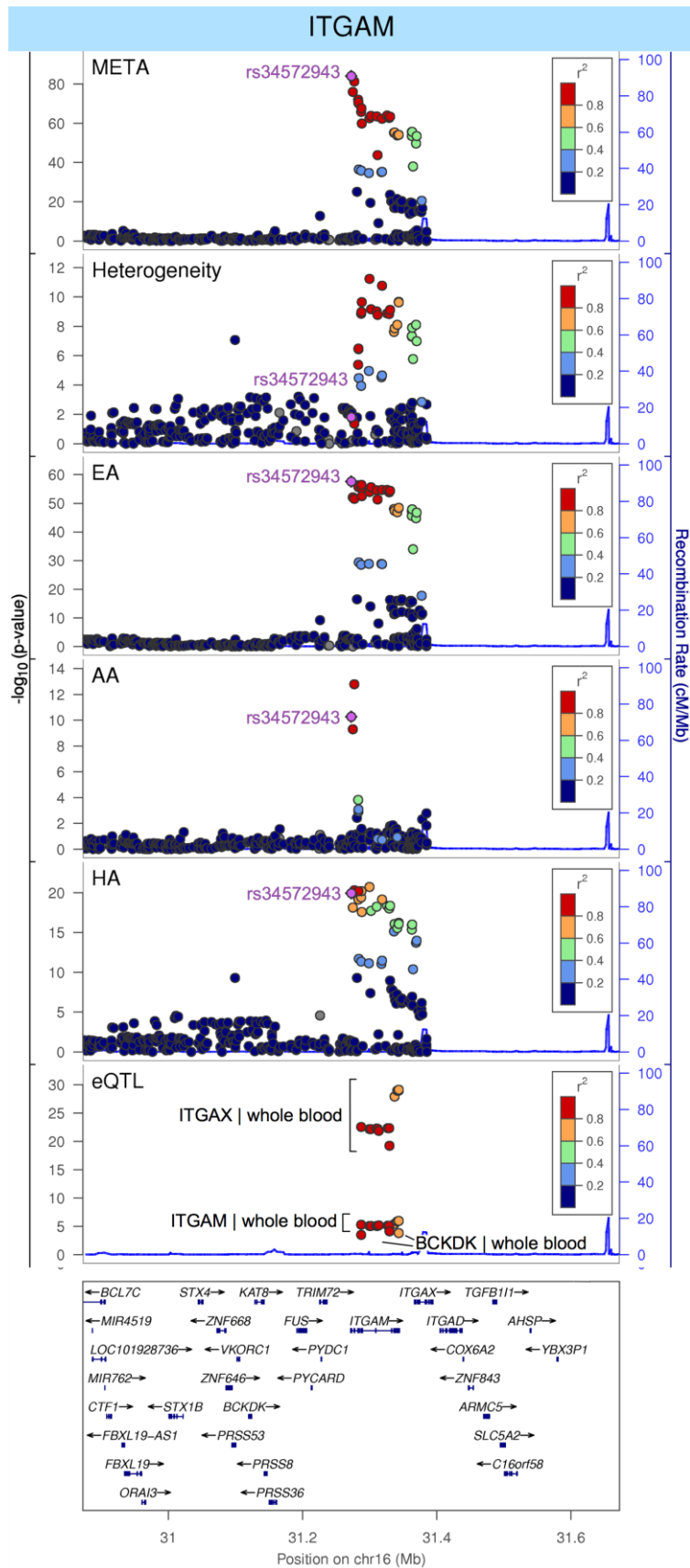
p. ETS1



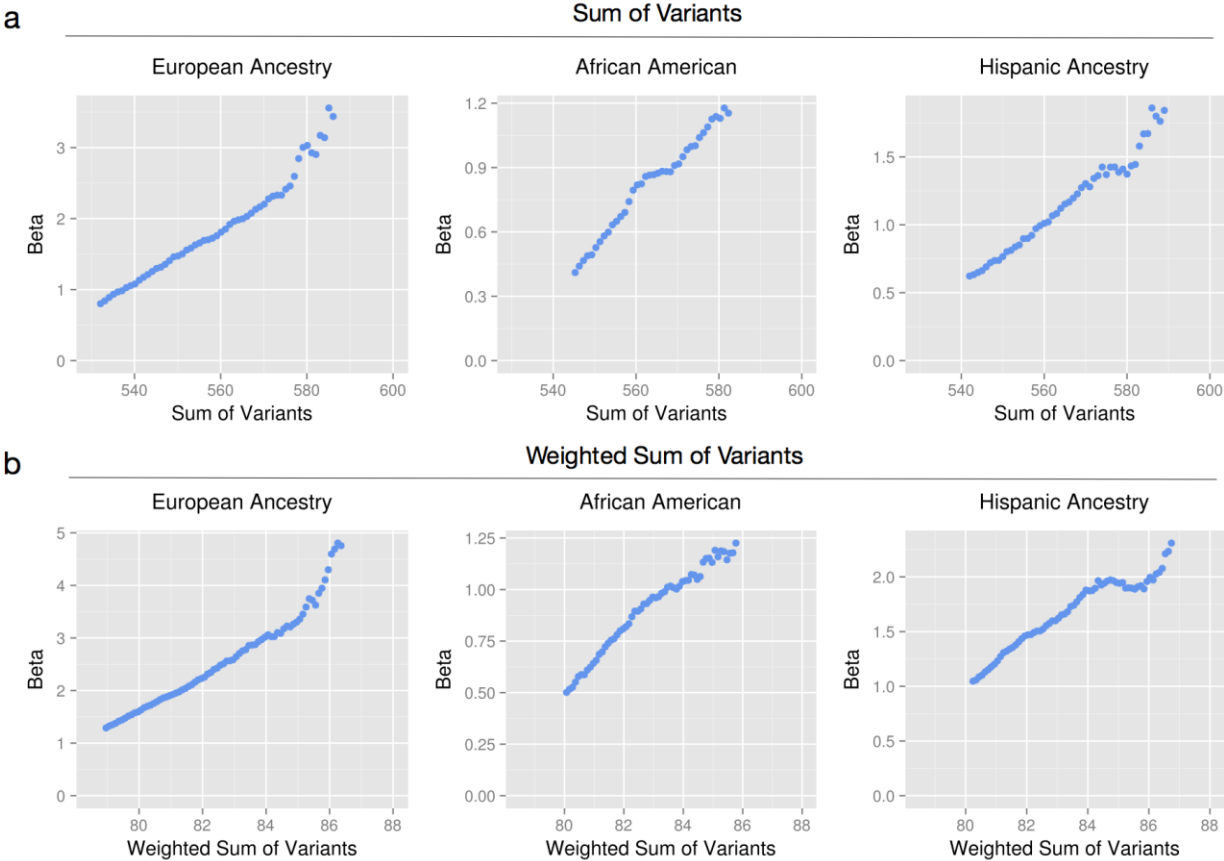
q. ATXN2



r. ITGAM



Supplementary Figure 17. The non-additive effect of EA risk-allele genetic load on SLE risk (beta values). Plots of the beta (natural logarithm of the odds ratio), instead of the odds ratios, as found in **Figure 5**.



Supplementary Figure 18. Kaplan-Meier curve for age at SLE diagnosis.

